

2013 TEXAS STATE JUNIOR CLASSICAL LEAGUE PENTATHLON TEST

DIRECTIONS: Please mark the letter of the correct answer on your scantron answer sheet.

Part A – Language Skills

A Story about George Washington



- 1 postquam Britannī et Americānī pācem fēcērunt, rēx Carletōnem, ducem Britannicum,
 2 quī tum Novum Eborācum praesidiō tenēbat, nāvēs cōnscondere cum exercitū
 3 domumque redīre iussit.
 4 illam in urbem Vasingtō lēgātōs suōs paulō post convocāvit. cumque, pauca locūtus,
 5 eōs valēre iussisset, lēgātī, quī cum eō duce annōs circiter octō stīpendia fēcērunt,
 6 lacrimās diūtius continēre nōn potuērunt, sed flentēs imperātōrem dextrā tenuērunt.
 7 lēgātīs dīmissīs, Vasingtō, ut imperium suum dēpōneret, ad urbem statim profectus est,
 8 ubi senātus tum conveniēbat.
 9 cum iter faceret, multitūdīnēs maximae ex oppidīs omnibus ēgressae flōrēs in viā
 10 sparsērunt; et inter fausta nōmina etiam pater patriae est appellātus. sic prōgressus est
 11 usque ad urbem, ubi eum senātus exspectābat; tum, imperiō dēpositō, domum sine morā
 12 contendit, arbitrātus sē iam in praediō iūre dītiosum vīvere posse, sicut fēcērāt, antequam
 13 bellum indictum est.

Vocabulary

Carletō – Sir Guy Carleton

Novum Eborācum – New York

Vasingtō - Washington



faustus, -a, -um – complimentary
 praedium - estate

1. What derivative of the root of **pācem** (line 1) is synonymous with “mollify”? (A) appease (B) pay (C) dispease (D) pacific
2. **quis nāvēs cum exercitū cōnscondere iussus est?** (A) Carletō (B) Vasingtō (C) rēx (D) dux Americānus
3. Which of the following can be a synonym of **tenēbat** (line 2)? (A) habēbat (B) sedēbat (C) manēbat (D) laudābat
4. Which of the following prepositions does NOT take the same case as **cum** (line 2)? (A) ab (B) circum (C) prō (D) sine
5. The best translation of **in** as it is used in line 4 is (A) in (B) on (C) into (D) onto
6. Which of the following is NOT a derivative of the root of **convocāvit** (line 4)? (A) advocate (B) disavowal (C) voucher (D) vow
7. **prō līnē IV, quō cāsū est “pauca”?** (A) nōminātīvō (B) genitīvō (C) accūsātīvō (D) ablātīvō

8. The best translation of **cumque** as it is used in line 4 is (A) and when (B) and although (C) and with (D) and together
9. What tense of the subjunctive is **iussisset** in line 5? (A) present (B) imperfect (C) perfect (D) pluperfect
10. What derivative of the root of **annōs** (line 5) means “lasting throughout the year or through many years”? (A) centennial (B) perennial (C) decennary (D) annular
11. According to lines 5-6, which of the following BEST describes the staff officers after they heard Washington bidding them farewell? (A) **laetī** (B) **trīstēs** (C) **īrātī** (D) **ignāvī**
12. Which of the following is NOT a derivative of the root of **continēre** (line 6)? (A) continent (B) maintain (C) attain (D) retinue
13. The BEST translation of **lēgātīs dīmissīs** (line 7) is (A) having left from the staff officers (B) with the staff officers having been left behind (C) since the staff officers had dismissed him (D) after the staff officers had been dismissed
14. What use of the subjunctive is **ut...dēpōneret** (line 7)? (A) result clause (B) indirect command (C) purpose clause (D) indirect question
15. Which of the following is a synonym of **statim** (line 7)? (A) **extemplō** (B) **tandem** (C) **nēquīquam** (D) **postrēmō**
16. What type of **cum** clause can be found in line 9? (A) temporal (B) circumstantial (C) concessive (D) proviso
17. Which of the following IS a derivative of the root of **iter** (line 9)? (A) reiterate (B) iterant (C) iteration (D) itinerary
18. Based on the third paragraph, which of the following is NOT true? (A) the people felt grateful toward Washington (B) the people readily showed their appreciation for Washington (C) Washington was asked by the Senate to keep his command (D) Washington wanted to return to the life that he had before the war
19. What use of the ablative is **imperīō dēpositō** (line 11) an example? (A) accompaniment (B) manner (C) separation (D) absolute
20. Which of the following CANNOT be a synonym of the root of **arbitrātus** (line 12)? (A) **putō** (B) **populor** (C) **exīstimō** (D) **opīnor**

Part B – Mythology

21. The vulture and the dog are associated with (A) Apollo (B) Jupiter (C) Mars (D) Pluto
22. The River of Fire in the Underworld is the (A) Cocytus (B) Lethe (C) Phlegethon (D) Styx



Figure #2



Figure #1

23. The deity depicted in Figure #1 is (A) Apollo (B) Bacchus (C) Mars (D) Mercury

24. The hero who tamed the creature depicted in Figure #2 is (A) Bellerophon
(B) Heracles (C) Perseus (D) Theseus

25. The plant used by Odysseus to protect himself against the magic of Circe is
(A) Aconite (B) Balus (C) Charm of Prometheus (D) Moly

26. He was given donkey ears because he judged Apollo's music to be inferior. (A) Daedalus
(B) Midas (C) Orpheus (D) Tiresias

27. The Trojan prince who caused the Trojan War was (A) Aeneas (B) Deiphobus (C) Hector
(D) Paris

28. Orpheus had to go to the Underworld to retrieve his wife (A) Eurydice (B) Hero (C) Ianthe
(D) Thisbe

29. She hanged herself in shame after Minerva tore up her tapestry and chastised her for her
arrogance. (A) Arachne (B) Cassandra (C) Erigone (D) Helen



Figure #3

30. The hero sent to bring back alive the creature depicted in Figure #3 is (A) Bellerophon
(B) Heracles (C) Perseus (D) Theseus

Part C – Roman History

31. The Roman Empire reached its greatest geographic extent during the reign of (A) Augustus
(B) Claudius (C) Diocletian (D) Trajan

32. The emperor who supposedly fiddled while Rome burned was (A) Caligula (B) Domitian
(C) Nero (D) Caracalla

33. Britannia became a province of Rome during the reign of (A) Claudius (B) Titus
(C) Antoninus Pius (D) Septimius Severus

34. The emperor who celebrated the opening of the Colosseum was (A) Nero (B) Vespasian
(C) Commodus (D) Titus

35. He purchased the imperial throne with a price of 25,000 sesterces per praetorian guard.
(A) Pertinax (B) Didius Julianus (C) Gordian III (D) Pupienus

36. She was the last wife of Augustus and the mother of Tiberius. (A) Claudia (B) Drusilla
(C) Livia (D) Scribonia

37. This Stoic emperor wrote *The Meditations*. (A) Marcus Aurelius (B) Tacitus (C) Aurelian
(D) Constantine

38. How many Flavian emperors were there? (A) 3 (B) 5 (C) 6 (D) 8

39. The last emperor of the Western Roman Empire was (A) Alexander Severus (B) Commodus (C) Theodosius the Great (D) Romulus Augustulus
40. The emperor who established the Tetrarchy was (A) Julian the Apostate (B) Diocletian (C) Honorius (D) Elegabalus

Part D – Roman Culture

41. The favorite meat of the Romans was (A) beef (B) chicken (C) pork (D) peacock
42. An aristocratic boy under the age of 16 would have worn the toga (A) pūra (B) virilis (C) praetexta (D) picta
43. The type of gladiator who fought with two swords was (A) rētiārius (B) laqueārius (C) andābata (D) dimachaerus
44. The “sauna” in a Roman **thermae** was called (A) apodytērium (B) lacōnicum (C) ūnctōrium (D) tepidārium
45. **mētae** and **aurigae** can be found in a Roman (A) circus (B) amphitheātrum (C) theātrum (D) aquaeductus
46. The minimum age for a slave to be freed is (A) 18 (B) 21 (C) 25 (D) 30
47. The **rēgīna viārum** was the Via (A) Appia (B) Flāminia (C) Aurēlia (D) Sacra
48. The **aquila** of a Roman legion was kept in the (A) praetōrium (B) contubernium (C) sacellum (D) valētūdinārium
49. The Roman author known for writing epigrams was (A) Ovid (B) Martial (C) Vergil (D) Tacitus

50. **Gallia** is represented by #
(A) 18
(B) 14
(C) 11
(D) 10

