

Latin Literature

Area F Convention 2010

Questions 1-25: Identify the author of each work.

1. *Ab Urbe Condita*
A. Livy B. Seneca the Younger C. Seneca the Elder D. Vergil
2. *Bellum Catilinae*
A. Cato the Elder B. Cicero C. Ovid D. Sallust
3. *De Rerum Natura*
A. Horace B. Lucretius C. Martial D. Propertius
4. *Apocolocyntosis*
A. Caesar B. Ennius C. Petronius D. Seneca the Younger
5. *Ars Amatoria*
A. Catullus B. Ovid C. Persius D. Phaedrus
6. *Pharsalia*
A. Apuleius B. Livy C. Lucan D. Tertullian
7. *Origines*
A. Augustine B. Cato the Elder C. Horace D. Seneca the Younger
8. *Aeneidos*
A. Ennius B. Silius Italicus C. Tibullus D. Vergil
9. *Thebaid*
A. Apuleius B. Martial C. Statius D. Suetonius
10. *Annales*
A. Caesar B. Cicero C. Pliny the Elder D. Tacitus
11. *Miles Gloriosus*
A. Augustus B. Juvenal C. Plautus D. Terence
12. *Fasti*
A. Cato the Elder B. Horace C. Martial D. Ovid
13. *De Vita Caesarum*
A. Claudius B. Livy C. Nepos D. Suetonius
14. *Asinus Aureus (The Golden Ass)*
A. Apuleius B. Martial C. Petronius D. Quintilian

15. *Satyricon*
 A. Juvenal B. Martial C. Petronius D. Plautus
16. *Agricola*
 A. Aesop B. Catullus C. Cicero D. Tacitus
17. *Res Gestae*
 A. Augustus B. Cicero C. Pliny the Younger D. Vergil
18. *Ars Poetica*
 A. Aulus Gellius B. Catullus C. Horace D. Ovid
19. *Commentarii de Bello Gallico*
 A. Caesar B. Cato the Elder C. Quintilian D. Sallust
20. *De Republica*
 A. Cato the Elder B. Cicero C. Livy D. Tacitus
21. *Eclogues*
 A. Cicero B. Juvenal C. Quintilian D. Vergil
22. *Liber Spectaculorum*
 A. Catullus B. Lucan C. Martial D. Petronius
23. *Naturalis Historia (Natural History)*
 A. Cicero B. Pliny the Elder C. Pliny the Younger D. Suetonius
24. *Punica*
 A. Cato the Elder B. Caesar C. Silius Italicus D. Vergil
25. *De Civitate Dei*
 A. Augustine B. Cicero C. Ovid D. Tertullian

Questions 26-35: Identify the author of each quotation.

26. “*Odi et amo.*”
 A. Apuleius B. Catullus C. Ovid D. Propertius
27. “*Arma virumque cano...*”
 A. Frontinus B. Horace C. Livy D. Vergil
28. “*O tempora! O mores!*”
 A. Cicero B. Juvenal C. Persius D. Suetonius
29. “*Gallia est omnis divisa in partes tres...*”
 A. Augustine B. Caesar C. Ennius D. Sallust

30. “*Carpe diem...*”
 A. Aulus Gellius B. Cato C. Horace D. Propertius
31. “*O Tite, tute, Tati, tibi tanta, tyrrane, tulisti!*”
 A. Ennius B. Lucan C. Seneca the Younger D. Tacitus
32. “*... cuius similitudinem et formam non alia magis arbor quam pinus expresserit.*”
 A. Augustus B. Lucretius C. Pliny the Younger D. Vitruvius
33. “*quis furor, o ciues, quae tanta licentia ferri?*”
 A. Cicero B. Lucan C. Martial D. Varro
34. “*Facilis decensus Averno*”
 A. Apuleius B. Caesar C. Ovid D. Vergil
35. “*...atque in perpetuum, frater, ave atque vale.*”
 A. Catullus B. Horace C. Quintilian D. Statius

Questions 36-50: Choose the best answer.

36. Which poet was exiled because of his “*carmen et error*”?
 A. Catullus B. Lucretius C. Martial D. Ovid
37. In which city did Vergil die after suddenly falling ill during a journey home?
 A. Athens B. Brundisium C. Capua D. Rome
38. Which author and politician was born at Arpinum and considered a *novus homo* in Roman politics?
 A. Augustus B. Caesar C. Cicero D. Seneca the Younger
39. Which of the following poets was NOT a member of Maecenas’ literary circle?
 A. Catullus B. Horace C. Propertius D. Vergil
40. Which of the following authors did NOT write satire?
 A. Accius B. Horace C. Juvenal D. Persius
41. Which of the following authors did NOT write epic?
 A. Apuleius B. Ennius C. Lucan D. Statius
42. Which of the following authors did NOT write tragedy?
 A. Accius B. Ennius C. Pacuvius D. Terence
43. Which Roman author was best known for writing fables?
 A. Apuleius B. Cato the Elder C. Pacuvius D. Phaedrus
44. Which author was reported in the works of Tacitus to have been Emperor Nero’s *elegantiae arbiter* (judge of good taste)?
 A. Aulus Gellius B. Lucan C. Petronius D. Seneca the Younger

45. What relation was Tacitus to a governor of Britannia, about whom he wrote a biography?
 A. son B. brother C. nephew D. son-in-law
46. How many total books comprised Livy's work covering Rome's history from its founding?
 A. 12 B. 75 C. 124 D. 142
47. Which author spoke out against Mark Antony and his alleged immorality in his *Phillipics*?
 A. Augustus B. Caesar C. Cicero D. Livy
48. Which poet wrote love elegies about his beloved Delia?
 A. Catullus B. Ovid C. Propertius D. Tibullus
49. In one of his works, which author describes the near-sacrifice of Agamemnon's daughter Iphigenia as an example of the cruel and fear-mongering religious practices that he goes on to speak against through the rest of the work?
 A. Augustine B. Cicero C. Lucretius D. Ovid
50. The *Apocolocyntosis* may refer to the resemblance of Emperor Claudius' head to what fruit or vegetable?
 A. Apple B. Artichoke C. Grapefruit D. Pumpkin

**Tie-breakers: The following will only be scored in the event of a tie.
 Choose the best answer.**

96. In the work of which author is the story of Cupid & Psyche found?
 A. Apuleius B. Catullus C. Ovid D. Tacitus
97. Which of the following authors was NOT originally from Spain?
 A. Columella B. Seneca the Younger C. Lucan D. Tertullian
98. Which work includes descriptions of the various deadly snakes of the Libyan desert as an army led by Cato the Younger encounters them?
 A. *Ab Urbe Condita* B. *Histories* C. *Pharsalia* D. *Aeneidos*
99. Which poet wrote love elegies about his beloved Cynthia?
 A. Catullus B. Ovid C. Propertius D. Tibullus
100. From the work of which author do we derive the motto of the United States, *e pluribus unum*?
 A. Augustine B. Cicero C. Horace D. Vergil