

**2014 TEXAS STATE JUNIOR CLASSICAL LEAGUE
GREEK DERIVATIVES TEST**

DIRECTIONS: Please mark the letter of the correct answer on your scantron answer sheet.

Prefixes: Choose the correct meaning for each prefix

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|-----------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| 1. <u>dia-</u> | a. through | b. without | c. under | d. three |
| 2. <u>apo-</u> | a. among | b. without | c. away from | d. protein |
| 3. <u>allo-</u> | a. other, another | b. the same | c. self | d. white |
| 4. <u>ana-</u> | a. without | b. up, again | c. against | d. through |
| 5. <u>anti-</u> | a. before | b. while | c. within | d. against\ |

Suffixes: Choose the correct meaning for each suffix

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|-------------------|--------------|------------|----------------|------------|
| 6. <u>-iatry</u> | a. elder | b. learned | c. science | d. doctor |
| 7. <u>-lysis</u> | a. chemical | b. flow | c. set free | d. embrace |
| 8. <u>-phage</u> | a. eating | b. cutting | c. turning | d. bearing |
| 9. <u>-ptysis</u> | a. paralysis | b. view | c. spitting up | d. fever |

Baby names - what might your baby be like based on the name you chose:

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|-------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| 10. Irene | a. lamb | b. glowing | c. peace | d. forever |
| 11. Stephen | a. handsome | b. crown | c. governor | d. helmsman |
| 12. Andrew | a. manly | b. kind | c. smooth | d. born last |
| 13. Zoey | a. belt | b. sought for | c. balance | d. life |
| 14. Chloe | a. a thousand | b. green shoots of plant | c. luxurious | d. delicate |

Dinosaurs - what would each dinosaur look like based on its etymological origin?

15. The *amygdalodon* has teeth shaped like
 a. razors b. almonds c. stones d. pine-cones
16. A *kentrosaurus* is
 a. round b. mottled gray-green c. thick-skinned d. spiky
17. A *barosaurus* is a _____ lizard
 a. heavy b. deep c. wide d. wise
18. The *archaeopteryx* has a(n) _____ wing:
 a. single b. willow-ish c. majestic d. ancient
19. The *sarcosaurus* is a(n) _____ lizard:
 a. agile b. herald c. flesh d. slimy

Give the meaning of each Greek base

- | | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------|----------|------------|-------------|
| 20. <i>aletheia</i> | a. goodness | b. flour | c. truth | d. oblivion |
| 21. <i>deuteros</i> | a. old | b. holy | c. foreign | d. second |

- | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|----------------|
| 22. kuon | a. dog | b. climb | c. march | d. deem worthy |
| 23. xenos | a. dry | b. stranger | c. outside | d. fellowship |
| 24. potamos | a. war | b. friend | c. river | d. bend |
| 25. chrysos | a. green | b. growing | c. gold | d. discovery |
| 26. oros | a. sun | b. straight | c. honey | d. mountain |
| 27. noos | a. new | b. mind | c. well-known | d. friendly |
| 28. lithos | a. straight | b. solid | c. jar | d. stone |
| 29. hedus | a. friendly | b. loving | c. bright | d. sweet |

Myth names! What does the **END** of my name mean?

- | | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------|----------------|----------|------------|
| 30. Andromache | a. battle | b. beautiful | c. queen | d. camp |
| 31. Neoptolemos | a. cut | b. sprung from | c. son | d. war |
| 32. Anticleia | a. famous | b. climb | c. root | d. shining |
| 33. Oedipus | a. wise | b. foot | c. king | d. foul |
| 34. Polydora | a. appearance | b. fame | c. gift | d. crown |

More myth names! What does the **BEGINNING** of my name mean?

- | | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|------------|--------------|
| 35. Leukothea | a. white | b. floating | c. sad | d. withering |
| 36. Telephus | a. shining | b. wall | c. brave | d. far |
| 37. Protesilaus | a. thunder | b. wild | c. bravery | d. first |
| 38. Hippolytus | a. hippopotamus | b. beastly | c. horse | d. seven |
| 39. Parthenopaios | a. Athens | b. virgin | c. equal | d. heretic |

40. According to its root, something that is *ephemeral* will last for only this amount of time
 a. a day b. as long as it is seen c. a season d. an evening

41. According to its root, *calligraphy* is this kind of writing:

- a. in ink b. well-taught c. false d. beautiful

42. According to its etymology, basil is an herb for

- a. a fox b. a king c. an envious person d. one with a fever

43. A helicopter has wings that are

- a. flat b. metallic c. twisted d. above

44. According to etymology, *etymology* is the study of things that are

- a. roots b. names c. true d. original

Which of the following DOES NOT come from the same root:

- | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|
| 45. a. synoecism | b. economy | c. parish | d. cosmetic |
| 46. a. Berenice | b. varnish | c. pun | d. Veronica |
| 47. a. euphemism | b. emphasis | c. phatic | d. prophet |
| 48. a. eukaryote | b. evangelism | c. euphoria | d. eurypterid |
| 49. a. anemic | b. hemophilia | c. energy | d. hematoma |

50. An *oenophile* is a lover of
 a. wine b. roads c. the same things d. compassion
51. Etymologically speaking, a surgeon is someone who
 a. cuts internally b. delves beneath
 c. works with the hands d. knits together
52. The word *gas* ultimately derives from the Greek word meaning
 a. floating b. chaos c. disconnected d. light
53. The flower known as *chionodoxa* appears in the following conditions:
 a. dry b. sunny c. shady d. snow
54. A *xylophone* should be made of
 a. metal b. harmonious notes c. wood d. chimes
55. *Nostalgia* is the pain of
 a. home-coming b. remembrance c. regret d. well-known things
56. *Etiology* is the study of the _____ of diseases.
 a. length b. severity c. causes d. cures
57. *Ailurophobia* is the fear of
 a. flying b. cats c. blood d. walls
58. Etymologically speaking, an *evangelist* is a(n)
 a. holy person b. leader c. elder d. messenger
59. Someone with *agoraphobia* is afraid of
 a. blood b. mud c. heights d. the market-place
60. The word *comedian* ultimately derives from a Greek work meaning
 a. sing b. laughter c. universe d. theater
61. Etymologically speaking, the flower *paphiopedilum* is
 a. insect-eating b. Aphrodite's slipper c. loving to children d. able to be walked on
62. Etymologically speaking, we can tell that the flower known as *cyclamen* is
 a. very tall b. circular in some way c. grows in clusters d. sun-loving
63. According to its etymology, the *hypothalamus* is not actually in your brain, it's under a
 a. spirit b. bedroom c. ledger d. brilliant gleam
64. Pneumococcal bacteria could, according to their etymological root, be shaped like any of the following EXCEPT
 a. berry b. seed c. acorn d. grain

65. The root of the blood disease *porphyria* indicates that instead of normal blood, we should expect to see

- a. thin blood b. viscous blood c. purple blood d. cold blood

66. The suffixe "-ase," as in amylase, or lipase, comes from the Greek word meaning

- a. slime, ooze b. elixir c. agent d. spread across

67. The skin condition known as eczema is literally a

- a. spreading across b. scraping within c. peeling out d. boiling out

68. Someone would be described as *callipygian* in reference to their

- a. shapely buttocks b. nice smile c. agrarian wealth d. clean appearance

69. According to its etymology, the Presbyterian church is governed by

- a. those close to God b. old people c. those "selected" d. the worthy

70. *Nephropexy* is this type of procedure on the kidneys:

- a. slicing b. fixture c. seizure d. ablution

TIE BREAKERS: The following tie-breakers will only be scored in the event of a tie. Please number them 96-100 on your scantron.

96. According to its etymology, *halogen* has to do with

- a. salt b. wind c. light d. ray

97. *Ammophilous* grasses love to grow in the

- a. mountains b. plain c. sand d. mud

98. *Heliotropism* is the tendency of plants to move towards the

- a. earth b. sun c. heat d. nourishment

99. According to its etymology, a *zygote* is a

- a. source b. double c. yoke d. bond

100. According to etymology, *ions* like to

- a. split b. bind c. exist d. go