

# 2006 NJCL Mottoes, Abbreviations and Famous Quotations Test

## test code 1019

Choose the **best** answer.

### Section One: Medicine and Science

- |                       |                        |                          |                      |                         |
|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. Au                 | A. oil                 | B. silver                | C. gold              | D. alimony              |
| 2. Pb                 | A. lead                | B. plumbago              | C. polybium          | D. pulmonary            |
| 3. three times a day  | A. <i>tris in dies</i> | B. <i>tertio in duce</i> | C. <i>ter in die</i> | D. in <i>tertio die</i> |
| 4. as the need arises | A. <i>necesse est</i>  | B. <i>pro re nata</i>    | C. <i>quando vis</i> | D. <i>gtt.</i>          |
| 5. NaCl               | A. salt                | B. pepper                | C. sugar             | D. hydrogen peroxide    |
| 6. <i>b. i. d.</i>    | A. twice a day         | B. bitumen each day      | C. when needed       | D. as often as desired  |
| 7. C                  | A. cold                | B. hot                   | C. carbon            | D. with                 |
| 8. Cu                 | A. carbon oxide        | B. copper                | C. noncuprous        | D. coppice              |
| 9. <i>q. i. d.</i>    | A. every five days     | B. four times a day      | C. every day         | D. weekly               |
| 10. Fe                | A. iron                | B. steel                 | C. rust              | D. clay                 |

### Section Two: Law

- |   |                                       |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| 11. <i>cadit quaesitio</i>  | B. the argument collapses             |
| A. a change in jurisdiction   | D. a change in subject matter         |
| C. the question arises  |                                       |
| 12. <i>alius dictus</i>   | B. also known as                      |
| A. with another leader  | D. under another dictate              |
| C. rather prejudicial   |                                       |
| 13. <i>ad vitam</i>   | B. for use during a person's lifetime |
| A. something like a <i>curriculum vitae</i>                               | D. a life support machine             |
| C. from a [living] will   |                                       |
| 14. <i>absolvo</i>  | B. I shall convict                    |
| A. I acquit   | D. I convict with reservations        |
| C. condemnation   |                                       |
| 15. <i>de iure</i>  | B. under adjudication                 |
| A. under jurisdiction   | D. quasilegal                         |
| C. sanctioned by law  |                                       |
| 16. <i>modus operandi</i>   | B. only an argument                   |
| A. method of operation  | D. only beginning                     |
| C. in the midst of the operation  |                                       |
| 17. he died without issue   | B. <i>obiit sine prole</i>            |
| A. <i>olet oleum</i>  | D. <i>abiit sine usibus</i>           |
| C. <i>fuit cum stirpibus</i>  |                                       |
| 18. a partner in crime  | B. <i>primus inter paribus</i>        |
| A. <i>magna pars fui</i>  | D. <i>socer in crimine</i>            |
| C. <i>socius criminis</i>   |                                       |
| 19. unsupported testimony is no better than complete absence of testimony | B. <i>testis unus, testis nullus</i>  |
| A. <i>testamentum</i>   | D. <i>terra incognita</i>             |
| C. <i>do, lego</i>  |                                       |
| 20. beyond legal authority  | B. <i>intra legibus</i>               |
| A. <i>sub iudice</i>  | D. <i>taedium legis</i>               |
| C. <i>ultra vires</i>   |                                       |

Section Three: Give the author of each quotation below.

21. arma virumque cano  
A. Horace                      B. Vergil                      C. Propertius                      D. St. Jerome
22. cum tacent clamant  
A. St. Anselm                      B. Cicero                      C. Diocletian                      D. Sallust
23. beneficium accipere libertatem est vendere  
A. Vergil                      B. Tacitus                      C. Plautus                      D. Publilius Syrus
24. bis repetita placent  
A. Horace                      B. Cicero                      C. St. Jerome                      D. Ignatius Martyr
25. alea iacta est  
A. Octavian                      B. Agrippa                      C. Vespasian                      D. Julius Caesar
26. alere flammas  
A. Vulcan                      B. Ovid                      C. Quintilian                      D. Terence
27. aegrescit medendo  
A. Vergil                      B. Horace                      C. Ovid                      D. Sallust
28. exegi monumentum aere perennius  
A. Vergil                      B. Horace                      C. Ovid                      D. Seneca
29. medice, cura te ipsum  
A. St. Paul                      B. St. Anselm                      C. Hippocrates                      D. St. Luke
30. qualis artifex pereo  
A. Cicero                      B. Seneca                      C. Suetonius, attributed to Nero                      D. Suetonius, attributed to Tiberius
31. quem di diligunt, adulescens moritur  
A. Terence                      B. St. Anselm                      C. Horace                      D. Plautus
32. mendacem memorem esse oportet  
A. Lucretius                      B. Ovid                      C. Vergil                      D. Quintilian
33. voluptates commendat rarior usus  
A. Martial                      B. Juvenal                      C. Plautus                      D. Plutarch
34. da mihi basia mille  
A. Catullus                      B. Propertius                      C. Tibullus                      D. Ovid
35. ira furor brevis est  
A. Vergil                      B. Horace                      C. St. Jerome                      D. attributed to Jesus
36. nil habet infelix paupertas durius in se/quam quod ridiculos homines facit  
A. Juvenal                      B. Pliny the Elder                      C. Pliny the Younger                      D. Aesop
37. nascentes morimur  
A. Manilius                      B. Julius Caesar                      C. Plautus                      D. Seneca
38. diem perdi **attributed to:**  
A. Titus                      B. Claudius                      C. Nero                      D. Diocletian
39. coelum non animum mutant qui trans mare currunt  
A. Ovid                      B. Horace                      C. Vergil                      D. St. Paul
40. nemo repente fuit turpissimus  
A. Martial                      B. Horace                      C. Juvenal                      D. Publilius Syrus

Section Four: Tell with what each item below is connected to or associated with.

41. cornu copiae  
A. Christmas                      B. Athena                      C. Venus                      D. Amalthea
42. ad maiorem Dei gloriam  
A. St. Paul                      B. St. Augustine                      C. the Benedictines                      D. the Jesuits

43. alis volat propriis  
 A. Harvard B. Oregon C. the District of Columbia D. Berlin
44. certum est, quia impossibile est  
 A. *Aeneis* B. *Metamorphoses* C. *De Carne Christi* D. *Tristia*
45. cogito ergo sum  
 A. Descartes B. Louis XVI C. Louis XIV D. Lafayette
46. Dei gratia  
 A. President Bush B. Senator Kerry C. the Queen of England D. the King of Spain
47. magnificat  
 A. Christmas B. Easter C. Jesus D. the Virgin Mary
48. lux et veritas  
 A. SUNY B. Yale C. Cornell D. Arizona
49. ad astra per aspera  
 A. Missouri B. Arkansas C. Kansas D. New Mexico
50. respice, adspice, prospice  
 A. City College of New York B. Carlyle C. Dartmouth D. Notre Dame
51. nemo me impune lacessit  
 A. the U. S. Supreme Court B. the Kings of Scotland C. Congress D. the ancient kings of Ireland
52. in hoc signo vinces  
 A. Augustus B. Claudius C. Constantine D. Tiberius
53. in pectore  
 A. a football player B. a weight lifter C. a physician D. the Pope
54. nos morituri te salutamus  
 A. *gladiatores* B. *aurigae* C. *imperatores* D. *cena*
55. ars gratia artis  
 A. Paramount Studios B. Sony Pictures C. M.G.M. Studios D. Picasso
56. loco citato  
 A. a research paper B. the Bible C. *Aeneis* D. *Ars Amatoria*
57. sic semper tyrannis  
 A. Virginia B. Montana C. Texas D. Pennsylvania
58. montani semper liberi  
 A. Virginia B. West Virginia C. Montana D. Colorado
59. ense et aratro  
 A. Cincinnatus B. the *Georgics* C. the *Odes* of Horace D. an agricultural and mechanical college
60. fides Punica  
 A. *SPQR* B. a Roman victory C. the Battle of Teutoburg Forest D. Carthage

Section Five: Indicate the best interpretation, Latin restatement, or translation for each item.

61. carpe diem  
 A. a daily allowance B. fishing is fun C. a missed opportunity D. take the opportunity.
62. cave canem  
 A. Let's eat! B. Let the buyer beware. C. Beware of the dog. D. Beware of the dinner.
63. eiusdem farinae  
 A. pares cum paribus B. parva leves capiunt animas C. pari passu D. id genus omne
64. ne cede malis  
 A. How do you like them apples? B. Do not give in to misfortunes.  
 C. SnowWhite, don't eat the apple! D. Don't walk with evil men.
65. amicus usque ad aras  
 A. turning swords into plowshares B. friendly fire  
 C. a friend to the end D. a friend of the court

66. nunc aut nunquam  
A. now and then B. It's now or never. C. I am not what I once was. D. Look to the end.
67. fronti nulla fides  
A. always faithful B. Down in front!  
C. The eyes are the mirrors of the soul. D. Don't judge a book by its cover.
68. ex pede Herculem  
A. ex ungue leonem B. fronti ulla fides C. pauca sed bona D. multum in parvo
69. ex parte  
A. one-sided B. judging the part from the whole C. political D. apolitical
70. fides Achates  
A. magnum inimicus B. amicus optimus C. explorator D. libertus
71. forsitan et haec olim meminisse iuvabit  
A. fluctuat nec mergitur B. suaviter in modo C. temporis ars medicina est D. finis coronat opus
72. pace tua  
A. vos amabo! B. si tibi placet C. gratias vobis ago D. libenter
73. in camera  
A. privately B. openly C. judiciously D. pictorial presentation
74. si dis placet  
A. omnibus paribus B. Deo volente C. sic ad deos ibam D. sine mora
75. sero venientibus ossa  
A. veni, vidi, vici B. post festum venisti C. festina lente D. sartor est resartus
76. noli me tangere  
A. Don't touch me! B. a soft touch C. intangible D. Don't kiss me.
77. ex cathedra  
A. extra-ecclesiastical B. in front of the temple C. privately D. with authority
78. non est vivere sed valere vita est  
A. non licet omnibus adire Corinthum B. Carthago delenda est  
C. sed tu ne cede malis D. nemo liber est qui corpori servit
79. possunt quia posse videntur  
A. They can because they think they can. B. Knowledge is power.  
C. They are fooling themselves. D. They came in order to conquer.
80. quis custodiet ipsos custodes?  
A. Who is the *ianitor*? B. Don't send a fox to guard a henhouse.  
C. *bis dat qui cito dat* D. *ab uno disce omnes*

#### Section Six: *A farrago*

Choose the **best** response for each item.

81. festina lente  
**attributed to** A. Augustus B. Tiberius C. Caligula D. Claudius
82. quis desiderat pacem praeparet bellum  
**Who is the author?** A. Vegetius B. Vergilius C. Horatius D. Ovidius
83. quandoque bonus dormitat Homerus  
**from** A. *Ars Amatoria* B. *Ars Poetica* C. *Ab Urbe Condita* D. the *Eclogues*
84. semper fidelis  
A. the Marine Corps B. the Army C. the Air Force D. Paris, France
85. semper paratus  
A. the Marine Corps B. the Navy C. the Coast Guard D. London, England
86. If your JCL sponsor has to take you to an emergency room this week, *di vetent*, he would have to be acting \_\_\_\_.  
A. non compos mentis B. in loco parentis C. loco citato D. ne plus ultra

87. in medio tutissimus ibis  
**from** A. *Metamorphoses* B. *Funus* C. *Mostellaria* D. *Culex*
88. artes, scientia, veritas  
**the motto of** A. the University of Arizona B. the University of Maine  
 C. the University of Connecticut D. the University of Michigan
89. ite, missa est  
**alluding to** A. a hospital B. surgery C. a religious service D. a trial
90. consensus A. opinion B. of all C. count D. agreement
91. the motto of Arizona  
 A. labor omnia vincit B. regnat populus C. ditat Deus D. lex patriae
92. non omnis moriar  
**Who is the author?** A. Lucretius B. Horace C. Vergil D. Seneca
93. seqq. **the abbreviation of** A. sequens B. sequentes C. non sequitur D. sessions
94. e vinculis matrimonii  
**suggesting** A. a wedding B. divorce C. a widow D. childbirth
95. the motto of Maine A. excelsior! B. Deus ditat C. seriatim D. dirigo
96. The term “intramural sports” suggests that sports were once \_\_\_\_.  
 A. played between schools B. played only during the school day  
 C. played only between teams from the same school D. played after school
97. *Cum laude* may be associated with which of the following?  
 A. a certificate for good performance in this mottoes contest. B. a college degree  
 C. a certificate for performance on the National Latin Exam D. all of the above E. none of the above
98. Which of the following tells us what the ancient Romans considered their government?  
 A. senes B. SPQR C. circus maximus D. panes et circenses
99. Henry VIII and subsequent monarchs of England have had the title of \_\_\_\_.  
 A. Fidei Defensor B. Primus inter Paribus C. Tres Mures Caeci D. Fortes E. none of the above
100. vultus est index animi  
**the best interpretation or restatement**  
 A. The face is the mirror of the soul. B. *Puer! Eratne facies mea rubra!*  
 C. The eyes have it. D. *Veritas odium parit.*

FINIS

