

## 2016 NJCL Heptathlon Test

**Section 1: Derivatives (14)**

Select the English word that derives from each of the following Latin words.

- |          |             |              |                  |             |
|----------|-------------|--------------|------------------|-------------|
| 1. cernō | A. credible | B. secretary | C. consternation | D. cerebral |
| 2. fingō | A. fissure  | B. refine    | C. fiction       | D. fixture  |
| 3. malus | A. maul     | B. dismal    | C. mallow        | D. male     |
| 4. munus | A. common   | B. mundane   | C. ammunition    | D. munch    |

Select the Latin word that is the ultimate root of each of these English words.

- |             |          |           |           |          |
|-------------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| 5. usurp    | A. rumpō | B. utor   | C. sorbeō | D. urbs  |
| 6. renown   | A. noscō | B. nesciō | C. nuntiō | D. nōmen |
| 7. patience | A. pater | B. pateō  | C. patior | D. patrō |
| 8. sausage  | A. sailō | B. sagiō  | C. sal    | D. salus |
| 9. debonair | A. bonus | B. deponō | C. aether | D. aes   |

Select the word that is NOT derived from the same Latin word as the others.

- |     |               |                |               |             |
|-----|---------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|
| 10. | A. conclude   | B. clause      | C. classify   | D. cloister |
| 11. | A. solemn     | B. consolidate | C. soldier    | D. solid    |
| 12. | A. aspiration | B. sprightly   | C. expire     | D. despair  |
| 13. | A. portray    | B. abstract    | C. subtract   | D. portable |
| 14. | A. biscuit    | B. precious    | C. precocious | D. cuisine  |

**Section 2: Vocabulary (14)**

Select the English meaning for the Latin word given.

- |                 |          |              |              |              |
|-----------------|----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 15. hauriō      | A. cling | B. drain     | C. shudder   | D. urge      |
| 16. proficīscor | A. guard | B. depart    | C. promise   | D. obtain    |
| 17. interim     | A. above | B. inwards   | C. meanwhile | D. privately |
| 18. lāridum     | A. fat   | B. wary      | C. uncertain | D. spy       |
| 19. radix       | A. crazy | B. difficult | C. plant     | D. root      |

Select the word most synonymous to the Latin word given.

- |             |               |            |            |             |
|-------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| 20. frustum | A. fragmentum | B. fructum | C. frustrā | D. fractum  |
| 21. reor    | A. cognoscō   | B. foveō   | C. lateō   | D. arbitror |
| 22. bonus   | A. altus      | B. probus  | C. magnus  | D. longus   |
| 23. palatim | A. praeterea  | B. paene   | C. pantex  | D. passim   |
| 24. inveniō | A. quaerō     | B. spectō  | C. reperiō | D. vertō    |

Select the word that does NOT belong because of meaning.

- |     |            |             |            |           |
|-----|------------|-------------|------------|-----------|
| 25. | A. lepus   | B. anas     | C. anser   | D. corvus |
| 26. | A. spatha  | B. pugio    | C. gladius | D. pīlum  |
| 27. | A. auctor  | B. hortātor | C. rector  | D. suāsor |
| 28. | A. incendō | B. undō     | C. torreō  | D. caleō  |

**Section 3: Latin Grammar (14)**

Select the Latin word or words that best express the underlined English word or words.

29. Barry Allen wondered why Zoom was so fast.
- |         |        |          |         |
|---------|--------|----------|---------|
| A. erat | B. est | C. esset | D. esse |
|---------|--------|----------|---------|

30. Oliver Queen was hoping that one day he would marry Felicity Smoak.  
 A. is B. ille C. suum D. sē
31. Steve Rogers chose not to believe that position which Tony Stark held.  
 A. illī B. illīs C. huic D. hīs
32. Jessica Jones was much stronger than the Purple Man.  
 A. tantō B. multō C. magnō D. maximē
33. I did not know whom to trust.  
 A. quī B. cuius C. cui D. quem
34. On the third day, he rose again from the dead.  
 A. trēs diēs B. trēs diēm C. tertiō diē D. tertium diēm
35. Let us remember the truth in the midst of despair.  
 A. meminissēmus B. meminērīmus C. meminimus D. mementōte
36. Justin Bieber wrote many songs for the sake of receiving Selena Gomez's love.  
 A. recipiēntis. B. recipiendī C. receptī D. receptūrī
37. After Caesar became dictator, the empire fell apart.  
 A. postea Caesar dictātor B. Caesar dictātor  
 C. post Caesarem dictātorem D. Caesare dictātore
38. We are all tired of eating peanuts.  
 A. nōs B. nōbīs C. nostrum D. noster
39. The actors were attacked by food following their horrible performance.  
 A. ā cibō B. cibō C. cibum D. cibus
40. The teacher does not doubt that his students will play a prank on him.  
 A. quomīnus B. ut C. nē D. quīn
41. The principal often wonders why the students love Latin.  
 A. amant B. ament C. amārent D. amatī sunt
42. The students were afraid that their teacher would give them more homework.  
 A. ut datūrus esse B. nē daret  
 C. ut dabit D. nē dēdisse

#### **Section 4: Reading Comprehension (14)**

Choose the best answer to the following questions based on this excerpt from Ovid's *Heroides* in which Paris writes a letter lamenting his unfortunate situation across the table at a dinner party from Helen and her lover.

oscula cum verō cōram nōn dura darētis,	1
ante oculōs posuī pocula sumpta meōs;	2
lumina demittō cum tē tenet artius ille,	3
crescit et invitō lentus in ōre cibus.	4
saepe dēdī gemitus; et tē, lasciva, notāvī	5
in gemitū rīsum non tenuisse meō.	6
saepe merō voluī flammam compescere, at illa	7
crevit, et ebrietās ignis in igne fuit.	8
multaque nē videam, versā cervice recumbō;	9
sed revocās oculōs protinus ipsa meōs.	10
quid faciam, dubitō; dolor est meus illa vidēre,	11
sed dolor ā faciē maior abesse tuā.	12
qua licet et possum, luctor celāre furōrem,	13
sed tamen apparet dissimulātus amor.	14
nec tibi verba dāmus; sentis mea vulnera, sentis;	15
atque utinam solī sint ea nota tibi.	16

43. What literary device is found in line 1 of the passage?  
 A. hendiadys B. hysteron proteron C. litotes D. simile

44. In this passage, what part of speech is *coram* in line 1?  
 A. adjective                      B. adverb                      C. preposition                      D. noun
45. What does Paris use to obstruct his view of the interactions between Helen and her lover?  
 A. cup                      B. plate                      C. bowl                      D. book
46. Verbs like *crescit* in line 4 are called \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. frequentative                      B. cessative                      C. inchoative                      D. meditative
47. Why might the food stick in Paris' *ore invitō*?  
 A. he is full                      B. he is in pain                      C. he feels sick                      D. he is upset
48. In lines 5-6, what type of accusation might Paris be making about Helen's character?  
 A. insensitive                      B. wicked                      C. flippant                      D. joyful
49. The word *flammam* in line 7 could best be representing Paris' \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. rage                      B. sorrow                      C. passion                      D. excitement
50. What is the best translation of *multaque nē videam*?  
 A. Many times not to see                      B. Many things not to see  
 C. Many times I did not see                      D. Many things I did not see
51. What ablative construction is found in line 9?  
 A. means                      B. manner                      C. agent                      D. absolute
52. What use of the subjunctive is found in line 11?  
 A. hortatory                      B. deliberative                      C. optative                      D. purpose
53. What literary device is found in line 14?  
 A. oxymoron                      B. metonymy                      C. synchysis                      D. prolepsis
54. Why might the word *luctor* be fitting to use in this passage?  
 A. Paris and Helen are lovers in a match                      B. Paris and Helen don't love each other  
 C. Paris and Helen are playing a game                      D. Paris and Helen are too full to dine
55. What use of the subjunctive is found in line 16?  
 A. hortatory                      B. deliberative                      C. optative                      D. purpose
56. Which of the following best describes the tone of this passage?  
 A. accusing                      B. disgusted                      C. facetious                      D. indignant

### **Section 5: Mythology (14)**

57. What bard taught music to Thamyris, Orpheus, and Heracles?  
 A. Calliope                      B. Linus                      C. Oeagrus                      D. Amphimarus
58. From what river, in which Midas washed away his golden touch, was Croesus sometimes said to gain his wealth?  
 A. Pactolus                      B. Iardanus                      C. Celadon                      D. Sillas
59. Which of the following does NOT belong in this mythological group?  
 A. Hyperenor                      B. Udaeus                      C. Deino                      D. Pelorus
60. With whom did Adonis decide to spend his free third of the year?  
 A. Ares                      B. Apollo                      C. Artemis                      D. Aphrodite
61. On what island was Philoctetes abandoned?  
 A. Delos                      B. Crete                      C. Lemnos                      D. Naxos
62. In the *Aeneid*, what fury did Juno send to stir up a war in Latium?  
 A. Tisiphone                      B. Allecto                      C. Megaera                      D. Erinyes
63. Who was the only person besides Penelope and Odysseus to know the secret of Odysseus's bed?  
 A. Actoris                      B. Eurypylus                      C. Eurycleia                      D. Eumaeus
64. By whose fifty daughters did Heracles father fifty children?  
 A. Danaus'                      B. Erectheus'                      C. Thespius'                      D. Minos'
65. What daughter of Eurytus was seduced by Apollo and married Andraemon, who named the god's son Amphissus?  
 A. Dryope                      B. Doris                      C. Eumedes                      D. Melia
66. What son of Oenomaus, follower of Daphne, had his true gender revealed because of Apollo's jealousy?  
 A. Calisto                      B. Hymenaios                      C. Iapyx                      D. Leucippus

67. With the blood of what animal did Circe purify Jason and Medea?  
 A. cow                                      B. pig                                      C. ram                                      D. dog
68. What legendary poet escaped from pirates to shore by riding on a dolphin?  
 A. Brimo                                      B. Arion                                      C. Idas                                      D. Ischys
69. Everes and Chariclo were the parents of what seer?  
 A. Tiresias                                      B. Melampus                                      C. Idmon                                      D. Calchas
70. What pious and shape-shifting daughter used her powers to (unsuccessfully) attempt to save her father from his hunger?  
 A. Caenis                                      B. Cornix                                      C. Evadne                                      D. Mestra

**Section 6: Greek Derivatives (14)**

Select the definition of the underlined Greek root.

71. diaspora                      A. exile                      B. flee                      C. flower                      D. crop
72. spastic                      A. joy                      B. draw                      C. jump                      D. dance
73. symmetry                      A. measure                      B. angle                      C. equal                      D. together
74. liturgy                      A. chant                      B. word                      C. work                      D. religion
75. dynamic                      A. turn                      B. move                      C. power                      D. change
76. dermatology                      A. body                      B. skin                      C. hand                      D. ear
77. bacteria                      A. staff                      B. germ                      C. disease                      D. cells
78. matriarch                      A. curve                      B. head                      C. person                      D. rule

Select the English word that is NOT derived from the same Greek root as the others.

79. A. monotony                      B. tendon                      C. tenuous                      D. detune
80. A. epoch                      B. eunuch                      C. scheme                      D. beseech
81. A. disaster                      B. monster                      C. astronomy                      D. asterisk
82. A. steroid                      B. anemic                      C. hemorrhoid                      D. leukemia
83. A. economic                      B. ecumenical                      C. parochial                      D. echo
84. A. chorizo                      B. choreography                      C. choreutic                      D. choir

**Section 7: Roman History and Culture (16)**

85. What was the name of the large mechanical siege weapon that hurled rocks?  
 A. ballista                      B. scorpio                      C. aries                      D. onager
86. What month traditionally began the Roman calendar year?  
 A. January                      B. March                      C. July                      D. August
87. The small gift baskets containing food presented by patrons to their clients were known as \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. dona                      B. sportula                      C. salutatio                      D. clientela
88. Who in Ancient Rome would most likely be seen wearing a *causia*, a white hat with a broad rim meant to protect against the sun's rays?  
 A. freedmen                      B. aristocrats                      C. plebeians                      D. slaves
89. Which of the following would have been in charge of the grain supply during the Empire?  
 A. praefectus annonae                      B. publicanus                      C. aedile                      D. censor
90. How long was the *interregnum* between the death of Romulus to the start of Numa Pompilius' reign?  
 A. Six Months                      B. One Year                      C. Two Years                      D. Seven Years
91. Which of the following did Servius Tullius NOT establish?  
 A. Temple to Fortuna                      B. Temple to Diana                      C. Temple to Jupiter                      D. Servian Wall
92. Who was the first *magister equitum* and three-time consul who proposed the first agrarian law in Rome?  
 A. Titus Lartius                      B. Publilius Philo                      C. Spurius Cassius                      D. Gaius Licinius
93. What consul defeated the pirates at Antium in 338 BC, thus bringing the prows for the rostra to Rome?  
 A. Maenius                      B. Decius Mus                      C. Manlius Imperiosus                      D. Annius
94. The folly of Claudius Pulcher led to the victory of the Carthaginians at Drepana under what general?  
 A. Hamilcar                      B. Hannibal                      C. Mago                      D. Adherbal
95. In what year did both Hannibal and Scipio Africanus die?  
 A. 201 BC                      B. 195 BC                      C. 191 BC                      D. 183 BC

96. Where did Caesar defeat the forces of Pompey led by Metellus Scipio and Juba I?  
A. Munda                      B. Thapsus                      C. Ilerda                      D. Bagradas Valley
97. What widow of Drusus revealed the treachery of Sejanus to Tiberius?  
A. Antonia                      B. Drusilla                      C. Agrippina                      D. Julia
98. What governor of Lower Germany put down the revolt of Saturninus in 88 AD?  
A. Ostorius Scapula                      B. Lappius Maximus                      C. Flavius Clemens                      D. Agricola
99. Where did Aurelian defeat Tetricus in 273 AD, thus ending the Gallic Empire?  
A. Catalaunian Plains                      B. Emesa                      C. Immae                      D. Argentoratum
100. Who led the Visigoths in a decisive victory over Valens at Adrianople in 378 AD?  
A. Eugenius                      B. Arbogast                      C. Athanaric                      D. Fritigern