



14. Marcellus \_\_\_\_\_ in agrō cum servīs labōrat.  
 A. sē                                      B. suus                                      C. illud                                      D. ipse
15. Cur \_\_\_\_\_, Fulvia?  
 A. lacrimāvit                              B. lacrimāvimus                              C. lacrimāvistī                              D. lacrimāvistis

**Part B: Select the Latin word or phrase that best translates the underlined words.**

16. Ten little children were sitting near the trees yesterday.  
 A. arborem                              B. arborēs                              C. arboribus                              D. arborum
17. I would like both food and water for my horses.  
 A. Aut ... aut                              B. Neque ... neque                              C. Et ... et                              D. Seu ... seu
18. I know that Livia was the wife of Augustus.  
 A. Livia                                      B. Liviae                                      C. Liviam                                      D. Liviā
19. It is not very cold in Texas in the winter.  
 A. hiems                                      B. hiemis                                      C. hiemem                                      D. hieme
20. There have been many famous citizens in the Forum this month.  
 A. sunt                                      B. erant                                      C. erunt                                      D. fuērunt
21. The thief does not want to be seen by the judge.  
 A. vidēre                                      B. vidērī                                      C. vīdī                                      D. vidētur
22. We will live in Britain soon.  
 A. Britannia                                      B. Britanniam                                      C. Britannīā                                      D. Britanniae
23. The students worked on their projects with great diligence.  
 A. magnā dīligentiā                              B. magnam dīligentiam  
 C. magnae dīligentiae                              D. magna dīligentia
24. Agricola est \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. strēnum                                      B. strēnua                                      C. strēnuō                                      D. strēnuus
25. How wonderful you are!  
 A. Quōmodo                                      B. Quam                                      C. Quot                                      D. Quibus
26. We are going to hear their father's speech to the Senate.  
 A. patris                                      B. patrem                                      C. patrī                                      D. patrēs
27. Please give this soldier many rewards for his bravery in battle.  
 A. huic                                      B. eum                                      C. illī                                      D. quem

28. There are so many vehicles here that I can't walk down the street!  
 A. vehiculī                      B. vehiculīs                      C. vehicula                      D. vehiculōrum
29. What can I do to help you?  
 A. tū                                  B. tuī                                  C. tibi                                  D. tē
30. The happy child was shouting and dancing joyfully.  
 A. clamat                              B. clamābit                              C. clamābat                              D. clamāverat

**Part C: Choose the response that BEST answers the question.**

31. Which word would introduce the sentence, "You didn't see that asteroid, did you?"  
 A. Nōnne                              B. Num                              C. Nec                              D. Nōn
32. Which of the following is NOT required in noun-adjective agreement?  
 A. gender                              B. declension                              C. number                              D. case
33. Which verb form is based on the 3<sup>rd</sup> principal part of the verb?  
 A. present                              B. future                              C. imperfect                              D. perfect
34. "Open your book!" is an  
 A. imperative                              B. imperfect                              C. infinitive                              D. interrogative
35. Which of the following nouns is NOT neuter?  
 A. flumen                              B. corpus                              C. virtūs                              D. bellum
36. From which case do you determine the declension of a noun?  
 A. nominative                              B. genitive                              C. dative                              D. ablative
37. Which of the following words is feminine?  
 A. castra                              B. ōrācula                              C. pīrāta                              D. bestia
38. Which of the following prepositions is followed by the ablative case?  
 A. contrā                              B. sine                              C. ob                              D. inter
39. Which type of ablative can be found in the following sentence? *Mīles magnā virtūte pugnābat.*  
 A. means                              B. agent                              C. manner                              D. accompaniment
40. What part of speech is *saepe*?  
 A. noun                              B. adjective                              C. verb                              D. adverb

**Part D: Which word does not belong grammatically?**

41. A. inveniam      B. reget      C. habēbō      D. ponunt
42. A. semper      B. quot      C. cur      D. quis
43. A. cūius      B. fīlius      C. ēius      D. ipsīus
44. A. regiam      B. ordinem      C. uxorum      D. caelum
45. A. necāvistī      B. fuī      C. petit      D. monuērunt
46. A. itinere      B. advenīre      C. capere      D. monēre
47. A. propter      B. ab      C. trāns      D. super
48. A. scribit      B. erit      C. saltābit      D. habēbit
49. A. praemium      B. animālium      C. auxilium      D. nuntium
50. A. celere      B. calidus      C. aurea      D. longē

**Part E : Choose the answer that contains NO grammatical errors.**

51. A. Crās Cicero in Forō ōrātiōnem habet.  
B. Crās Cicero in Forō ōrātiōnem habuit.  
C. Crās Cicero in Forō ōrātiōnem habēbit.  
D. Crās Cicero in Forō ōrātiōnem habētur.
52. A. Iuppiter sum, potens rex deōrum.  
B. Iuppiter sum, potentem regem deōrum.  
C. Iovem sum, potentem regem deōrum.  
D. Iovis sum, potentis regis deōrum.
53. A. Animālia ab agricolā et fēminā suā in agrō spectantur.  
B. Animālium ab agricola et fēmina suus in agrō spectantur.  
C. Animālis ad agricolam et fēminam suam in agrō spectantur.  
D. Animālī ad agricolīs et fēminīs suīs in agrō spectantur.
54. A. Illī pīrātae Graeciam nāvēs eius nāvīgant.  
B. Illae pīrātae ad Graeciam nāvēs illōs nāvīgant.  
C. Illī pīrātae ad Graeciam nāvēs suās nāvīgant.  
D. Illud pīrātae ad Graeciam nāvium eōrum nāvīgant.

55. A. Habēsne chartam, meī fīlī?  
B. Habēsne chartās, mī fīlī?  
C. Habēsne chartam, meus fīlius?  
D. Habēsne chartās, meum fīlium?
56. A. Cum quibus arma pugnābimus?  
B. Cum quis armīs pugnābimus?  
C. Cūius armīs pugnābimus?  
D. Quod arma pugnābimus?
57. A. Rōmānī cōpiae praesidiō oppidō mittēbantur.  
B. Rōmānae cōpiae praesidium oppidō mittēbantur.  
C. Rōmānae cōpiae praesidiō oppidō mittēbantur.  
D. Rōmānī cōpiae praesidium oppidum mittēbantur.
58. A. Sciō cīve urbem servābitur.  
B. Sciō cīvis urbem servābit.  
C. Sciō cīvēs urbem servāre.  
D. Sciō cīvium urbs servāvisse.
59. A. Necesse est servōs dīligerter labōrat.  
B. Necesse est servīs dīligerter labōrāre.  
C. Necesse est servōrum dīligerter labōrāre.  
D. Necesse est servī dīligerter labōrat.
60. A. Claudia dē Vesuviō librum scrībere dēbet.  
B. Claudia dē Vesuvium librum scrībet dēbeō.  
C. Claudia dē Vesuvius librum scripsī dēbet.  
D. Claudia dē Vesuviō librum scrībere dēbēmus.

**Part F : Choose the word or phrase that will best complete the following story according to standard Latin grammar prose.**

Deinde Eurystheus perterritus \_\_\_\_\_ (61) Herculem aprum quendam \_\_\_\_\_ (62) quī illō \_\_\_\_\_ (63) agrōs Erymanthiōs vastābat et hominēs \_\_\_\_\_ (64) locī \_\_\_\_\_ (65) terrēbat. Herculēs laetus negōtium suscēpit et in \_\_\_\_\_ (66) celeriter sē recēpit. Postquam in silvam paulum prōgressus est, \_\_\_\_\_ (67) occurrit. Ille autem simul atque Herculem vīdit, statim summā celeritate fūgit et \_\_\_\_\_ (68) perterritus altā in fossā sē abdidit. Herculēs tamen \_\_\_\_\_ (69) ē fossā extrāxit nec aper ullō modō sē līberāre potuit, sed \_\_\_\_\_ (70) ad Eurystheum relātus est.

(Taken from *Our Latin Heritage*, Book II, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition)

61. A. iussērunt      B. iussit      C. iubēbant      D. iubēre
62. A. capī      B. cēpit      C. capere      D. capiet
63. A. tempus      B. tempore      C. temporum      D. tempora
64. A. illūs      B. illī      C. illum      D. illōrum
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65. A. magnō      B. magnopere      C. maior      D. magnī
66. A. Arcadiārum      B. Arcadiā      C. Arcadiae      D. Arcdiam
67. A. aprum      B. aper      C. aprō      D. aprōs
68. A. timor      B. timōrum      C. timōrem      D. timōre
69. A. ēius      B. eōrum      C. eum      D. eī
70. A. vīvus      B. vīvum      C. vīvō      D. vīvī

**Tie Breakers :**

96. Mater, crede \_\_\_\_\_!

- A. nōs      B. mihi      C. eum      D. hī

97. pōnunt: pōnent :: sunt :

- A. erunt      B. erant      C. fuērunt      D. erint

98. Auriga \_\_\_\_\_ equō dedit.

- A. cibus      B. cibum      C. cibī      D. cibō

99. Vōs ad ludum hodiē \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. eō      B. ire      C. eunt      D. ītis

100. Crās urbem \_\_\_\_\_ aedificābimus.

- A. novem      B. novum      C. novam      D. novōrum