

1997 TSJCL Area F
Ancient Geography Test

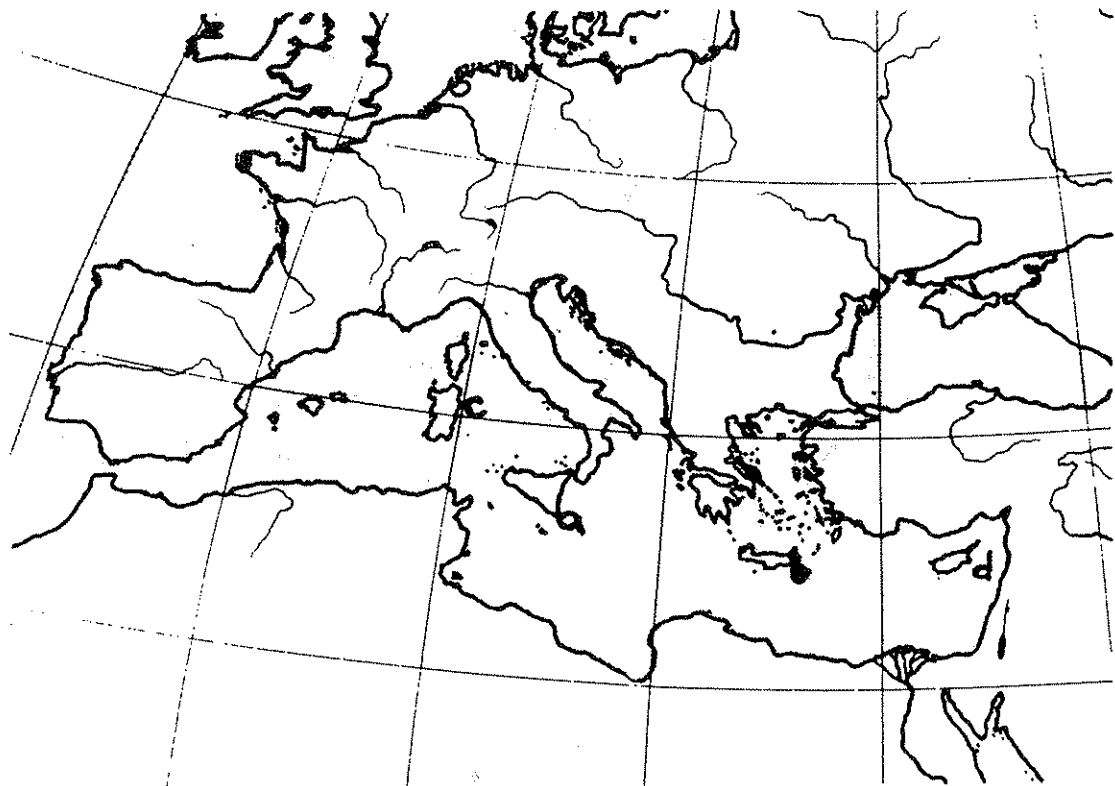
1. What Italian port town served Rome before the establishment of Ostia as a major center of commerce?
a. Naples b. Puteoli c. Brundisium d. Antium
2. Pompeii and what city were destroyed by the eruption of Mt. Vesuvius in 79 A.D.?
a. Cannae b. Naples c. Vesuvia d. Herculaneum
3. This city, an important naval base during the Second Punic War, was founded by Ancus Marcius, the fourth king of Rome:
a. Cumae b. Naples c. Antium d. Ostia
4. Dido was the queen of what city?
a. Tyre b. Sidon c. Carthage d. Syracuse
5. Sophocles was born, and Oedipus died in what city?
a. Tiryns b. Colonus c. Mycenae d. Athens
6. This famous Egyptian city was named for a famous Greek:
a. Thebes b. Cairo c. Nicosia d. Alexandria
7. King Herod of Judea constructed this city:
a. Caesarea b. Neapolis c. Knossos d. Cyrene
8. What city was home to the great temple to Artemis and was once one of the seven wonders of the world?
a. Pylos b. Alexandria c. Troy d. Ephesus
9. Which Greek city is located near the Piraeus?
a. Eleusis b. Athens c. Corinth d. Delphi
10. What city was destined to be founded by Ascanius, son of Aeneas?
a. Veii b. Rome c. Latium d. Alba Longa
11. Which of the following is not a hill in Rome?
a. Caelius b. Quirinalis c. Tiberialis d. Palatinus
12. Which body of water lies between modern day Italy and Yugoslavia?
a. Adriatic Sea b. Red Sea c. Caspian Sea d. Baltic Sea

13. The Hellespont is a famous water linking what body of water with the Mediterranean?
a. Aral Sea b. Black Sea c. Red Sea d. Aegean Sea
14. This body of water got its name from the suicide of a famous king:
a. Adriatic Sea b. Gulf of Actium c. Aegean Sea d. Gulf of Sorrento
15. The straits between the Mediterranean Sea and Atlantic Ocean were marked by what two famous landmarks:
a. Scylla and Charybdis b. The Bridges of Xerxes
c. The Rocks of Atlas d. The Pillars of Hercules
16. The famous Colossus, once one of the seven wonders of the world, was located where?
a. Rhodope b. Rhodesia c. Rhodes d. Rubigo
17. What river flowed through Rome?
a. Tiber b. Arno c. Po d. Fluvius
18. Babylon was located on what river?
a. Argos b. Orontes c. Tigris d. Euphrates
19. What two rivers served as the northern borders of the Roman Empire?
a. Rhine and Oder b. ~~Danube and Vistula~~ c. Oder and Danube
d. Rhine and Danube
20. The famous city of Antioch was located on what river?
a. Tigris b. Euphrates c. Orontes d. Nile
21. The mountains that formed the "Spine of Italy" are the:
a. Apennines b. ~~Alps~~ c. ~~Caucasus~~ d. ~~Urals~~
22. The mountain upon which baby Oedipus was exposed and left to die was:
a. Mt. Cithaeron b. Mt. Olympus c. Mt. Etna d. Mt. Vesuvius
23. What mountain range stretches across North Africa?
a. Pyrenees b. Caucasus c. Urals d. Atlas
24. What mountain range stood between Italy and Gaul?
a. Po b. Alps c. Taurus d. Atlas
25. The mountains between Armenia and Sarmatia were:
a. Urals b. Alps c. Apennines d. Caucasus
26. Which of these is NOT north of Greece?
a. Lydia b. Epirus c. Thrace d. Macedonia

27. Which of these is NOT in modern Turkey?
 a. Cyrene b. Ephesus c. Halicarnassus d. Pergamum
28. Which of these is NOT in North Africa?
 a. Alexandria b. Leptis Magna c. Carthage d. Antioch
29. To visit the geologically important island of Thera, to which body of water should you travel?:
 a. The Adriatic b. The Aegean c. The Hellespont d. The Balearic
30. The low space between the Quirinal, Viminal and Esquiline Hills in Rome was a densely populated and dangerous area known in ancient times as the:
 a. Forum b. Subura c. Vicus Etruscus d. Via Sacra
31. The ancient name Dacia refers to what modern country?
 a. Iraq b. Syria c. Armenia d. Romania
32. The ancient name Mauretania refers to what modern country?
 a. Morocco b. Moldova c. Macedonia d. Mindenao
33. The ancient name Lusitania refers to what modern country?
 a. Luxembourg b. Belgium c. Portugal d. Ireland
34. The ancient name Gallia refers to what modern country?
 a. Germany b. France c. Switzerland d. Austria

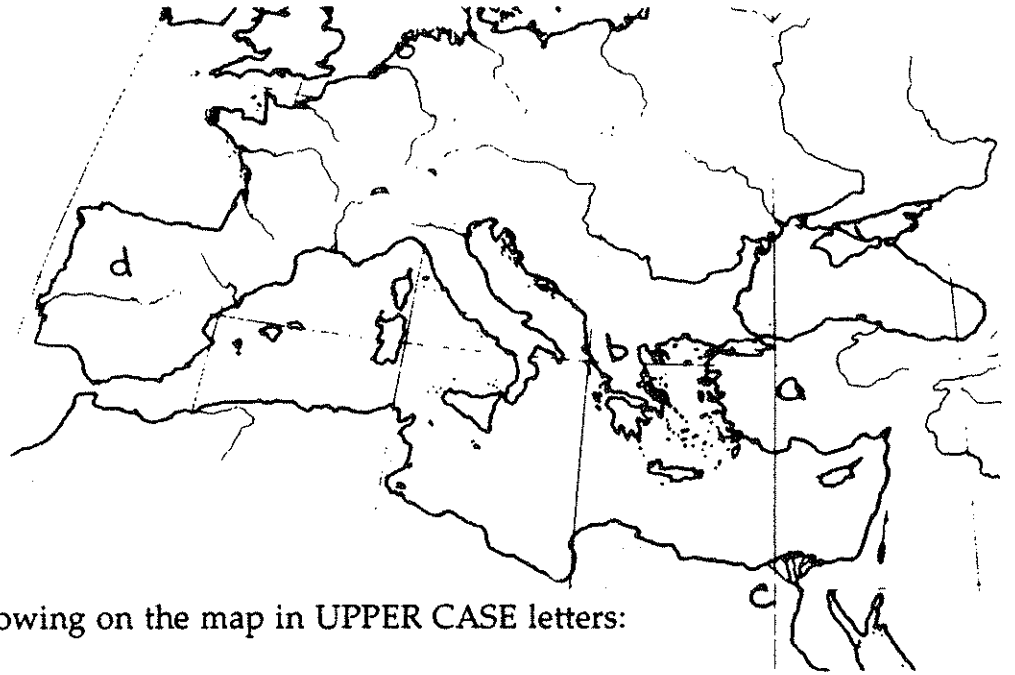
Identify the Mediterranean islands on the map below:

35. Sicilia
 36. Sardinia
 37. Cyprus
 38. Crete



Identify the following locations on the map below:

- 39. Graecia
- 40. Asia
- 41. Aegyptus
- 42. Hispania

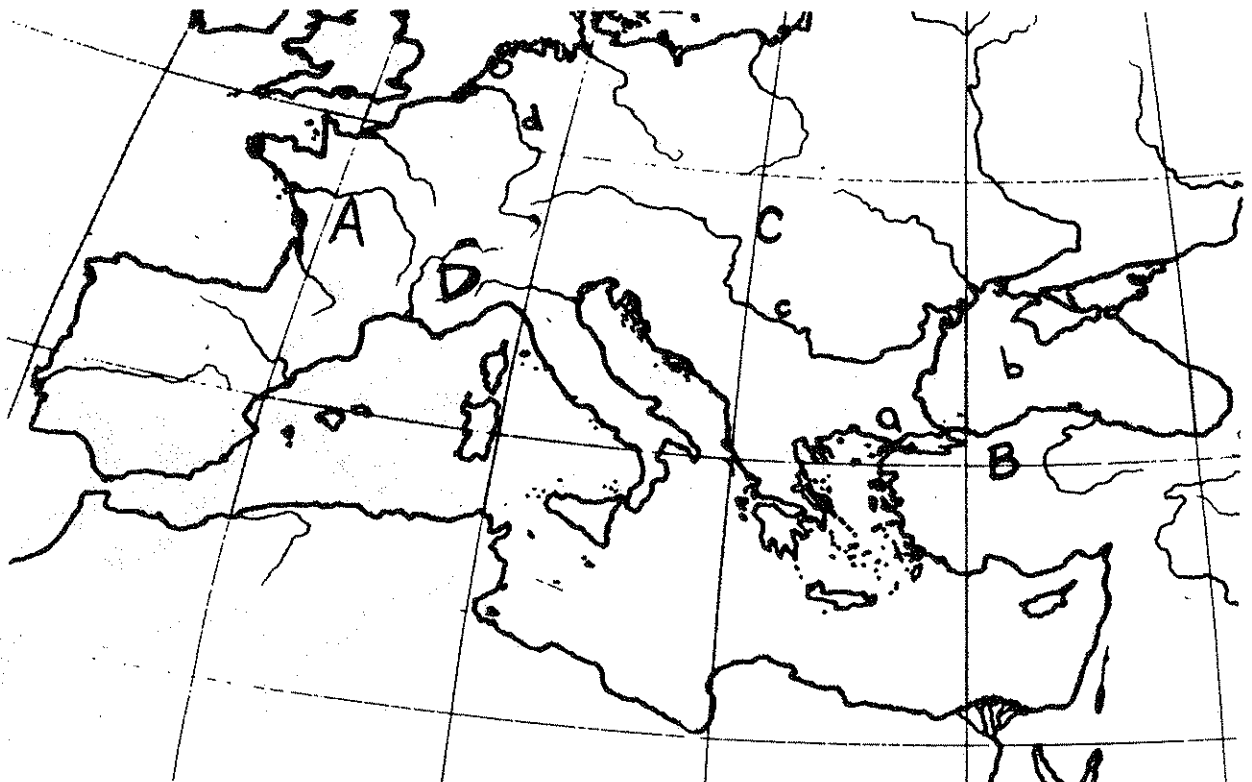


Identify the following on the map in UPPER CASE letters:

- 43. Lydia
- 44. Dacia
- 45. Gallia
- 46. Helvetica

Identify the following on the map in LOWER CASE letters:

- 47. The Danube River
- 48. The Rhine River
- 49. The Black Sea
- 50. The Hellespont



Tie Breakers

51. One of the seven wonders of the world, the lighthouse at Pharos, was connected to this city by a mole called the heptastadion:
a. Cairo b. Alexandria c. Leptis Magna d. Corinth
52. Cumae is located near the modern city of:
a. Syracuse b. Athens c. Naples d. Palermo
53. The city which controlled the narrow isthmus between Attica and the Peloponnese was:
a. Thebes b. Delphi c. Byzantium d. Corinth
54. The city which controlled the narrow straits between the Black Sea and the Aegean Sea was:
a. Byzantium b. Corinth c. Eleusis d. Elis
55. Phillipi, Pharsalus, and Actium were all located in:
a. Spain b. Gaul c. North Africa d. Greece

