

2012 TEXAS STATE JUNIOR CLASSICAL LEAGUE  
LATIN LITERATURE TEST

**DIRECTIONS:** Please mark the letter of the correct answer on your scantron answer sheet.

1. Whom did the emperor Augustus banish to Tomi in AD 8?  
 A. Lucretius                      C. Cicero  
 B. Ovid                              D. Vergil
  
2. *Fabulae praetextae* were  
 A. plays on Greek subjects                      C. adaptations of Greek tragedies  
 B. adaptations of Greek comedies              D. plays on Roman subjects
  
3. Who wrote poems to Delia?  
 A. Tibullus                      C. Ovid  
 B. Propertius                      D. Horace
  
4. What writer was consul under Nero in AD 68, committed suicide because of an incurable illness, and wrote an epic poem entitled *Punica*?  
 A. Tiberius Silvius                      C. Petronius Arbiter  
 B. Flaccus Balbus                      D. Silius Italicus
  
5. The *Hecyra* was written by  
 A. Terence                      C. Plautus  
 B. Naevius                      D. Livius Andronicus
  
6. Which of the following was a teacher of Pliny the Younger?  
 A. Quintilian                      C. Apollonius  
 B. Seneca the Elder                      D. Tertullian
  
7. Which of the following did Valerius Maximus write?  
 A. *Litterator*                      C. *Facta ac Dicta Memorabilia*  
 B. *Thebiad*                      D. *Moretum*
  
8. Which of the following was an uncle of Lucan and tutor to Nero?  
 A. Pliny the Elder                      C. Seneca  
 B. Piso                              D. L. Gallio
  
9. Who wrote the dramas *Antiopa*, *Atalanta*, and *Niptra*?  
 A. Quintus Ennius                      C. Lucillius  
 B. Seneca                              D. Pacuvius
  
10. To whom did Vergil address his Fourth *Eclogue*?  
 A. Augustus Caesar                      C. Maecenas  
 B. Gaius Pollio                      D. Marcus Agrippa

11. Whose philosophical beliefs did Lucretius follow in his *de Rerum Natura*?  
 A. Plato                      C. Zeno  
 B. Epicurus                  D. Pythagoras
12. Which book of the *Commentarii de Bello Gallico* did Hirtius, not Caesar, write?  
 A. Book I                      C. Book VI  
 B. Book IV                    D. Book VIII
13. On what subject did Vitruvius write?  
 A. architecture              C. geography  
 B. warfare                    D. aqueducts
14. Which of the following characters does NOT appear in a tragedy by Seneca the Younger?  
 A. *Thyestes*                  C. *Antaeus*  
 B. *Medea*                      D. *Oedipus*
15. Statius wrote all of the following EXCEPT  
 A. *Silvae*                      C. *Thebaid*  
 B. *Achilleid*                  D. *Punica*
16. Which type of literature did Catullus NOT write?  
 A. elegy                        C. fables  
 B. lyric poems                D. love poetry
17. An oxymoron is a figure of speech in which  
 A. words of opposite meaning occur in the same phrase  
 B. words necessary for the sense are implied  
 C. succeeding phrases end with the same word  
 D. words imitate sound
18. Lucan's *Pharsalia* is a  
 A. play about lost brothers              C. verse account of the civil wars  
 B. love poem                                  D. treatise on natural history
19. This North African author wrote *The City of God* and *Confessions*.  
 A. Jerome                      C. Tertullian  
 B. Augustine                  D. Ambrose
20. What type of literature is *Phormio*?  
 A. love poem                  C. comedy  
 B. satire                         D. history
21. Eusebius Hieronymus Sophronius is better known as  
 A. Jerome                      C. Eutropius  
 B. Ambrose                    D. Tertullian

22. The Verrine orations were written by  
 A. Marc Antony      C. Seneca  
 B. Cicero            D. Caesar
23. Which author/date pair is INCORRECT?  
 A. 70-19 BC – Vergil      C. 84-54 BC – Catullus  
 B. 106-43 BC – Cicero      D. 102-40 BC – Caesar
24. Which of the following is NOT a Silver Age writer?  
 A. Pliny the Elder      C. Tacitus  
 B. Horace                D. Juvenal
25. Which of the following is an ANAPEST?  
 A. short-long-short      C. long-short-short  
 B. long-short-long      D. short-short-long
26. What did Vergil direct his heirs to do with his unfinished *Aeneid*?  
 A. finish it                C. publish it  
 B. burn it                 D. give it to his nephew
27. Who wrote a cookbook?  
 A. Apicius                C. Petronius  
 B. Vitruvius              D. Quintilian
28. Who addressed his work to Lesbia?  
 A. Ovid                    C. Horace  
 B. Propertius             D. Catullus
29. The \_\_\_\_\_ is a series of letters from women of mythology to their husbands or lovers.  
 A. *Metamorphoses*      C. *Heroides*  
 B. *Suasoriae*             D. *Fasti*
30. Another name for Horace's *Epistulae ad Pisones* is  
 A. *Ars Amatoria*      C. *Ars Poetica*  
 B. *Satires*                D. *Metamorphoses*
31. This author wrote about the seige of Masada in his account of the Jewish War.  
 A. Galen                  C. Origen  
 B. Quintilian             D. Josephus
32. Which 1<sup>st</sup> century author wrote a work on agriculture called *de Re Rustica*?  
 A. Columella              C. Sallust  
 B. Lucretius               D. Lucilius

33. The form of the epigram is thought to have derived from  
 A. tomb inscriptions            C. wedding songs  
 B. traditional letters            D. choral religious pieces
34. Naevius wrote his epic about the 1<sup>st</sup> Punic War in this meter.  
 A. Saturnian                        C. hendecasyllabic  
 B. dactylic hexameter            D. elegiac couplet
35. Which author wrote the story of Cupid and Psyche?  
 A. Tibullus                        C. Apuleius  
 B. Vergil                            D. Catullus
36. Cicero's work \_\_\_\_\_ is also known as *Laelius*.  
 A. *de Re Publica*                C. *de Fato*  
 B. *de Amicitia*                    D. *de Senectute*
37. The 4<sup>th</sup> book of the *Aeneid* contains  
 A. Dido's suicide                C. the fall of Troy  
 B. the death of Turnus        D. a journey to the Underworld
38. The *Apocolocyntosis* of Seneca and the *Satyricon* of Petronius are examples of  
 A. Atellan farce                C. *fabula palliata*  
 B. propempticon                D. Menippean satire
39. Whose *Astronomica* includes a description of the cosmos?  
 A. Valgius Rufus                C. Germaicus  
 B. Pliny the Elder                D. Manilius
40. The playwright Terence was born in  
 A. Athens                        C. Alexandria  
 B. Rome                            D. Carthage
41. The author Servius is an important source for the study of what other Roman author?  
 A. Vergil                        C. Martial  
 B. Cicero                        D. Lucretius
42. A short history of Rome, *Breviarium ab Urbe Condita* was written in the 4<sup>th</sup> century by  
 A. Macrobius                    C. Eutropius  
 B. Philocalus                    D. Ammianus Marcellinus
43. The *Argonautica* was written by  
 A. Valerius Flaccus            C. Silius Italicus  
 B. Lucan                            D. Varro

44. In what year did Livius Andronicus present the first regular drama at Rome during the Ludi Romani?  
 A. 208 BC                      C. 510 BC  
 B. 337 BC                      D. 240 BC
45. Which author wrote *ad Martyras* to a group of imprisoned Christians?  
 A. Minucius Felix      C. Tertullian  
 B. Augustine            D. Cyprian
46. If you are interested in the design and maintenance of aqueducts you would enjoy the works of  
 A. Apuleius                C. Apicius  
 B. Eumenius               D. Fronto
47. Venusia was the birthplace of  
 A. Horace                  C. Plautus  
 B. Cicero                  D. Ovid
48. Patavium was the birthplace of  
 A. Martial                  C. Tacitus  
 B. Ennius                  D. Livy
49. According to his own work, at which battle did Horace throw down his shield and flee?  
 A. Pharsalus                C. Utica  
 B. Philippi                 D. Zama
50. The author of *Xenia* is  
 A. Martial                  C. Tibullus  
 B. Propertius               D. Lucan
51. Which of the following plays is similar to Shakespeare's *Comedy of Errors*?  
 A. *Aulularia*                C. *Menaechmi*  
 B. *Mostellaria*              D. *Miles Gloriosus*
52. Which emperor proposed adding three new letters to the alphabet?  
 A. Claudius                C. Marcus Aurelius  
 B. Trajan                    D. Nero
53. Which author imitated the works of Aesop?  
 A. Phaedrus                C. Statius  
 B. Catullus                 D. Ennius
54. Which poet composed a 408 line epyllion about the marriage of Peleus and Thetis?  
 A. Vergil                    C. Horace  
 B. Catullus                 D. Lucan

55. The Attic Nights were written by  
 A. Aulus Gellius                      C. Apuleius  
 B. Plautus                                D. Josephus
56. In which war did Gnaeus Naevius serve as a soldier?  
 A. Social War                            C. 1<sup>st</sup> Punic War  
 B. 3<sup>rd</sup> Samnite War                      D. 2<sup>nd</sup> Macedonian War
57. To which emperor did Pliny the Younger write for advice while he was governor of Bithynia?  
 A. Hadrian                                C. Trajan  
 B. Nerva                                    D. Antoninus Pius
58. With which speech did Cicero successfully prosecute a dishonest governor of Sicily?  
 A. *in Verrem*                              C. *in Pisonem*  
 B. *in Catilinam*                          D. *in Vatinius*
59. Which author's work records history from Julius Caesar to Trajan?  
 A. Sallust                                  C. Suetonius  
 B. Livy                                        D. Claudianus
60. Whose translation of the Bible is known as the *Vulgata*?  
 A. Donatus                                C. Ambrose  
 B. Jerome                                    D. Augustine
61. The *carmen saliare* is a fragment of archaic Latin used in religious rituals to the god \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. Jupiter                                  C. Bacchus  
 B. Mars                                        D. Neptune
62. Which author said that he had "three hearts" because of his knowledge of Oscan, Latin, and Greek?  
 A. Ennius                                    C. Cicero  
 B. Macrobius                                D. Persius
63. Who was Cicero's secretary?  
 A. Archias                                  C. Caelius  
 B. Tiro                                        D. Roscius
64. Which author's works would someone consult for a history of Alexander the Great?  
 A. Q. Curtius Rufus                      C. Ennius  
 B. Cato the Younger                      D. Naevius
65. The *Remedia Amoris*, which gives advice for overcoming unfortunate love, was written by  
 A. Ovid                                      C. Vergil  
 B. Tibullus                                D. Apuleius

66. Messalla Corvinus was the patron of the author  
 A. Horace                      C. Ovid  
 B. Propertius                D. Tibullus
67. Which author was a jurist under Emperor Caracalla and praetorian prefect for Alexander Severus?  
 A. Papinian                  C. Ulpian  
 B. Justinian                  D. Tertullian
68. The oldest extant Latin prose work is  
 A. *de Amicitia*              C. *de Agricultura*  
 B. *de Bello Gallico*      D. *de Lingua Latina*
69. To whom did Catullus devote his “*nugae*?”  
 A. Nepos                      C. Ennius  
 B. Naevius                    D. Statius
70. The Dialogue of Atticus and Brutus in Cicero’s *Brutus* is a guide to  
 A. farming                    C. architecture  
 B. oratory                     D. old age

TIE BREAKERS: Answer these questions on #96-100 on your answer sheet.

96. Who wrote a Latin translation of Homer’s *Odyssey*?  
 A. Naevius                    C. Livius Andronicus  
 B. Cato the Elder          D. Varro
97. The short poem that begins “*animula vagula blandula*” was composed shortly before his death by  
 A. Hadrian                    C. Vespasian  
 B. Caligula                    D. Marcus Aurelius
98. Which author’s work celebrates the reign of the emperor Tiberius?  
 A. Asinius Pollio            C. Valerius Maximus  
 B. Lactantius                D. Juvenal
99. Agrippa and Pomponius Mela composed works about  
 A. geography                C. reading hieroglyphics  
 B. wine making              D. horse breeding
100. Which of Cicero’s speeches supported legislation to give Pompey the Great extraordinary powers to conquer Mithridates?  
 A. *pro Murena*                C. *pro Rabirio Perduellionis*  
 B. *pro Lege Manilia*        D. *pro Sestio*