

# 2000 AREA F GREEK DERIVATIVES TEST

Part A. Choose the correct meaning for the following Greek derivatives:

1. kaleidoscope:
  - a) medical instrument for examining calluses
  - b) machine which gathers kelp onto ships
  - c) the astrological measurement from kalends to kalends
  - d) device which entertains the eye with colored glass
  
2. cyclopes:
  - a) tropical depressions
  - b) periodic rotations
  - c) long rounded geometric shapes
  - d) a race of one-eyed monsters
  
3. empathy:
  - a) feeling sorry for someone
  - b) giving someone charity
  - c) feeling pity for someone
  - d) knowing how someone feels
  
4. barometer:
  - a) a device for measuring air pressure
  - b) a device for measuring wheelbarrows
  - c) a device for measuring wind speed
  - d) a device for measuring the circumference of barrels
  
5. dynamic:
  - a) exploding
  - b) energetic
  - c) dividing
  - d) removing the name
  
6. monolith:
  - a) a long speech
  - b) an unvaried tone
  - c) a large stone
  - d) a one-syllable word
  
7. symbiosis:
  - a) a long and complicated piece of music
  - b) a gathering place near water in the desert
  - c) two organisms living dependently on one another
  - d) two large round metal disks

8. android: a) two clauses joined by a conjunction  
b) a sentient mechanism  
c) a large stone in a stable orbit  
d) a man who is annoyed

9. archangel: a) the highest rank of angels  
b) a very old angel  
c) the angel of bridges  
d) geometric angles

10. trigonometry: a) taking three measurements  
b) the testing of rifle triggers  
c) three-syllable names  
d) the study of angles and planes

11. idiosyncrasy: a) a peculiarity of an individual  
b) the sarcasm of an idiot  
c) a ruling class of narcissists  
d) a gathering of insane rulers

12. chromosome: a) a small amount of tint or hue  
b) a clock which keeps irregular time  
c) genetic building blocks  
d) a disease of the aged

13. analgesic: a) relates one event to another  
b) lacks the ability to digest  
c) relieves disturbed neural processors  
d) commemorates a year-long war

Part B: Choose the closest meaning for the underlined Greek roots.

14. protozoa: a) life  
b) amoeba  
c) beginning  
d) first

15. dichotomy: a) dice  
b) two  
c) say  
d) both

16. petrography: a) fuel  
b) write  
c) rock  
d) picture
17. antipodes: a) pole  
b) husk  
c) child  
d) foot
18. abiogenesis: a) origin  
b) biblical  
c) gentle  
d) energy
19. agoraphobia: a) high places  
b) spiders  
c) sheepwool  
d) market
20. xenogamy: a) amazon  
b) gas  
c) foreign  
d) rock
21. phlebotomy: a) vain  
b) vane  
c) vein  
d) vine
22. polyphagia: a) phase  
b) consume  
c) recline  
d) many
23. cacophony: a) false  
b) call  
c) distance  
d) sound

24. pseudepigrapha: a) upon  
b) into  
c) lie  
d) letters

25. dyspeptic: a) digest  
b) vomit  
c) bowel  
d) perforated

26. tautology: a) law  
b) study  
c) word  
d) science

**Part C: Select the choice which best completes the following sentences.**

27. A person who is anathema, is \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) ugly  
b) without memory  
c) cursed  
d) illiterate

28. Eschatology is the study of \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) phlem  
b) the after-life  
c) hearing  
d) vulgar acts

29. A misogynist hates \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) gymnasts  
b) women  
c) families  
d) gypsies

30. A gerontocracy is ruled by \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) generous dictator  
b) warlike family  
c) a council of elders  
d) the merchant class

31. In a zoo, the herpetarium contains \_\_\_\_\_.
- a) butterflies
  - b) fossils
  - c) reptiles
  - d) bathrooms
32. In poetry, onomatopoeia is \_\_\_\_\_.
- a.) a double negative
  - b.) a large exaggeration
  - c.) the imitation of a sound
  - d.) the repetition of a sound
33. In Egypt, a sarcophagus is \_\_\_\_\_ which contains a mummy.
- a.) the pyramid
  - b.) the ritual jars
  - c.) the linens
  - d.) the coffin
34. A catastrope is literally \_\_\_\_\_.
- a.) a turning upside down
  - b.) a spinning
  - c.) a withering away
  - d.) earthquake
35. An autobiography is a book written \_\_\_\_\_.
- a.) in the first person
  - b.) by an automaton
  - c.) about a self-sustaining biome
  - d.) about and by the author
36. Anthropomorphism in literature is the characteristic \_\_\_\_\_.
- a.) of changing men into beasts
  - b.) of animating the inanimate world
  - c.) of having a moral at the end of the story
  - d.) of repeating a word for effect
37. A demagogue is a person who \_\_\_\_\_.
- a.) claims to be a god
  - b.) is part god
  - c.) leads people
  - d.) establishes a democracy

38. At a carnival, booths offering prognostication are making \_\_\_\_\_.

- a.) predictions
- b.) funnel cakes
- c.) jokes
- d.) magic tricks

39. In geological time, the mesozoic era is \_\_\_\_\_.

- a.) middle age
- b.) old age
- c.) early age
- d.) dinosaur age

**Part D: Match the meaning to the Greek derivative which contains the root.**

40. nose

- a.) elephantitus
- b.) hippodrome
- c.) rhinoplasty
- d.) dinosaur

41. words

- a.) bibliophile
- b.) philology
- c.) philharmonic
- d.) philosophy

42. language

- a.) xenogamy
- b.) zygote
- c.) philology
- d.) xenoglossaphobia

43. lizard

- a.) pterodactyl
- b.) dinosaur
- c.) streptococcus
- d.) orinthology

44. insect

- a.) etymology
- b.) endocrinology
- c.) entomology
- d.) enterology

45. thirteen

- a.) triskaidekaphobia
- b.) tetraphobia
- c.) stygiophobia
- d.) odontophobia

46. false

- a.) antipodes
- b.) pseudopod
- c.) anathema
- d.) epitaph

47. hidden

- a.) petrography
- b.) sarcophagus
- c.) psuedepigrapha
- d.) cryptograph

48. flow

- a.) etymology
- b.) philology
- c.) logorrhea
- d.) polyphagia

49. blood

- a.) hemophilia
- b.) hepatitis
- c.) phlebotomy
- d.) meningitis

50. dead

- a.) necromancy
- b.) sarcophagus
- c.) epitaph
- d.) dyspeptic

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51. fear

- a.) pseudepigrapha
- b.) xenophobia
- c.) misanthrope
- d.) dichotomy

52. man

- a.) mesozoic
- b.) misogyny
- c.) misanthrope
- d.) mesomorph

53. change

- a.) catastrophic
- b.) polymorphic
- c.) mycology
- d.) mnemonic

54. eat

a.) sarcophagus

b.) onomatopoeia

c.) phlebitis

d.) phrenology

55. fish

a.) ichthyology

b.) idiosyncrasy

c.) phagocyte

d.) pathogenic