

ROMAN HISTORY – REPUBLIC

TSJCL (AREA F) MMII - 2002

DIRECTIONS: Mark on your answer sheet the letter of the best answer. All dates are B.C.E.

- 1-What was the source of the senate's power?
A- imperium C- auctoritas
B- comitia centuriata D- sententiae

- 2- What was the sequence of the cursus honorum?
A- aedile, quaestor, praetor, consul and censor
B- quaester, aedile, praetor, consul and censor
C- quaester, aedile, praetor, censor and consul
D- aedile, quaestor, praetor, censor and consul

- 3- The "Barca" in Hamilcar Barca's name is Punic for_____.
A- elephant C- hammer
B- wise D- lightning

- 4- The Third Punic War ended in _____.
A- 180 C- 146
B- 139 D- 167

- 5- The landowning citizens recruited into the Roman legions were _____.
A- assidui C- fasces
B- curulis D- res publica

- 6- Who defeated Hannibal at the battle of Zama?
A- Marius C- Sulla
B- Pompey D- Scipio Africanus

- 7- The following were Germanic tribes, except:
A- Teutons C- Ambrones
B- Volsci D- Cimbri

- 8- Which legendary hero might be known as "Lefty"?
- A- Lars Porsena C- Julius Caesar
B- Scaevola D- Brutus
- 9- Where was Pompey killed?
- A- Egypt C- Syria
B- Greece D- Rome
- 10- The Parthians defeated Crassus in 53 at _____.
- A- Actium C- Carrhae
B- Antioch D- Sinope
- 11- Who was raped by the son of Tarquin the Proud?
- A- Livia C- Lidia
B- Lavernia D- Lucretia
- 12- In 458, Cincinnatus was given the dictatorship by the senate and defeated the _____.
- A- Aequi C- Etruscans
B- Sabines D- Hernici
- 13- The Roman province Africa Proconsularis was formerly _____.
- A- Carthage C- Egypt
B- Numidia D- Mauretania
- 14- This consul escaped the slaughter at Cannae.
- A- Aemilius Paulus C- Publius Cornelius Scipio
B- Marcellus D- Varro
- 15- The traditional dates of the rule of the kings in Rome were from 753 to _____.
- A- 531 C- 490
B- 509 D- 535

16- The group of Romans known as the “knights” were the _____.

- A. mercatores
- B. populares
- C. equites
- D. latifundiae

17- Mithridates VI was King of _____?

- A. Pontus
- B. Galatia
- C. Cappadocia
- D. Syria

18- In 390, the Gauls captured Rome. How long did they stay?

- A. 7 months
- B. 7 years
- C. 7 days
- D. 7 decades

19- Cities and towns in Latium, Etruria and Campania whose inhabitants had the full burden of Roman citizenship without the rights to vote were called _____.

- A. commercii
- B. migrationes
- C. coloniae
- D. municipia

20- Around 452, the senate agreed to set up a commission to codify the existing laws. This commission was called _____.

- A. duo viri
- B. decem viri
- C. quinque viri
- D. sex viri

21- What did the Lex Valeria do?

- A. Created the office of praetor.
- B. Codified the cursus honorum.
- C. Appointed Sulla dictator.
- B. Assigned provincial governors.

22- The famous agrarian bill attributed to Tiberius Gracchus was really drafted by the “first man” (princeps) of the senate, _____.

- A. Scipio Aemilianus
- B. Gaius Laelius
- C. Appius Claudius Pulcher
- D. Gaius Flamminius

23- Who was the enemy of Cicero that proposed a bill which eventually led to Cicero's removal from Rome?

- A. Caesar
- B. Clodius
- C. Octavius
- D. Pompey

24- Who was Caesar's widow?

- A. Calpurnia
- B. Clodia
- C. Cleopatra
- D. Portia

25- Foreign rulers who wanted to remain in the good graces of Rome sought _____.

- A. imperium
- B. amicitia
- C. auctoritas
- D. constitutio

26- The praetor peregrinus dealt with _____.

- A. disputes of foreigners
- B. the dole
- C. falconry of nobles
- D. water supply of Rome

27- Who traditionally developed the 12-month calendar?

- A. Numa Pompilius
- B. Julius Caesar
- C. Caesar Augustus
- D. Crassus

28- Which king laid out the Roma Quadrata?

- A. Numa
- B. Tullus Hostilius
- C. Servius Tullius
- D. Tarquin

29- The costly, tactical victories of this King of Epirus became known as _____ victories.

- A. Hannibalic
- B. Jugurthan
- C. Attalusian
- D. Pyrrhic

30- Roman citizenship without the right to vote was called civitas sine _____.

- A. munera
- B. iugera
- C. suffragio
- D. veto

- 31- What battle is considered the bloodiest of all Roman defeats?
- A. Lake Trasimene
 - B. Actium
 - C. Cannae
 - D. Syracuse
- 32- According to Caesar's description, Gaul was divided into _____.
- A. three parts
 - B. Belgic kingdoms
 - C. Teutonic states
 - D. Gallia Comata
- 33- Cleopatra and Antonius were married in _____ in 37.
- A. Alexandria
 - B. Memphis
 - C. Antioch
 - D. Actium
- 34- The Lex Julia of 90, gave _____.
- A. land to plebs
 - B. citizenship to allies
 - C. land to veterans
 - D. moral edicts
- 35- Cicero prosecuted such a devastating case against Verres for his corruption in Sicily that even the great _____ gave up Verres' defense.
- A. Crassus
 - B. Cato
 - C. Hortensius
 - D. Clodius
- 36- The _____ was the basis for the Justinian Code, Code Napoleon and modern international law.
- A. ius gentium
 - B. ius naturale
 - C. ius civile
 - D. ius trium liberorum
- 37- A man who was first in his family to reach the consulship was a _____.
- A. novus homo
 - B. primus vir
 - C. princeps
 - D. prima familiae
- 38- The following were part of Etruria, except:
- A. Clusium
 - B. Caieta
 - C. Veii
 - D. Volsinii

39- The Gauls were part of an Indo-European-speaking group called the _____.

- A. Teutons
- B. Sabines
- C. Welsh
- D. Celts

40- The original function of _____ was to investigate murders.

- A. aediles
- B. consuls
- C. praetors
- D. quaestors

41- Who committed suicide rather than suffer the humiliation of a pardon by Caesar after the defeat of Metellus Scipio at Thapsus?

- A. Terentius Varro
- B. Tullius Cicero
- C. Pharsulus Cato
- D. Varus

42- "Veni, Vidi, Vici" comes from:

- A. a speech to the senate
- B. a letter to a friend
- C. an address to Egyptians
- D. De Bello Gallico

43- Caesar said "alea iacta est" when crossing which river?

- A. Arnus
- B. Tamesis
- C. Rubico
- D. Danuvius

44- The first Roman to write an important history in Latin (Origines – The Origins) was _____.

- A. Cato the Elder
- B. Plutarch
- C. Cicero
- D. Tacitus

45- Sulla's bloody reign of terror took place in _____.

- A. 44
- B. 509
- C. 146
- D. 82

46- One of the seven hills of Rome was _____.

- A. Colline
- B. Caelian
- C. Terrine
- D. Tiberina

47- The Struggle of the Orders in Roman society had subsided by _____ and the Roman political system remained basically stable for over a hundred years.

- A. 264
- B. 509
- C. 753
- D. 44

48- Who was Hannibal's brother?

- A. Hamilcar Barca
- B. Hasdrubal
- C. Jugurtha
- D. Hiempsal

49- What Roman historian was the political enemy of Cicero?

- A. Plautus
- B. Catullus
- C. Sallust
- D. Pomponius Atticus

50- Syracuse was first a _____ colony.

- A. Roman
- B. Parthian
- C. Hellenistic
- D. Greek

TIE-BREAKERS: Please answer the following questions (#96-#100). These will be scored only to break ties.

96- The Roman province of _____ is now Switzerland.

- A. Iberia
- B. Helvetia
- C. Dacia
- D. Illyria

97- In early Rome, the five census classifications were based on the possession of a minimum amount of land - probably 20,15,10, 5 and 2 _____ .

- A. munera
- B. pomeria
- C. iugera
- D. pecuniae

98- The pride of the Carthaginian navy was the _____.

A. trireme

C. phalanx

B. hoplite

D. quinquereme

99- Tiberius Claudius Nero was born to _____.

A. Clodia

C. Servilia

B. Livia

D. Fulvia

100- The deaths of Antonius and Cleopatra had ended _____ years of civil war in Rome.

A. 50

C. 200

B. 100

D. 25