

## 2016 NJCL Vocabulary Test

Part I: Select the best definition of the Latin word.

1. <b>porcus</b>	A. bear	B. ram	C. cow	D. hog
2. <b>cūr</b>	A. why	B. who	C. where	D. what
3. <b>laetus</b>	A. muddy	B. happy	C. pretty	D. skinny
4. <b>surgō</b>	A. look out	B. get up	C. ask for	D. lie down
5. <b>ante</b>	A. before	B. under	C. after	D. without
6. <b>ecce</b>	A. behold	B. hooray	C. ewww	D. alas
7. <b>arbor</b>	A. shield	B. building	C. tree	D. earth
8. <b>hodiē</b>	A. formerly	B. soon	C. currently	D. yesterday
9. <b>ita</b>	A. go	B. no	C. lo	D. so
10. <b>magnōpere</b>	A. lightly	B. elderly	C. worst	D. greatly
11. <b>iungō</b>	A. order	B. yoke	C. swear	D. strangle
12. <b>coniūrātiō</b>	A. plot	B. spouse	C. assembly	D. prophecy
13. <b>sordidus</b>	A. foolish	B. random	C. grimy	D. swollen
14. <b>rōdō</b>	A. scrape	B. swim	C. growl	D. gnaw
15. <b>pinna</b>	A. feather	B. tail	C. pine	D. ham
16. <b>fīō</b>	A. defy	B. become	C. trust	D. kill
17. <b>medeor</b>	A. lie	B. counsel	C. heal	D. fear
18. <b>colō</b>	A. arrange	B. drink	C. cook	D. worship
19. <b>pecus</b>	A. heart	B. sin	C. flock	D. kiss
20. <b>raeda</b>	A. coach	B. inn	C. injury	D. bench
21. <b>plāga</b>	A. bridge	B. forgery	C. welt	D. cloud
22. <b>viātor</b>	A. window	B. traveler	C. engineer	D. bridge
23. <b>lex</b>	A. word	B. judge	C. enemy	D. law
24. <b>nītor</b>	A. discover	B. shine	C. struggle	D. bind
25. <b>teres</b>	A. warm	B. brief	C. smooth	D. earthen
26. <b>mergō</b>	A. join	B. sink	C. border	D. appear
27. <b>quispiam</b>	A. anywhere	B. whoever	C. also	D. someone
28. <b>veru</b>	A. spit	B. skin	C. sap	D. spindle
29. <b>mel</b>	A. song	B. bee	C. darkness	D. honey
30. <b>rōta</b>	A. wheel	B. habit	C. path	D. ditch
31. <b>cārus</b>	A. wagon	B. dear	C. swift	D. racetrack
32. <b>nūper</b>	A. married	B. of late	C. agreement	D. in secret
33. <b>extemplō</b>	A. debris	B. immediately	C. without	D. rare
34. <b>item</b>	A. journey	B. twice	C. likewise	D. itself
35. <b>hīlum</b>	A. string	B. cheer	C. breath	D. trifle
36. <b>nequam</b>	A. vile	B. in vain	C. nowhere	D. neither
37. <b>fūlgō</b>	A. beard	B. gleam	C. laundry	D. soot
38. <b>liēn</b>	A. marrow	B. ankle	C. spleen	D. liver
39. <b>vīmen</b>	A. twig	B. life	C. energy	D. root
40. <b>cortīna</b>	A. kneecap	B. bark	C. javelin	D. tripod
41. <b>secus</b>	A. otherwise	B. twisted	C. split	D. next

42. <b>potius</b>	A. later	B. behind	C. again	D. rather
43. <b>feriō</b>	A. burn	B. strike	C. offer	D. celebrate
44. <b>gracilis</b>	A. divine	B. expensive	C. slender	D. thankful
45. <b>columba</b>	A. javelin	B. pigeon	C. tomb	D. nest
46. <b>prex</b>	A. whirlwind	B. curse	C. price	D. reward
47. <b>sīcārius</b>	A. potion	B. glove	C. sheath	D. assassin
48. <b>cicātrix</b>	A. scar	B. wasp	C. priestess	D. dancer
49. <b>olor</b>	A. smell	B. butter	C. vegetable	D. grief
50. <b>ūter</b>	A. urn	B. both	C. bag	D. use

**Part II: Select the Latin word that best translates the English word.**

51. kill	A. <b>interficiō</b>	B. <b>incipiō</b>	C. <b>invideō</b>	D. <b>intellegō</b>
52. wrong	A. <b>mās</b>	B. <b>iniūria</b>	C. <b>factiō</b>	D. <b>nepōs</b>
53. wet	A. <b>aequus</b>	B. <b>ūmidus</b>	C. <b>āmens</b>	D. <b>humilis</b>
54. prick	A. <b>pugiō</b>	B. <b>purgō</b>	C. <b>pergō</b>	D. <b>pungō</b>
55. up	A. <b>sursum</b>	B. <b>deorsum</b>	C. <b>rursum</b>	D. <b>prorsum</b>
56. gore	A. <b>cruor</b>	B. <b>crux</b>	C. <b>crūs</b>	D. <b>cremor</b>
57. well	A. <b>lētum</b>	B. <b>horreum</b>	C. <b>colus</b>	D. <b>puteus</b>
58. north	A. <b>oriens</b>	B. <b>auster</b>	C. <b>aquilō</b>	D. <b>occidens</b>
59. indeed	A. <b>quidem</b>	B. <b>istūc</b>	C. <b>utinam</b>	D. <b>eadem</b>
60. defendant	A. <b>procus</b>	B. <b>reus</b>	C. <b>lituus</b>	D. <b>tribunus</b>
61. witch	A. <b>lamia</b>	B. <b>sacerdōs</b>	C. <b>meretrix</b>	D. <b>noverca</b>
62. ax	A. <b>tussis</b>	B. <b>securis</b>	C. <b>rete</b>	D. <b>grus</b>
63. meet	A. <b>conveniō</b>	B. <b>concidō</b>	C. <b>collocō</b>	D. <b>corrigō</b>
64. skilled	A. <b>aptus</b>	B. <b>perōsus</b>	C. <b>scītus</b>	D. <b>explētus</b>
65. squabble	A. <b>ructus</b>	B. <b>rogus</b>	C. <b>rixa</b>	D. <b>rabiēs</b>
66. curly	A. <b>rufus</b>	B. <b>turpis</b>	C. <b>crispus</b>	D. <b>foedus</b>
67. two thirds	A. <b>triduum</b>	B. <b>dimidium</b>	C. <b>sēmis</b>	D. <b>bēs</b>
68. joint	A. <b>artus</b>	B. <b>corium</b>	C. <b>cunctus</b>	D. <b>arcus</b>
69. apathetic	A. <b>vehemens</b>	B. <b>edax</b>	C. <b>sōcors</b>	D. <b>blandus</b>
70. at least	A. <b>donec</b>	B. <b>saltem</b>	C. <b>tamen</b>	D. <b>nimum</b>
71. quick	A. <b>inermis</b>	B. <b>segnis</b>	C. <b>frugī</b>	D. <b>citō</b>
72. cut	A. <b>sequor</b>	B. <b>cēdo</b>	C. <b>cadō</b>	D. <b>secō</b>
73. penalty	A. <b>marītus</b>	B. <b>mulier</b>	C. <b>multa</b>	D. <b>marmor</b>
74. darling	A. <b>dēlictum</b>	B. <b>ocellus</b>	C. <b>scortum</b>	D. <b>cariēs</b>
75. sandy	A. <b>hispidus</b>	B. <b>hālans</b>	C. <b>hebes</b>	D. <b>harēnōsus</b>
76. until	A. <b>quoad</b>	B. <b>quōnam</b>	C. <b>quōvīs</b>	D. <b>quoque</b>
77. stop	A. <b>negō</b>	B. <b>dēsīnō</b>	C. <b>restō</b>	D. <b>exstīmō</b>
78. bard	A. <b>canor</b>	B. <b>scriba</b>	C. <b>vātēs</b>	D. <b>hirūdō</b>
79. walnut	A. <b>cicer</b>	B. <b>iuglans</b>	C. <b>amygdalum</b>	D. <b>brassica</b>
80. clay	A. <b>vitrum</b>	B. <b>pecten</b>	C. <b>argilla</b>	D. <b>testa</b>

**Part III: Choose the best synonym of (i.e., the word closest in meaning to) the Latin word.**

81. <b>virus</b>	A. <b>pelagus</b>	B. <b>messis</b>	C. <b>fel</b>	D. <b>ātrāmentum</b>
82. <b>līnum</b>	A. <b>restis</b>	B. <b>funus</b>	C. <b>caupōna</b>	D. <b>tēlum</b>
83. <b>pruina</b>	A. <b>lētum</b>	B. <b>ūva</b>	C. <b>gelu</b>	D. <b>herba</b>

84. <b>apud</b>	A. <b>penes</b>	B. <b>tenus</b>	C. <b>subter</b>	D. <b>ergā</b>
85. <b>erus</b>	A. <b>cygnus</b>	B. <b>pater</b>	C. <b>verna</b>	D. <b>famulus</b>
86. <b>tumulus</b>	A. <b>bustum</b>	B. <b>hypocaustum</b>	C. <b>cisterna</b>	D. <b>fornix</b>
87. <b>aveō</b>	A. <b>gignō</b>	B. <b>pereō</b>	C. <b>cupiō</b>	D. <b>invideō</b>
88. <b>vultus</b>	A. <b>ōs</b>	B. <b>cetus</b>	C. <b>avis</b>	D. <b>genus</b>
89. <b>possum</b>	A. <b>cieō</b>	B. <b>queō</b>	C. <b>potō</b>	D. <b>desum</b>
90. <b>absque</b>	A. <b>demum</b>	B. <b>sine</b>	C. <b>anteā</b>	D. <b>intereā</b>

**Part IV: Choose the best answer to each question.**

91. What 3rd principal part means "I placed"?
- A. **potuī**                      B. **pepulī**                      C. **posuī**                      D. **pandī**
92. What 3rd principal part means "I lived"?
- A. **vītāvī**                      B. **vīcī**                      C. **vixī**                      D. **vetuī**
93. What 3rd principal part means means "I know"?
- A. **cōgitāvī**                      B. **coēgī**                      C. **nāvī**                      D. **nōvī**
94. Which of the following verbs means "to snarl"?
- A. **luctor**                      B. **ringor**                      C. **stertō**                      D. **serpō**
95. Which of the following is least like the others?
- A. **scrōfa**                      B. **verrēs**                      C. **ēricius**                      D. **aper**
96. Which of the following is NOT edible?
- A. **furfur**                      B. **puls**                      C. **bōlētus**                      D. **cōs**
97. Which of the following is NOT able to fly?
- A. **passer**                      B. **pūmiliō**                      C. **psittacus**                      D. **pāpiliō**
98. Which of the following does NOT refer to a sound?
- A. **tuxtax**                      B. **ululō**                      C. **hinniō**                      D. **glaber**
99. What word does Ovid use to describe the cows who were rivals of Pasiphaë for the love of a bull?
- A. **paelex**                      B. **sospes**                      C. **laeter**                      D. **vidua**
100. What word is used as an exclamation of congratulations?
- A. **vae**                      B. **macte**                      C. **heu**                      D. **apage**