

1996 TSJCL AREA F

MOTTOES, PHRASES, ETC.

Directions: bubble the letter which corresponds to the best answer on the scantron answer sheet.

Part I. State Mottos. Identify the state which has the following motto.

1. Nil sine numine
(A) Texas (B) Vermont (C) Alaska (D) Colorado
2. Sic semper tyrannis
(A) New Mexico (B) New York (C) Virginia (D) Oregon
3. Crescit eundo
(A) New Mexico (B) Oklahoma (C) Connecticut (D) Rhode Island
4. Alis volat propriis
(A) Oregon (B) North Carolina (C) Virginia (D) South Dakota
5. Esse quam videri
(A) California (B) Ohio (C) South Carolina (D) North Carolina
6. Scuto bonae voluntatis tuae coronasti nos
(A) Connecticut (B) Maryland (C) Maine (D) Colorado
7. Si quaeris paeninsulam amoenam, circumspice
(A) Virginia (B) South Carolina (C) Michigan (D) Minnesota
8. Labor vincit omnia
(A) Oklahoma (B) Nebraska (C) Kansas (D) Indiana
9. Regnat populus
(A) Florida (B) Arkansas (C) Texas (D) Hawai'i
10. Qui transtulit sustinet
(A) Michigan (B) Montana (C) Mississippi (D) Connecticut
11. Ditat Deus
(A) Washington (B) New Hampshire (C) West Virginia (D) Arizona
12. Imperium, in imperio
(A) Ohio (B) Idaho (C) Iowa (D) Wisconsin
13. Dirigo
(A) Georgia (B) Maine (C) Illinois (D) New York
14. Esto perpetua
(A) Arizona (B) Arkansas (C) Alaska (D) Idaho
15. Salus populi suprema lex esto
(A) Ohio (B) New Jersey (C) Missouri (D) Alabama

16. Excelsior
(A) Maine (B) New York (C) Pennsylvania (D) Hawai'i
17. Montani semper liberi
(A) West Virginia (B) Kansas (C) Mississippi (D) Louisiana
18. Cedant arma togae
(A) Minnesota (B) Georgia (C) Florida (D) Wyoming
19. Ad astra per aspera
(A) Kansas (B) West Virginia (C) Virginia (D) Alaska
20. Virtute et armis
(A) Mississippi (B) New Mexico (C) Iowa (D) Michigan

Part II. Familiar Phrases. Give the best translation.

21. Carpe diem.
(A) the day is wasted
(B) per day
(C) day in, day out
(D) seize the day
22. Cave canem.
(A) there is a dog
(B) beware of the dog
(C) dangerous dog
(D) restrain the dog
23. Post mortem
(A) near death (B) after death (C) don't delay (D) cause of death
24. Mens sana in corpore sano
(A) health is wealth
(B) clean table under a clean body
(C) body and mind work hand in hand
(D) a healthy mind in a healthy body
25. Ex nihilo nihil fit
(A) nihilism breeds futility
(B) annihilate the function
(C) nothing happens out of nothing
(D) no one hears from anyone
26. Qui beneficium dedit taceat, narret qui accepit.
(A) accept gifts graciously
(B) give help to others silently
(C) he who gives, let him be silent, let him speak who receives
(D) who benefits?
27. Possunt quia posse videntur
(A) they can because they think they can
(B) everything is possible if one can imagine it
(C) it is possible because it seems possible
(D) they who seem to be able to do it, can do it

28. Alea iacta est
(A) it is too late to return
(B) throw away other things
(C) tread lightly
(D) the die is cast
29. De mortui nil nisi bonum dicamus.
(A) about the dead let us not speak anything but the good
(B) dead people are said to have done good
(C) good people die speaking well of others
(D) don't speak ill of those about to die
30. Tanta est vis probitatis ut eam in hoste diligamus
(A) the power of uprightness is great
(B) such is the power of honesty we admire it even in an enemy
(C) honesty pays even when one is among the enemies
(D) honest people make the best company
31. Status quo
(A) good status (B) existing condition (C) stand here (D) walk swiftly
32. Sine qua non
(A) indispensable (B) without something (C) no one without (D) unhealthy
33. Per se
(A) without which (B) through himself (C) by its own force (D) underneath
34. Cum grano salis
(A) add salt (B) needs elaboration (C) cheers (D) with a grain of salt
35. In medias res
(A) in the middle of the week
(B) in the middle of the road
(C) in the middle of the day
(D) in the middle of things
36. Veni, vidi, vici
(A) I came, I saw, I conquered
(B) I rule, I see, I command
(C) I run, I stop, I rest
(D) Come, stay, eat
37. Non omnia possumus omnes
(A) omens are not able to see all
(B) not everyone can do everything
(C) some can do everything
(D) we cannot be in charge of everything
38. Diem perdidit
(A) I wasted a day (B) a wasted day (C) don't waste the day (D) everyday
39. Bis dat qui cito dat
(A) he gives twice who gives quickly
(B) he who gives twice gets the reward
(C) give twice generously
(D) twice the work, twice the speed

40. Non caret is qui non desiderat
(A) see not, want not
(B) desire is the cause of want
(C) I don't care if you want it
(D) he who does not desire, does not lack

Part III. Legal terms. Give the meaning of the phrase.

41. sub iudice
(A) postpone (B) under penalty (C) under the judge's consideration (D) lawful
42. prima facie
(A) first appearance
(B) one appearance is not enough to establish a fact
(C) evidence given by appearing at the court
(D) the first fact
43. subpoena
(A) a writ to summon a person to appear in the court
(B) the judge needs to see the evidence
(C) penalty given before judging
(D) sworn statement of testimony
44. onus probandi
(A) the refusal to admit in a court case
(B) the work of the judge
(C) lawyer's right to cross-examine
(D) the burden of proof
45. nolo contendere
(A) I do not wish to appear
(B) I do not need to see proof
(C) I do not wish to contend
(D) I do not want to go forth
46. habeas corpus
(A) the body of the crime
(B) you may have the body
(C) you have the argument
(D) retrieve the evidence now
47. corpus delicti
(A) circumstances necessary for a crime
(B) proof of a misdemeanor
(C) absent from the scene of the crime
(D) job satisfaction
48. compos mentis
(A) not sane (B) of sound mind (C) evidence (D) mental test
49. obiter dictum
(A) beside the point
(B) diction of the court
(C) something said by the judge which is not part of the legal decision
(D) sidebar discussion

50. nolle prosequitur
(A) used to indicate a decision against a plaintiff who does not show up in court to prosecute
(B) rendering of a decision which contradicts the jury's decision
(C) he or she does not prosecute
(D) the judge acts as prosecutor to avoid a mistrial

TIE BREAKERS--the following questions will be scored only to break ties.

Identify the authors of the following sayings:

51. Nil homini certum est
(A) Vergil (B) Ovid (C) Seneca (D) Cicero
52. Carmina morte carent
(A) Catullus (B) Propertius (C) Horace (D) Ovid
53. Virtus praemium est optimum
(A) Terence (B) Livy (C) Juvenal (D) Plautus
54. Arma virumque cano
(A) Horace (B) Ennius (C) Vergil (D) Nepos
55. Vera amicitia est inter bonos
(A) Cicero (B) Tibullus (C) Catullus (D) Tacitus