

COPY

## GREEK DERIVATIVES TEST 1997 AREA F

Directions: Select the best response to each of the following and mark the appropriate letter on your answer sheet.

Part A. Choose the closest meaning for the following Greek elements:

- |                        |           |             |                |              |
|------------------------|-----------|-------------|----------------|--------------|
| 1. <u>thermostat</u>   | a) light  | b) heat     | c) measure     | d) container |
| 2. <u>periphery</u>    | a) around | b) fire     | c) carry       | d) through   |
| 3. <u>polychrome</u>   | a) many   | b) image    | c) light       | d) color     |
| 4. <u>dichotomy</u>    | a) cut    | b) twice    | c) left        | d) book      |
| 5. <u>chronometer</u>  | a) god    | b) color    | c) hard        | d) time      |
| 6. <u>android</u>      | a) false  | b) life     | c) man         | d) evil      |
| 7. <u>pedagogue</u>    | a) foot   | b) lead     | c) child       | d) knowledge |
| 8. <u>empathy</u>      | a) road   | b) together | c) feel        | d) help      |
| 9. <u>epiglottis</u>   | a) throat | b) tongue   | c) multitude   | d) fork      |
| 10. <u>demographer</u> | a) skin   | b) dirty    | c) write       | d) people    |
| 11. <u>monolith</u>    | a) stone  | b) solitary | c) history     | d) big       |
| 12. <u>aphasia</u>     | a) appear | b) phantom  | d) speech      | d) adroit    |
| 13. <u>dogmatism</u>   | a) time   | b) bile     | c) instruction | d) name      |

Part B. Write the letter of the best definition for each Greek-derived word.

- |                    |                                  |                                |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 14. lexicon        | a) a formal law                  | b) a written doctrine          |
|                    | c) a dictionary                  | d) a means of communication    |
| 15. ophthalmoscope | a) device for looking at the eye | b) informal analysis           |
|                    | c) unit of measure               | d) a thing measured by the eye |
| 16. polyglot       | a) speaker of many languages     | b) small rodent                |
|                    | c) type of love poem             | d) skilled in many areas       |
| 17. oligarchy      | a) rule by force                 | b) rule by the people          |
|                    | c) rule by consensus             | d) rule by a few               |
| 18. laconic        | a) remorseful                    | b) excluded                    |
|                    | c) cheerful                      | d) concise                     |
| 19. pachyderm      | a) an elephant                   | b) marked by white skin        |
|                    | c) rapid heartbeat               | d) swift rotation              |
| 20. pyromania      | a) enthusiasm for fire           | b) love of words               |
|                    | c) fireworks                     | d) enthusiasm for extremes     |
| 21. velodrome      | a) a horse track                 | b) a track for cycling         |
|                    | c) without haste                 | d) a sequence for learning     |
| 22. logorrhea      | a) conversation                  | b) introduction                |
|                    | c) index of words                | d) excessive wordiness         |
| 23. hydrophobia    | a) fear of women                 | b) fear of water               |
|                    | c) fear of light                 | d) fear of open places         |

24. heliotrope      a) absence of light      b) plants that turn with the sun  
                          c) non-geocentric      d) a mutated isotope
25. presbyopia      a) loss of visual acuity      b) hatred of the elderly  
                          c) religious doctrine      d) marked by a conservative approach
26. endemic      a) native      b) by popular vote  
                          c) affecting many people      d) obituary

Part C. Choose the response which best completes the following:

- 27.. A sophist is one skilled in  
     a) many crafts      b) false reasoning      c) horses      d) politics
28. Acrophobia means fear of  
     a) heights      b) open places      c) enclosure      d) public speaking
29. Periphrasis is a synonym for  
     a) exaggeration      b) imitation      c) denunciation      d) circumlocution
30. A person who is monogamous has one  
     a) life      b) vocation      c) wife      d) leg
31. dermatitis is an skin condition marked by  
     a) whiteness      b) inflammation      c) scarring      d) redness
32. The term dactylic pertains to  
     a) a finger      b) dinosaurs      c) the left side      d) responsiveness
33. An antroscope is used to look into  
     a) eyes      b) cavities      c) the future      d) ears
34. The term hoi polloi means  
     a) the masses      b) those in command      c) the needs of the many      d) anarchy
35. A hexagon has \_\_\_\_\_ sides.  
     a) four      b) three      c) five      d) six
36. A dodekahedron has \_\_\_\_\_ sides  
     a) unbounded      b) twelve      c) thirteen      d) six
37. The suffix -itis means  
     a) weariness      b) inflammation      c) redness      d) deprivation
38. Euthanasia is literally a \_\_\_\_\_ death.  
     a) deserved      b) morbid      c) good      d) trying
39. A polytheist is one who respects many:  
     a) laws      b) gods      c) parents      d) cultures
40. A condition of schizophrenia pertains to:  
     a) the liver      b) the tongue      c) the mind      d) psychology
41. One in the business of geriatrics would deal with:  
     a) babies      b) physics      c) law      d) old people
42. The term ephemeral describes something that is  
     a) ever changing      b) beautiful      c) worshipped      d) fleeting
43. Polyandry means having many  
     a) thoughts      b) husbands      c) conflicts      d) laws

44. A philosopher is literally one who loves  
 a) work      b) wisdom      c) freedom      d) argument
45. A panoply is a complete set of  
 a) armor      b) stamps      c) principles      d) military tactics

Part D. Give the letter of the English equivalent nearest in meaning to the Greek key word.

46. aster      a) finger      b) star      c) light      d) writing
47. ergon      a) insect      b) work      c) swift      d) concentration
48. tomos      a) cutting      b) feeling      c) freedom      d) speech
49. techne      a) complex      b) skill      c) growth      d) methodical
50. tauto      a) body      b) soil      c) same      d) stretch

Tie-Breakers. Same directions as in part D.

51. tele      a) visible      b) far off      c) weapon      d) holy
52. trauma      a) blood      b) disturb      c) violence      d) wound
53. xanthos      a) foreign      b) yellow      c) river      d) wandering
54. xylon      a) steel      b) flower      c) wood      d) dry
55. thrix, trichos      a) hair      b) trouble      c) he-goat      d) trickery

