

2008 TSJCL Latin Literature Exam

Directions: Select the author who wrote each of the following works.

1. *Aeneid*
 (A) Vergil (B) Horace (C) Ovid (D) Martial
2. *Metamorphoses*
 (A) Vergil (B) Ovid (C) Horace (D) Martial
3. *De Vita Caesarum*
 (A) Suetonius (B) Tacitus (C) Pliny the Elder (D) Cato
4. *Agricola*
 (A) Suetonius (B) Tacitus (C) Pliny the Elder (D) Cato
5. *Historia Naturalis*
 (A) Suetonius (B) Tacitus (C) Pliny the Elder (D) Cato
6. *Mostellaria*
 (A) Plautus (B) Terrence (C) Seneca the Younger (D) Pacuvius
7. *Annales*
 (A) Pacuvius (B) Naevius (C) Ennius (D) Plautus
8. *De Officiis*
 (A) Suetonius (B) Cicero (C) Caesar (D) Cato
9. *Andria*
 (A) Plautus (B) Pacuvius (C) Ennius (D) Terrence
10. *Eclogues*
 (A) Horace (B) Vergil (C) Statius (D) Naevius
11. *Argonautica*
 (A) Statius (B) Silius Italicus (C) Lucan (D) Valerius Flaccus
12. *Epodes*
 (A) Vergil (B) Juvenal (C) Horace (D) Statius
13. *De Bello Gallico*
 (A) Sallust (B) Caesar (C) Cato (D) Tacitus
14. *De Rerum Natura*
 (A) Cicero (B) Lactantius (C) Augustine (D) Lucretius

15. *Noctes Atticae*
 (A) Pliny the Younger (B) Aulus Gellius (C) Fronto (D) Martial
16. *Breviarum de Urbe Condita*
 (A) Eutropius (B) Lactantius (C) Tacitus
 (D) Ammianus Marcellinus
17. *Satyricon*
 (A) Pliny the Younger (B) Silius Italicus (C) Lucan (D) Petronius
18. *Odusia*
 (A) Livius Andronicus (B) Ennius (C) Naevius (D) Cato
19. *Poenulus*
 (A) Terence (B) Lucilius (C) Accius (D) Plautus
20. *De Lingua Latina*
 (A) Cicero (B) Caesar (C) Varro (D) Cato
21. *De Agri Cultura*
 (A) Cicero (B) Caesar (C) Varro (D) Cato
22. *Hedyphagetica*
 (A) Terence (B) Plautus (C) Ennius (D) Naevius
23. *De Vita Beata*
 (A) Seneca (B) Cicero (C) Augustine (D) Marcus Aurelius
24. *Octavius*
 (A) Tertullian (B) Minucius Felix (C) Cyprian (D) Commodian
25. *De Opificio Dei*
 (A) Arnobius (B) Marius Victorinus (C) Firmicus Maternus (D) Lactantius
26. *Apophoreta*
 (A) Juvenal (B) Catullus (C) Martial (D) Lucilius
27. *Pharsalia*
 (A) Lucan (B) Silius Italicus (C) Valerius Flaccus (D) Statius
28. *Consolatio ad Helviam Matrem*
 (A) Cicero (B) Lactantius (C) Seneca (D) Augustine
29. *Monobiblos*
 (A) Tibullus (B) Propertius (C) Catullus (D) Horace

30. *Ad Edictum Praetoris*
 (A) Papinian (B) Julius Paulus (C) Herennius Modestinus (D) Ulpian

Directions: choose the best answer for each question.

31. How many books are in Vergil's *Aeneid*?
 (A) 6 (B) 10 (C) 12 (D) 15
32. Which of these satirists was born first?
 (A) Horace (B) Juvenal (C) Lucilius (D) Persius
33. This poet, exiled by Augustus, said that the reason for his exile was "*carmen et error*".
 (A) Horace (B) Catullus (C) Seneca (D) Ovid
34. How many poems are in the Catullan corpus as it is usually divided?
 (A) 79 (B) 103 (C) 116 (D) 124
35. Who is considered the master of the Latin epigram?
 (A) Martial (B) Catullus (C) Lucilius (D) Horace
36. Catullus wrote poems to a woman he called
 (A) Clodia (B) Lesbia (C) Cynthia (D) Nemesis
37. The eighth book of *De Bello Gallico* was written by
 (A) Caesar (B) Hirtius (C) Augustus (D) Brutus
38. How many books are in Ovid's *Metamorphoses*?
 (A) 10 (B) 12 (C) 15 (D) 18
39. In which book of the *Aeneid* does Aeneas visit the underworld?
 (A) 5 (B) 6 (C) 7 (D) 8
40. The French playwright Moliere based his *L'Avare* on Plautus's
 (A) *Cisterllaria* (B) *Amphitryo* (C) *Vidularia* (D) *Aulularia*
41. Which of these plays was performed first?
 (A) *Andria* (B) *Eunuchus* (C) *Phormio* (D) *Hecyra*
42. The philosophical viewpoint of Lucretius's *De Rerum Natura* is
 (A) Stocism (B) Aristotelian ethics (C) Cyncism (D) Epicureanism
43. Who penned the famous line "*odi et amo*"?
 (A) Martial (B) Cicero (C) Catullus (D) Caesar

44. Sallust's *Bellum Catilinae* is
 (A) favorable towards Catiline (B) favorable towards Cicero
 (C) unfavorable towards Cicero (D) unfavorable towards Cato
45. "The Dream of Scipio" is a part of what larger work by Cicero?
 (A) *De legibus* (B) *De finibus bonorum et malorum*
 (C) *Academica* (D) *De republica*
46. The topic of the third book of Vergil's *Georgics* is
 (A) Agriculture (B) Bee-keeping (C) Animal husbandry (D) Arboriculture
47. How many books of elegies are attributed to Propertius?
 (A) 3 (B) 4 (C) 5 (D) 6
48. Which of the following women does not write her lover in Ovid's *Heroides*?
 (A) Hermione (B) Ariadne (C) Hypermestra (D) Clytemnestra
49. Livy's *Ab Urbe Condita* covers Roman history from its mythical beginnings to the year
 (A) 44 BC (B) 12 AD (C) 31 BC (D) 9 BC
50. Which of these did not write during the reign of Nero?
 (A) Seneca the younger (B) Propertius (C) Petronius (D) Lucan
51. Which of the following authors wrote fables?
 (A) Phaedrus (B) Sulpicia (C) Lucan (D) Statius
52. The longest poem in Latin is titled
 (A) *Pharsalia* (B) *Argonautica* (C) *Punica* (D) *Aeneid*
53. Pliny the Younger wrote the *Panegyricus* to praise
 (A) Pliny the Elder (B) Trajan (C) Lucan (D) Hadrian
54. What novel spins the tale of Lucius, who is turned into a donkey?
 (A) *Satyricon* (B) *Noctes Atticae* (C) *Metamorphoses* (D) *Fabulae Milesia*
55. What author was the tutor to Marcus Aurelius and Lucius Verus?
 (A) Valerius Probus (B) Aulus Gellius (C) Sextus Pomponius (D) Fronto
56. Which of these authors was not a Christian?
 (A) Tertullian (B) Cyprian (C) Commodian (D) Macrobius
57. Which of the following is not a work by Livius Andronicus?
 (A) *Equus Troianus* (B) *Pancratiastes* (C) *Hermiona* (D) *Gladiolus*
58. Which of these did not write tragedies?
 (A) Ennius (B) Naevius (C) Caecilius Statius (D) Accius

59. Sallust was born in the town of
 (A) Arpinum (B) Stabiae (C) Terentum (D) Amiternum
60. Which of the following is not included in the *Catalepton*?
 (A) *Cathemerion* (B) *Culex* (C) *Ciris* (D) *Copa*
61. How many satires did Juvenal publish?
 (A) 16 (B) 17 (C) 18 (D) 19
62. To whom did Pliny the Elder dedicate his encyclopedia?
 (A) Vespasian (B) Titus (C) Domitian (D) Nerva
63. Frontinus is famous for his writings about
 (A) cooking (B) politics (C) aqueducts (D) farming
64. In which books of Apuleius's *Metamorphoses* would you find the story of Cupid and Psyche?
 (A) 1 through 3 (B) 3 and 4 (C) 4 through 6 (D) 6 through 8
65. Who is the author of the *Historia Tripertita*?
 (A) Aurelius Victor (B) Eutropius
 (C) Rufius Festus (D) Ammianus Marcellinus
66. The meter of Ovid's *Fasti* is
 (A) hendecasyllabic (B) dactylic hexameter (C) choliambic (D) elegiac couplet
67. In which speech does Cicero attack Clodia, calling her the "Medea of the Palatine"?
 (A) *Pro Murena* (B) *Pro Caelio* (C) *Pro Milone*
 (D) *Pro Roscio Amerino*
68. The meter of Horace's *Carmen Saeculare* is
 (A) hendecasyllabic (B) greater asclepiadean (C) sapphic (D) alcaic
69. Which of the following is a member of the circle of Messalla?
 (A) Tibullus (B) Propertius (C) Vergil (D) Horace
70. How many satires did Persius write?
 (A) none (B) two (C) four (D) six

THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS WILL BE USED ONLY TO BREAK TIES. PLEASE BE SURE TO MARK THE FOLLOWING ANSWERS ON THE SPACES NUMBER 96-100 ON YOUR SCANTRON.

96. The primary model for the comedies of Terence is the Greek playwright
 (A) Sophocles (B) Aristophanes (C) Aeschylus (D) Menander

97. Cicero wrote letters to his brother, whose name was
(A) Lucius (B) Quintus (C) Marcus (D) Sextus
98. Which book of the *Aeneid* features the nighttime expedition of Nisus and Euryalus?
(A) 6 (B) 7 (C) 8 (D) 9
99. Which of the following is not a character in Petronius's *Satyricon*?
(A) Aristomenes (B) Trimalchio (C) Giton (D) Ascyltos
100. In what province was Jerome born?
(A) Lugdunensis (B) Dalmatia (C) Syria (D) Judea