

## 2017 NJCL Grammar ½ &amp; 1 Test

**Part A** – Please choose the BEST answer to complete each sentence:

1. Nauta ab \_\_\_\_\_ curātur.  
A. uxoris                      B. uxorem                      C. uxori                      D. uxore
2. Nolīte \_\_\_\_\_, puerī!  
A. ludīs                      B. lude                      C. ludere                      D. ludit
3. Incolae sunt \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Romanae                      B. Romanās                      C. Romanōs                      D. Romanī
4. Caesar in senatū \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. necavērunt                      B. necātus est                      C. necābantur                      D. necavit
5. Propter \_\_\_\_\_, Romanum imperium erit notum.  
A. Octaviānus                      B. Octaviānō                      C. Octaviānum                      D. Octaviānīs
6. Hostēs contra Romanōs \_\_\_\_\_ pugnāvērunt.  
A. vim                      B. vīs                      C. virium                      D. vī
7. Auxilium, \_\_\_\_\_ dux mīsīt, advēnit herī.  
A. quod                      B. quae                      C. qui                      D. quem
8. \_\_\_\_\_ ad Britanniam navigābāmus.  
A. Vōs                      B. Nōs                      C. Tū                      D. Ego
9. \_\_\_\_\_ oppidō adveniēmus.  
A. duo diēs                      B. duōbus diēbus                      C. duōrum diērum                      D. duōs diēs
10. Agrī \_\_\_\_\_ ā servīs colēbantur.  
A. dominus                      B. dominō                      C. dominī                      D. dominum
11. Anna \_\_\_\_\_ quam Aurelia est.  
A. pulchrior                      B. pulchrius                      C. pulcherrima                      D. pulchra
12. Vitae bonae \_\_\_\_\_ sunt.  
A. feminās                      B. feminae                      C. feminārum                      D. feminīs
13. Cum aliīs \_\_\_\_\_ numquam ambulō.  
A. hostēs                      B. hostium                      C. hostī                      D. hostibus
14. Facile est tibi currere sine \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. impedimentum                      B. impedimentō                      C. impedimenta                      D. impedimentī
15. Antonius ad Aegyptum \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. fugit                      B. fugiēbātis                      C. fugiēs                      D. fugiveram
16. Urbem \_\_\_\_\_ delēbimus!  
A. vobis                      B. vos                      C. vestram                      D. vesterum
17. Caligulam, \_\_\_\_\_, nemo amat.  
A. imperatorem                      B. imperatorēs                      C. imperator                      D. imperatoribus
18. Legātus, \_\_\_\_\_ miles consilium dedit, celeriter discessit.  
A. quem                      B. quibus                      C. cuius                      D. cui
19. Atia viros \_\_\_\_\_ diligit.  
A. magnae fortitudinī                      B. magnās fortitudinēs                      C. magnā fortitudine                      D. magnae fortitudine
20. Cras Orbilius discipulōs \_\_\_\_\_ docēbit.  
A. numerus                      B. numerī                      C. numerīs                      D. numerōs
21. \_\_\_\_\_, Marce, mihi causas!  
A. Dīcite                      B. Dīcere                      C. Dīcis                      D. Dīc
22. Bulla, \_\_\_\_\_ Lucius geret, est aureus.  
A. quam                      B. quem                      C. quod                      D. quae

23. Potesne \_\_\_\_\_?  
 A. venīs B. veniō C. vēnī D. venīre
24. Amasne patriam plus quam \_\_\_\_\_?  
 A. tuī oculī B. tuīs oculīs C. tuōrum oculōrum D. tuum oculum
25. Vōs omnēs ā dictātore \_\_\_\_\_ non cupītis.  
 A. dūcere B. dūcī C. dūxisse D. dictum
26. Iulius \_\_\_\_\_ currit.  
 A. lentē B. lenta C. lentī D. lentō
27. Multī \_\_\_\_\_ linguam Latīnam cognoscere possunt.  
 A. vester B. vestrum C. vestrī D. tuī
28. Cicero putat \_\_\_\_\_ esse bonum rhetorem.  
 A. eō B. sē C. sibi D. ea
29. Iulia et ego saepe librōs una \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. legunt B. legō C. legit D. legimus
30. Tū \_\_\_\_\_ es carus.  
 A. me B. mei C. mihi D. ego

**Part B** – Please select the BEST answer to render each sentence into Latin:

31. I did not favor Cicero. \_\_\_\_\_ **non fāvī**.  
 A. Cicero B. Ciceronī C. Ciceronem D. Cicerone
32. You are not accustomed to eat garum. **Tū garum** \_\_\_\_\_ **non soles**.  
 A. edis B. edistī C. edere D. ede
33. The soldiers conquered the enemy rather easily. **Militēs hostēs** \_\_\_\_\_ **vicērunt**.  
 A. facile B. facillime C. facilior D. facilius
34. The sailor was well-known to the rest of the crew. **Nauta est** \_\_\_\_\_ **reliquō gregī**.  
 A. notus B. nota C. notum D. notī
35. Surely you do not want to go home? \_\_\_\_\_ **nōn vīs ire domī**?  
 A. Nonne B. Num C. Ne D. Alius
36. The room was full of students. **Spatium erat plēnum** \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. discipulī B. discipulōrum C. discipulīs D. discipulum
37. The senator, whom you see, is named Brutus. **Senator,** \_\_\_\_\_ **vidēs, Brutus vocātur**.  
 A. quī B. quō C. quod D. quem
38. Can you spare a slave from the field? **Servō ex agro** \_\_\_\_\_?  
 A. potes parcī B. potes parcere C. parcis posse D. posse parcere
39. What reasons did he give? \_\_\_\_\_ **causās is dedit**?  
 A. Quae B. Qui C. Quam D. Quās
40. Vercingetorix is going to lose the battle. **Vercingetorix proelium** \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. amissus est B. amissī sunt C. amissurus est D. amissum erit
41. Antony is thought to have killed himself. **Antonius putātur** \_\_\_\_\_ **se**.  
 A. necāre B. necāvit C. necāvisse D. necātus esse
42. Don't shout, my friend! **Nolī clamāre,** \_\_\_\_\_!  
 A. mī amice B. mī amicī C. mē amice D. me amicī
43. We will remain in Athens for the whole year. \_\_\_\_\_ **totum annum rēmanēbimus**.  
 A. Athenae B. Athenīs C. Athenārum D. Athenās
44. My love for you shall grow. **Meus amor** \_\_\_\_\_ **crescet**.  
 A. tibi B. tuī C. tū D. pro tē
45. The nymph noticed Pluto, snatching Proserpina. **Nympha animavertit Plutonem** \_\_\_\_\_ **Proserpinam**.  
 A. eripit B. eripiēns C. ereptus D. eripientem
46. You all believe that we are prepared. **Creditis nōs** \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. parāre B. parāmur C. parātī sumus D. parārī

47. If you hurry, you will catch him. **Sī** \_\_\_\_, **capiēs eum**.  
 A. festinēs B. festinat C. festināvistī D. festināveris
48. Octavia sent her brother a letter. **Octavia** \_\_\_\_ **litteram mīsit**.  
 A. suō fratrī B. sua fratrī C. eī fratrī D. suō fratre
49. The arch was built by Titus. **Arcus ā Titō** \_\_\_\_.  
 A. munitus erant B. munitus erit C. muniēbatur D. munīvit
50. After four years or war, we at last have peace. **Post** \_\_\_\_ **belli, tandem pacem habēmus**.  
 A. quattor annī B. quattor annōs C. quattor annīs D. quattor annō
51. Because we fought, we will be given a reward. \_\_\_\_ **pugnāvimus, \_\_\_\_ praemium**.  
 A. Quod...damus B. Cum...dabimur C. Quod...dabimur D. Ubi...dabimur
52. That citizen, whom Caesar trusts, is general Agrippa. \_\_\_\_ **cīvis, \_\_\_\_ Caesar salutat, est dux Agrippa**.  
 A. Illa...quam B. Ille...quem C. Illud...quod D. Ille...cui
53. The victors have been praised. **Victorēs** \_\_\_\_.  
 A. laudābantur B. laudātī sunt C. laudātī erant D. laudātae sunt
54. Can we move from here? **Possumusne** \_\_\_\_ **hinc?**  
 A. movēre B. movēmus C. movēte D. movē
55. The girl's dog has run away. \_\_\_\_ **puellae fugit**.  
 A. canī B. canum C. canem D. canis
56. Anna gave Marcus the books. **Anna** \_\_\_\_ **Marcō dedit**.  
 A. librī B. librum C. librōrum D. librōs
57. Stop in the name of love! \_\_\_\_ **in nomine amoris!**  
 A. Cessī B. Cēde C. Cēdere D. Cessistis
58. Did Caesar live here? \_\_\_\_ **Caesar hīc?**  
 A. habitatne B. habitāvitne C. habitātisne D. habitābaturne
59. Pompey lost hope, having been defeated in the battle. **Pompeius** \_\_\_\_ **in proeliō spem amīsit**.  
 A. victus B. victurus C. vincēns D. vincendus
60. Quintus is taller than Sextus. **Quintus est** \_\_\_\_ **quam Sextus**.  
 A. altior B. altiorēs C. altiorī D. altioribus

**Part C** – Please select the one that does NOT belong grammatically with the others:

- |                 |              |             |              |
|-----------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| 61. A. poeta    | B. auriga    | C. terra    | D. incola    |
| 62. A. mons     | B. mors      | C. arx      | D. pax       |
| 63. A. dūcō     | B. dīcō      | C. agitō    | D. petō      |
| 64. A. socer    | B. ager      | C. aper     | D. liber     |
| 65. A. prope    | B. prae      | C. ob       | D. versus    |
| 66. A. pellō    | B. arcessō   | C. do       | D. spondeo   |
| 67. A. iaceris  | B. caperis   | C. āfueris  | D. poneris   |
| 68. A. hostī    | B. dīvitī    | C. lūdī     | D. lībertātī |
| 69. A. nimium   | B. munus     | C. negotium | D. mel       |
| 70. A. studeō   | B. pareō     | C. fāveō    | D. luceō     |
| 71. A. nobilis  | B. humilis   | C. gracilis | D. facilis   |
| 72. A. iuxta    | B. intra     | C. ob       | D. pro       |
| 73. A. neuter   | B. niger     | C. alter    | D. uter      |
| 74. A. pessimus | B. maximus   | C. minimus  | D. egregius  |
| 75. A. vix      | B. ver       | C. vīs      | D. vox       |
| 76. A. pulvis   | B. sacerdos  | C. custos   | D. homo      |
| 77. A. amicus   | B. hortus    | C. vulnus   | D. annus     |
| 78. A. sentiō   | B. aperiō    | C. dormiō   | D. fugiō     |
| 79. A. propter  | B. audacter  | C. potenter | D. foritier  |
| 80. A. esse     | B. circumīre | C. ferre    | D. accurre   |

Part D – Please choose the correct form to best complete the passage:

Crēta est īnsula antīqua quae aquā altā \_\_ (81) \_\_ maris pulsātur. Ibi ōlim Mīnōs erat rēx. Ad eum vēnit Daedalus \_\_ (82) \_\_ ex Graeciā patriā fugiēbat. \_\_ (83) \_\_ Mīnōs rēx benignīs verbīs accēpit et eī locum in Crēta \_\_ (84) \_\_. Quō in loco Daedalus sine curā vivēbat et rēgī multa et clāra opera faciēbat. Post tempus longum, autem, Daedalus patriam cāram \_\_ (85) \_\_ coepit. Domum properāre studēbat, sed \_\_ (86) \_\_ persuadēre nōn potuit et mare saevum fugam vetābat. Tum Daedalus \_\_ (87) \_\_ cūrīs commōtus filiō suō Īcarō ita dīxit” “Animus meus, \_\_ (88) \_\_, est plēnus \_\_ (89) \_\_ nec oculī lacrimīs egent. Discēdere ex Crētā, \_\_ (90) \_\_ properāre, maximē studeō; sed numquam rebus adversīs vincar. Terra et mare \_\_ (91) \_\_ inimīca, sed aliam fugae viam \_\_ (92) \_\_.” Tum in artīs ignōtās animum dīmīttit et mīrum consilium capit. Nam \_\_ (93) \_\_ in ōrdine ponit et vērās ālās facit. Puer Īcarus ūnā stābat et mīrum \_\_ (94) \_\_ opus vidēbat. Postquam manus ultima ālīs \_\_ (95) \_\_ est Daedalus eās temptāvit et similis avī in aurās volāvit. Tum ālās \_\_ (96) \_\_ fīnī adligāvit et docuit eum volāre et dīxit, “Tē vetō, mī fili, appropinquāre aut sōlī aut marī. Sī fluctibus appropinquāveris, aqua ālīs tuīs \_\_ (97) \_\_, et sī sōlī appropinquāveris, ignis eās cremābit.” Tum pater et filius iter \_\_ (98) \_\_ incipient. Ālās movent et aurae sē committunt. Sed stultus puer verbīs patris nōn paret. Sōlī appropinquat. Ālae cremantur et Īcarus in mare dēcidit et periit. Daedalus autem sine \_\_ (99) \_\_ periculō trans \_\_ (100) \_\_ ad īnsulam Siciliam volāvit.

- |      |               |              |                |                |
|------|---------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| 81.  | A. magnō      | B. magna     | C. magnī       | D. magnum      |
| 82.  | A. quī        | B. cuius     | C. cuī         | D. quem        |
| 83.  | A. is         | B. eius      | C. eī          | D. eum         |
| 84.  | A. dedit      | B. dederit   | C. dederat     | D. dedisse     |
| 85.  | A. dēsīderāre | B. dēsīderat | C. dēsīderābat | D. dēsīderāvit |
| 86.  | A. rēx        | B. rēgis     | C. rēgī        | D. regem       |
| 87.  | A. gravis     | B. gravī     | C. gravium     | D. gravibus    |
| 88.  | A. Icare      | B. Icarī     | C. Icarō       | D. Icarum      |
| 89.  | A. tristitia  | B. tristītia | C. tristītiā   | D. tristitiā   |
| 90.  | A. Athēnae    | B. Athēnārum | C. Athēnās     | D. Athēnīs     |
| 91.  | A. sum        | B. est       | C. estis       | D. sunt        |
| 92.  | A. reperīre   | B. reperiam  | C. repperisse  | D. repertum    |
| 93.  | A. penna      | B. pennārum  | C. pennīs      | D. pennās      |
| 94.  | A. patris     | B. patrī     | C. patrem      | D. patre       |
| 95.  | A. impositus  | B. imposita  | C. impositum   | D. impositae   |
| 96.  | A. umerī      | B. umerōrum  | C. umerīs      | D. umerōs      |
| 97.  | A. nocēns     | B. nocēbō    | C. nocēbit     | D. nocuit      |
| 98.  | A. difficilis | B. difficile | C. difficilī   | D. difficilium |
| 99.  | A. ullā       | B. ullūs     | C. ullī        | D. ullō        |
| 100. | A. fluctus    | B. fluctūs   | C. fluctuī     | D. fluctibus   |