

Will Daddy

SAS

7. '20

Luongo

CONTEST CODE II

TSJCL AREA F 2008 ROMAN LIFE CONTEST

Mark the best answers on your scantron.

1. Which of the following did the Romans invent?
 - a. concrete
 - b. paved streets
 - c. sewers
 - d. quinqueremes
2. Which would have happened first in the day?
 - a. comissatio
 - b. prandium
 - c. ientaculum
 - d. salutatio
3. What was the punishment for a Vestal Virgin who violated her oath of celibacy?
 - a. to be stoned
 - b. to be hanged
 - c. to be burned at the stake
 - d. to be buried alive
4. In which part of a Roman house would one mostly likely have found a lectica?
 - a. latrina
 - b. hortus
 - c. culina
 - d. cubiculum
5. The festival known as Saturnalia was set in which month?
 - a. February
 - b. December
 - c. July
 - d. October
6. The Lar Familiaris was _____.
 - a. a protective spirit of the household
 - b. the chief priest of Roman religion
 - c. an elected official in charge of public morality
 - d. the oldest member of the Roman senate
7. A type of gladiator with a distinctive fish-shaped helmet was a _____.
 - a. retiarius
 - b. murmillo
 - c. sicarius
 - d. piscator
8. Where would you find a hypocaust?
 - a. under the floor
 - b. on the roof
 - c. in a tomb
 - d. on the battlefield
9. Which one of these would you have worn?
 - a. tibia
 - b. nenia
 - c. meta
 - d. fibula
10. The lorum, furca, and flagellum would have been used _____.
 - a. by soldiers during battle
 - b. in the imperial mint to produce coins
 - c. during food preparation
 - d. as various forms of physical punishment

11. This charm was worn by children and served as a protection against evil.
a. bulla b. fascinatio c. fibula d. defixio
12. What was a thermopolium?
a. a food shop
b. a theater
c. a bank
d. a hot bath
13. For the name Marcus Tullius Cicero, "Cicero" was the _____.
a. agnomen b. cognomen c. nomen d. praenomen
14. A slave dealer would have been known as a _____.
a. tonsor b. pistor c. vilicus d. venalicius
15. Which food was unknown to the Romans?
a. cheese b. pomegranate c. corn d. eel
16. Who would have worn the tunica recta and had their hair arranged into six locks by a spear?
a. triumphal generals
b. brides
c. boys aged 15
d. candidates for office
17. What was most of the Romans' clothing made of?
a. hemp b. cotton c. wool d. linen
18. What is the difference between a biga and a quadriga?
a. the number of horses
b. the number of wheels
c. the number of banks of oars
d. the number of men required to operate it
19. Which color dye came from mollusks?
a. caeruleus b. croceus c. purpura d. niger
20. The first permanent stone theater in the city of Rome was built by
a. Pompeius Magnus b. Marcellus c. Balbus d. Julius Caesar
21. Which were mock naval battles?
a. naufragia
b. naumachiae
c. nomenclatores
d. nauseae
22. Amphorae were used to contain _____.
a. lares b. pecunia c. oleum d. plumbus

23. Which aqueduct is the oldest to have brought water to the city of Rome?
a. Anio Vetus b. Aqua Marcia c. Aqua Appia d. Aqua Virgo
24. On which hill were the grave pits for the poor located during Republican times?
a. the Quirinal b. the Viminal c. the Esquiline d. the Janiculum
25. A major difference between American and Roman law is that in Roman law there was no mechanism for _____.
a. criminal prosecution by the state
b. legal representation
c. incarceration
d. public trials by jury
26. The senatorial career ladder was known as the _____.
a. scalera
b. decemviri
c. tribunus laticlavus
d. cursus honorum
27. Falernian referred to _____.
a. wine b. oil c. a cult d. low, popular comedies
28. Which type of chariot or cart was intended for swift journey?
a. raeda b. plaustrum c. carrica d. cisium
29. Which would you be most likely to play with?
a. panis b. aper c. alea d. caliga
30. "Ubi tu Gaius, ego Gaia" would most likely have been heard at a _____.
a. wedding b. birth of a child c. funeral d. triumphal procession
31. Apartment houses were often the housing for low-income members of Roman society. What were these called?
a. ustrinae b. vestibula c. insulae d. alae
32. Which could NOT be deduced about a person named Gaius Iulius Caesar Octavianus?
a. he was a member of the Iulian gens
b. he was adopted
c. his praenomen would be abbreviated as G.
d. his cognomen was Caesar
33. What would you find in a horreum?
a. flowers b. grain c. women d. lawyers
34. A columbarium was used for _____.
a. offerings to the gods b. pets c. bathing d. burials

35. The term for the warm room in a Roman bath was ____.
- a. tepidarium b. unctorium c. apodyterium d. strigilium
36. Where would you find an inscription containing the words "dis manibus." ?
- a. a tombstone c. a vow seeking good health
b. a curse tablet d. a mile marker along a Roman road
37. A iugerum was ____.
- a. a unit of land measure c. a type of military helmet
b. a drinking vessel d. a form of underclothes
38. Wax death masks of one's ancestors were known as ____.
- a. imagines b. facies c. armaria d. faces
39. The Roman name for the first day of each month was the ____.
- a. pridie b. Ides c. Kalends d. Nones
40. If you were a Roman, which would you have been happiest to find lying in the street?
- a. avunculus b. as c. denarius d. sestertius
41. Which would be most welcome to a Roman cliens to receive from his patronus?
- a. sportula b. stilus c. poculum d. antrum
42. What was the usual-term of enlistment for a Roman soldier?
- a. 5 years b. 10 years c. 25 years d. no fixed period
43. What were entrance tokens for the theatre called?.
- a. clientula b. bolleta c. tesserae d. scaenica
44. Which item would have been worn closest to the torso?
- a. vitta b. caliga c. pharetra d. zona
45. Which type of slave would have been most helpful to a Roman citizen with school-aged children?
- a. nutrix b. paedagogus c. libertus d. nomenclator
46. What was a libertus?
- a. a field slave b. a library c. a scale d. a freed slave
47. What was the purpose of a palaestra?
- a. public education
b. exercise
c. support surrounding the impluvium
d. drainage of rainwater into the compluvium
48. What was Rome's seaport, located at the mouth of the Tiber River?
- a. Herculaneum b. Pompeii c. Ostia d. Brundisium

49. What is the Cloaca Maxima?
- the solar eclipse, when the sun's light is "cloaked"
 - the biggest clothing store (taberna) in the Forum
 - the sewer of Rome
 - the giant cover for the Colosseum
50. The old patrician assembly was called the _____.
- comitia curiata
 - sybillines
 - centumviri
 - senes severiorum

TIEBREAKERS:

Be sure to answer the following **in spaces 96-100** on your scantron.

96. Of what use were strigiles to a Roman?
- scraping off sweat and dirt
 - surveying land
 - straining wine
 - harvesting grain
97. What did an aquilifer do?
- carry water
 - carry a battle standard
 - administer public affairs
 - fight with a net and short sword
98. The Roman ideal woman was expected ____.
- to transmit property to her heirs before her death
 - to marry above her social class
 - to marry only once
 - to instruct her sons in Greek and rhetoric
99. In what trade would pumices have been used?
- wine-making
 - hairstyling
 - brickworking
 - bookmaking
100. What would you have done with a puppis?
- travel
 - remove makeup
 - grind wheat
 - measure liquids