

## Area F 2014 Latin Literature Test

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**Questions 1-20: Identify the author of each work.**

1. *Metamorphoses*

A. Vergil                      B. Ovid                      C. Lucretius                      D. Seneca the Elder

2. *Philippicae*

A. Cicero                      B. Livy                      C. Cato the Younger                      D. Horace

3. *Aeneid*

A. Catullus                      B. Pacuvius                      C. Statius                      D. Vergil

4. *Origines*

A. Cato the Elder                      B. Ennius                      C. Cornelius Nepos                      D. Fabius Pictor

5. *Clastidium*

A. Livius Andronicus                      B. Lucilius                      C. Naevius                      D. Accius

6. *Germania*

A. Livy                      B. Sallust                      C. Suetonius                      D. Tacitus

7. *Bucolics*

A. Horace                      B. Vergil                      C. Cicero                      D. Catullus

8. *De Rerum Natura*

A. Varius Rufus                      B. Varro                      C. Propertius                      D. Lucretius

9. *Eunuchus*

A. Terence                      B. Lucius Afranius                      C. Caecilius Statius                      D. Plautus

10. *Pharsalia*

A. Suetonius                      B. Lucan                      C. Pompeius Trogus                      D. Caesar

11. *De Architectura*

A. Vitruvius                      B. Porcius Latro                      C. Columella                      D. Verrius Flacus

12. *Naturalis Historiae*

A. Pomponius Mela                      B. Silius Italicus                      C. Pliny the Elder                      D. Curtius Rufus

13. *Cynegetica*

A. Marcus Manilius                      B. Grattius Faliscus                      C. Annius Florus                      D. Valerius Probus

14. *Saturnalia*

A. Macrobius                      B. Symmachus                      C. Orosius                      D. Minucius Felix

15. *De Analogia*

A. Valerius Cato                      B. Aelius Donatus                      C. Caesar                      D. Varro

16. *Apologia*

A. Cicero                      B. Aulus Gellius                      C. Fronto                      D. Apuleius

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17. *Sota*

- A. Ennius                      B. Cato the Elder              C. Naevius                      D. Lucilius

18. *Hercules Furens*

- A. Pacuvius                      B. Petronius                      C. Accius                      D. Seneca the Younger

19. *Adversus Nationes*

- A. Ambrose                      B. Prudentius                      C. Augustine                      D. Arnobius

20. *Libri Didiscalicon*

- A. Varro                      B. Ovid                      C. Accius                      D. Tacitus

**Questions 20-25: Identify the literary genre that is most associated with each author.**

21. Martial

- A. epigrams                      B. rhetoric                      C. history                      D. satire

22. Plautus

- A. grammar                      B. epic poetry                      C. tragedy                      D. comedy

23. Tibullus

- A. satire                      B. lyric poetry                      C. love elegy                      D. biography

24. Ammianus Marcellinus

- A. tragedy                      B. geography                      C. history                      D. philosophy

25. Valerius Maximus

- A. epic poetry                      B. grammar                      C. jurisprudence                      D. rhetoric

**Questions 26-30: Identify the author of each quotation.**

26. "*Alea iacta est*"

- A. Caesar                      B. Sallust                      C. Lucan                      D. Pliny the Younger

27. "*O Tite tute Tati tibi tanta tyranne tulisti*"

- A. Livius Andronicus      B. Ennius                      C. Terence                      D. Pacuvius

28. "*Oderint dum metuant*"

- A. Tacitus                      B. Lucretius                      C. Accius                      D. Lucilius

29. "*Malum consilium quod mutari non potest*"

- A. Laberius                      B. Ovid                      C. Publilius Syrus                      D. Cicero

30. "*mens sana in corpore sano*"

- A. Juvenal                      B. Persius                      C. Suetonius                      D. Livy

**Questions 31-50: Choose the best answer.**

31. Which Roman emperor had a bibliographic account of his life inscribed on his tomb?

- A. Nero                      B. Augustus                      C. Tiberius                      D. Marcus Aurelius

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32. Who was the main subject of the poet Propertius' elegies?  
A. Cynthia                      B. Delia                      C. Lesbia                      D. Corinna
33. Which author loved Lycoris and was made the prefect of Egypt by Augustus, only to commit suicide in 26 BC?  
A. Catullus                      B. Tibullus                      C. Cornelius Gallus                      D. Lucretius
34. Which play of Plautus centers around a pot of gold owned by the miser Euclio?  
A. Aulularia                      B. Rudens                      C. Capitivi                      D. Truculentus
35. Which Silver Age satirist, born in Volterra, wrote six satires and was taught by the Stoic philosopher Annaeus Cornutus?  
A. Juvenal                      B. Lucilius                      C. Petronius                      D. Persius
36. What work of Cicero was addressed to his son Marcus and discusses the conflict between honor and expediency?  
A. De Legibus                      B. De Officiis                      C. De Finibus                      D. De Re Publica
37. Which of Cicero's extant court cases is the earliest?  
A. Pro Quinctio                      B. In Vatinius                      C. In Verrem                      D. Pro Caelio
38. Which of the following Roman poets was not one of the *poetae novi* or Neoterics?  
A. Valerius Cato                      B. Cinna                      C. Lucretius                      D. Catullus
39. Who translated the Bible into Latin?  
A. Cyprian                      B. Ambrose                      C. Lactantius                      D. Jerome
40. Which of the following Roman authors did not write about agriculture?  
A. Columella                      B. Valerius Flaccus                      C. Cato the Elder                      D. Varro
41. Which 2<sup>nd</sup> century AD jurist was a good friend of the emperor Septimius Severus and wrote a 37-book work entitled *Quaestiones*?  
A. Papinian                      B. Ulpian                      C. Nemesianus                      D. Aurelius Victor
42. Born in 105 BC, which Golden Age writer of mimes was forced to appear in one of his own mimes by Julius Caesar?  
A. Publilius Syrus                      B. Calvus                      C. Laberius                      D. Cinna
43. What work of Statius was a five-book collection of poems that contain biographical insights into the author's life?  
A. Pharsalia                      B. Silvae                      C. Achilleid                      D. Thebaid
44. Which early Christian apologist was born in Carthage and wrote *De Spectaculis*?  
A. Augustine                      B. Tertullian                      C. Ausonius                      D. Claudian
45. Which Roman emperor's heirs were tutored by the famous rhetorician Quintilian?  
A. Septimius Severus                      B. Theodosius I                      C. Domitian                      D. Tiberius
46. What seventeen-part work did Horace refer to as *iambi*?  
A. Odes                      B. Sermones                      C. Epodes                      D. Epistles

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47. Which Silver Age author produced works on military strategy and Roman aqueducts?  
A. Frontinus                      B. Caesar                      C. Suetonius                      D. Pomponius Mela
48. Which of Catullus' poems was his only epyllion, or little epic?  
A. Catullus 15                      B. Catullus 53                      C. Catullus 64                      D. Catullus 63
49. Born in Africa, who wrote a work entitled *De compendiosa doctrina* which provides a source for many lost works of the Roman Republic?  
A. Gaius Rabirius                      B. Nonius Marcellus                      C. Sulpicius Severus                      D. Varro
50. Which Roman author did not write a tragedy entitled *Medea*?  
A. Pacuvius                      B. Ovid                      C. Accius                      D. Seneca the Younger
- Tie Breakers – Remember to bubble the tie-breakers as 96-100. They will only be scored in case of a tie.**
96. What animal threatened the narrator of the epyllion *Culex*?  
A. lion                      B. bear                      C. eagle                      D. snake
97. What Roman author is referred to as the “Latin Aesop”?  
A. Phaedrus                      B. Velleius Paterculus                      C. Horace                      D. Juvenal
98. Who was not a part of the Maecenic Circle?  
A. Tibullus                      B. Plotius Tucca                      C. Propertius                      D. Vergil
99. Which Roman emperor composed his *Meditations* in Greek?  
A. Antoninus Pius                      B. Trajan                      C. Claudius                      D. Marcus Aurelius
100. What play of Plautus was the inspiration for William Shakespeare's *The Comedy of Errors*?  
A. Mercator                      B. Mostellaria                      C. Menaechmi                      D. Pseudolus