

Grammar Level 1 Contest
for levels ½A, ½B, and 1
Area F Convention 2016

I. Choose the best translations for the underlined word(s).

1. The thief is taking your money.
A) capit B) capiebat C) cepit D) capere E) ceperat
2. The thief wants to take your money.
A) capit B) capiebat C) cepit D) capere E) ceperat
3. The thief used to take money from the citizens.
A) capit B) capiebat C) cepit D) capere E) ceperat
4. The thief had taken your money.
A) capit B) capiebat C) cepit D) capere E) ceperat
5. The large slave was working.
A) magna B) magnum C) magnus D) magnae E) magnis
6. The boy gave a gift to the beautiful girl.
A) pulcher B) pulchra C) pulchrae D) pulchrum E) pulchram
7. The beautiful girls were talking to the boy.
A) pulcher B) pulchra C) pulchrae D) pulchrum E) pulchram
8. The girl liked the beautiful boy.
A) pulcher B) pulchra C) pulchrae D) pulchrum E) pulchram
9. The beautiful boy ignored the girl.
A) pulcher B) pulchra C) pulchrae D) pulchrum E) pulchram
10. The girls, whom the boy knew, walked away.
A) qui B) quae C) quem D) quis E) quas

II. Choose the best answer to complete the sentence.

11. Iuvenis _____ puellam amat.
A) callidus B) callidum C) callido D) callidas E) callidis
12. Iuvenis et gladiator canem _____ vident.
A) sordidus B) sordidas C) sordida D) sordido E) sordidum
13. Puella iuveni _____ osculum dat.
A) benignus B) benignum C) benigna D) benigno E) benignam
14. Puellae ad _____ ambulabant.
A) tabernā B) taberna C) tabernae D) tabernam E) tabernarum
15. Puellae ab _____ ambulabant.
A) tabernā B) taberna C) tabernae D) tabernam E) tabernarum
16. Puellae per _____ ambulabant.
A) viā B) via C) viae D) viam E) viarum
17. Quintus Barbillum _____ videt
A) recumbens B) recumbentem C) recumbentes D) recumbentis
18. Salvius _____ in Britanniā habitat.
A) qui habet multos servos B) quae habet multos servos C) quod habet multos servos
19. Varica magnam turbam _____ videt.
A) quae viam complet B) quam viam complet C) qui viam complet
20. Plaustrum _____ est in viā.
A) quae rotam gractam habet B) qui rotam fractam habet C) quod rotam fractam habet

III. Choose the best choice to answer the questions.

21. What declension does liber, libri (m) belong to?
A) 1st B) 2nd C) 3rd D) 4th E) 5th
22. What declension does manus, manus (f) belong to?
A) 1st B) 2nd C) 3rd D) 4th E) 5th
23. What degree of adjective is pulchrior?

A) Positive B) Superlative C) Comparative

24. What degree of adjective is stultissimus?

A) Positive B) Superlative C) Comparative

25. What degree of adjective is magnus?

A) Positive B) Superlative C) Comparative

26. What degree of adjective is maximus?

A) Positive B) Superlative C) Comparative

27. What conjugation does habeo, habere belong to?

A) 1st B) 2nd C) 3rd D) 4th E) Irregular

28. What conjugation does sum, esse belong to?

A) 1st B) 2nd C) 3rd D) 4th E) Irregular

29. What conjugation does duco, ducere belong to?

A) 1st B) 2nd C) 3rd D) 4th E) Irregular

30. What person is tu?

A) 1st Person Sing. B) 1st Person Pl. C) 2nd Person Sing. D) 2nd Person Pl. E) 3rd Person Sing.

IV. Identify the case for each of the following, using the following key:

(A) nominative (B) genitive (C) dative (D) accusative (E) ablative

31. indirect object

32. direct object

33. with the preposition *cum*

34. with prepositions *a/ab, e/ex*

35. to show duration of time

36. to show time when

37. to indicate motion toward somewhere

38. to show with what means

39. *sperum*

40. *spem*

41. *mensas*

42. *rupe*

43. *lacuum*

V. Identify the tense for each of the following using the following key:
(A) present (B) imperfect (C) perfect (D) pluperfect (E) future

44. amaverunt

45. mollis

46. moves

47. sumus

48. regis

49. amaveram

50. regam

TIE-BREAKERS *Mark the following answers on numbers 96-100 on your scantron*

Choose the answer that does not belong, grammatically, with the rest.

96. A. *nauta* B. *ancilla* C. *auriga* D. *agricola* E. *pirata*

97. A. *dona* B. *mensa* C. *via* D. *villa* E. *cera*

98. A. *villae* B. *domūs* C. *urbs* D. *aedes* E. *sedes*

99. A. *possum* B. *poteratis* C. *potuit* D. *potueramus* E. *potentis*

100. A. *regis* B. *duces* C. *venis* D. *mones* E. *habes*