

ANCIENT GEOGRAPHY

TSJCL, AREA F MMVI

DIRECTIONS: Mark on your answer sheet the letter of the answer which best answers the question or completes the initial statement.

1. Aquincum, the Roman name, applies to one half of this city.
 - A. Warsaw
 - B. Vienna
 - C. Lisbon
 - D. Budapest
2. The site of Troy is generally believed to have been on the coast of modern-day _____.
 - A. Bulgaria
 - B. Greece
 - C. Italy
 - D. Turkey
3. What name is associated with Aulis?
 - A. Iphigenia
 - B. Sappho
 - C. Aulus Gellius
 - D. Aeneas
4. Mediolanum became
 - A. Marseille
 - B. Milan
 - C. Manchester
 - D. Marburg
5. Which city was the site of the 1992 Olympics?
 - A. Hispalis
 - B. Marcomanni
 - C. Palermo
 - D. Leptis Magna
6. What was the center of entertainment in Constantine's capital, Constantinople?
 - A. Colosseum
 - B. Amphitheatrum
 - C. Hippodrome
 - D. Arena Maxima
7. The Roman Eburacum became _____.
 - A. Iberia
 - B. Constantinople
 - C. York
 - D. Antioch
8. From what ancient people did Romans take the idea for aqueducts?
 - A. Minoans
 - B. Lusitanians
 - C. Greeks
 - D. Etruscans

9. The two most famous Greek colonies were _____ in Sicily and _____ in modern Turkey.
A. Byzantium; Syracuse
B. Syracuse; Byzantium
C. Carthage; Syracuse
D. Carthage; Byzantium

10. The Olympic Games held in Greece were held at _____.
A. the shrine of Zeus at Olympia
B. the shrine of Hera at Argolis
C. the shrine of Apollo at Delphi
D. the shrine of Aphrodite at Corinth

11. Asclepius was the god of healing and medicine. A shrine to him was located at _____.
A. Delphi
B. the Curia
C. Londinium
D. Tiber Island

12. What was the former name of the English harbor city Dover?
A. Aquae Dumnorigis
B. Dubris
C. Bonna
D. Durovernum Cantiacorum

13. What volcano is located in Sicily?
A. Mt. Olympus
B. Mt. Etna
C. Mt. Vesuvius
D. Mt. Parnassus

14. The Parthenon on the acropolis in Athens was dedicated to Athena. This name refers to Athena "_____".
A. The Almighty
B. The Goddess of Wisdom
C. The Compassionate
D. The Virgin

15. The 'Rhodanus' river ran through this city
A. London
B. Larnaca
C. Voorburg
D. Lyon

16. This city was once host of the Winter Olympic Games.
A. Gratianopolis
B. Byzantium
C. Burgundia
D. Narbo Martius

17. Padua's Roman name was:
A. Lusitania
B. Danuvius
C. Avaricum Biturigum
D. Patavium

18. Which country called 'Helvetia' during the Roman empire today provides guards for the Vatican?

- A. Austria
- B. Switzerland
- C. Hungary
- D. Germany

19. Where could you find the Columnae Herculis?

- A. Suez Canal
- B. The Channel
- C. Strait of Gibraltar
- D. Bosphorus

20. Which was farthest north?

- A. Memphis
- B. Macedonia
- C. Sparta
- D. Troy

21. Which was farthest from the city of Rome?

- A. Alba Longa
- B. Herculaneum
- C. Thessaly
- D. Ostia

22. What region is associated with Hippocrates (and is also a type of lettuce)?

- A. Romaine
- B. Cos
- C. Miletus
- D. Boston

23. Which city derives its name from the title Octavian assumed as emperor?

- A. Augsburg
- B. Zaragoza
- C. Principata
- D. Cagliari

24. Which of the following is **not** one of the classical "orders" of Greek architecture?

- A. Athenian
- B. Corinthian
- C. Doric
- D. Ionic

25. Where would an Etruscan have felt most at home?

- A. Tarquinii
- B. Neapolis
- C. Pompilia
- D. Thebes

26. What was home to Vercingetorix, Asterix and Obelix?

- A. Hispania
- B. Gallia
- C. Cisalpinia
- D. Florentia

27. Which city was called Aelia Capitolina?

- A. Jerusalem
- B. Tangiers
- C. Istanbul
- D. Cologne

28. Trajan was the first Roman Emperor to be born outside of Italy. Where was he from?

- A. Spain
- B. Syria
- C. Gaul
- D. Germany

29. To move from her homeland to her new colony Dido would have traveled primarily:

- A. north
- B. south
- C. east
- D. west

30. A modern name derived from the Latin word for camp is _____.

- A. Casanova
- B. Bossa Nova
- C. Santiago de Compostela
- D. Cirencester

31. "The Breadbasket of Italy" might be identified as _____:

- A. Pannonia
- B. Campania
- C. Panopolis
- D. St. Pancras

32. There is a breed of dog named after this region, the coastal strip of Croatia.

- A. Salona
- B. Scardonia
- C. Chihuahuaensis
- D. Dalmatia

33. What was the name of the Dacian capital that the Romans sacked at the end of the second war?

- A. Adamclisi
- B. Sarmizegetusa
- C. Tomis
- D. Marisia

34. The Via Flaminia ran from Rome to _____.

- A. Flaminia
- B. Athens
- C. Fanum Fortunae
- D. Rota Fortunae

35. The low place between the Quirinal, Viminal and the Esquiline and the Forum, a densely populated slum, was called _____.

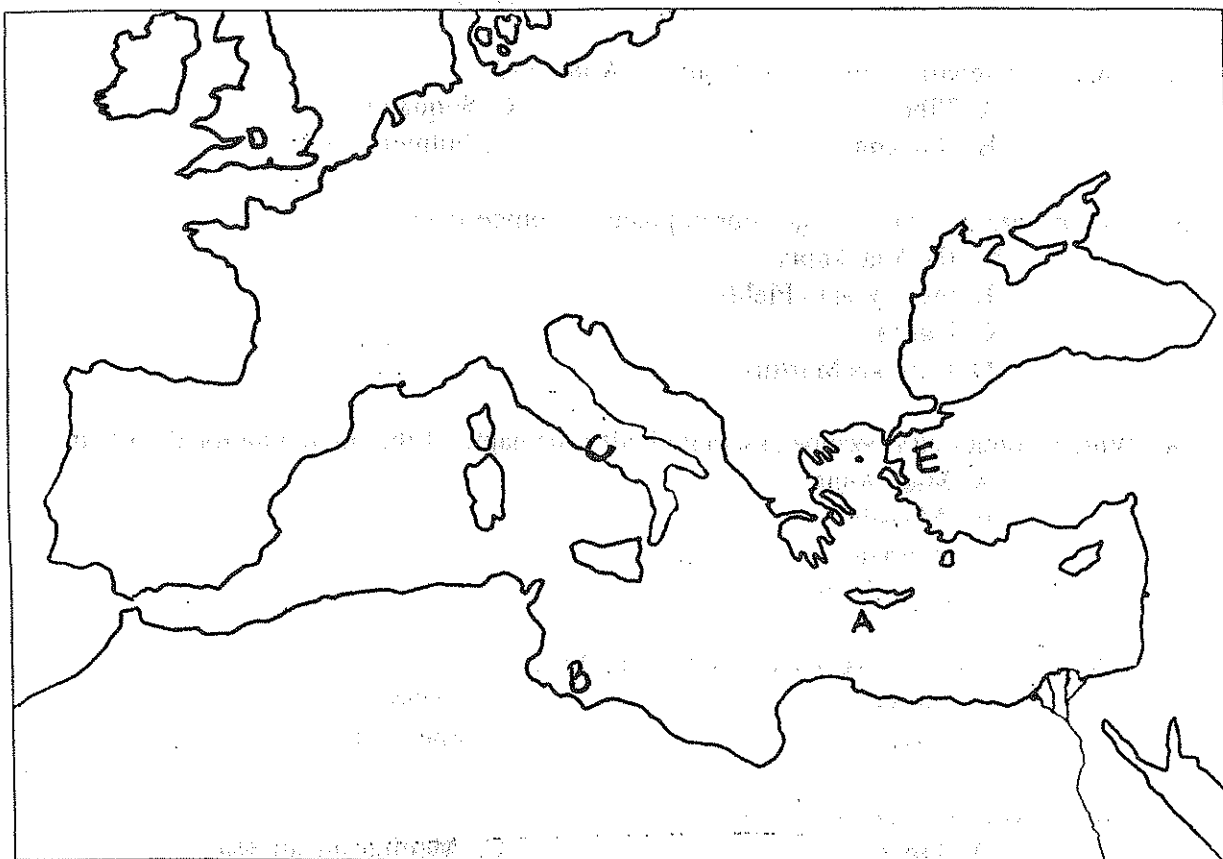
- A. Neapolis
- B. Cloaca Maxima
- C. Subura
- D. Suburbs

36. Which did NOT lie within the city walls of Rome?

- A. Mausoleum of Hadrian
- B. Campus Martius
- C. Circus Maximus
- D. Baths of Caracalla

37. The Apennines are located in _____.
- A. Italy
 - B. Turkey
 - C. Greece
 - D. Africa
38. What river separates the Celts from the Aquitani?
- A. Tiber
 - B. Garumna
 - C. Sequanus
 - D. Flumen
39. Which site became a major burial place for emperors?
- A. the Via Appia
 - B. the Elyssian Fields
 - C. Hades
 - D. Campus Martius
40. Which Roman city became associated with the name of the French national anthem?
- A. Macedonia
 - B. Massilia
 - C. Nemausus
 - D. Cavillonium
41. Which of these was NOT an island in the Aegean?
- A. Lemnos
 - B. Naxos
 - C. Lesbos
 - D. Zacynthus
42. "Mare Nostrum" refers to what?
- A. Tiber
 - B. Cocytus
 - C. Mediterranean Sea
 - D. Aegean Sea
43. Where would you find Caligula's famous pleasure barge?
- A. Lake Nemi
 - B. Lago di Coma
 - C. the Thames
 - D. the Arno
44. The Danube River empties into _____.
- A. Lake Geneva
 - B. the Black Sea
 - C. the North Sea
 - D. the Aegean Sea
45. Which Seven Wonder of the World was located at Rhodes?
- A. the mausoleum
 - B. the Pillars of Hercules
 - C. the Colossus
 - D. the Temple of Artemis

Use the following map to answer questions 46-50. Letters refer to locations on the map.



46. Identify A.

- A. Sicily
- B. Sardinia
- C. Crete
- D. Corsica

47. Identify B.

- A. Hispania
- B. Leptis Magna
- C. Sicilia
- D. Gallia

48. Identify C

- A. Mediolanum
- B. Pompeii
- C. Arpinum
- D. Carthago

49. Identify D.

- A. Macedonia
- B. Etruria
- C. Aquae Sulis
- D. Thebes

50. Identify E.

- A. Carthago
- B. Sparta
- C. Baiae
- D. Troia

Tie-Breakers

96. Our word peninsula comes from Latin meaning _____.
A. wing-shaped C. chief island
B. almost an island D. coral reef
97. What city served as the port of Rome?
A. Ostia
B. Navigia
C. Neapolis
D. Brundisium
98. After the barbarian occupations the Visigoths occupied _____.
A. North Africa C. Spain
B. Jerusalem D. Gaul
99. Which of these was not on the Peloponnese?
A. Sparta C. Argos
B. Olympia D. Pergamum
100. The furthest eastern extent of Alexander's Empire was _____.
A. Mongolia C. Argos
B. Bithynia D. the Persian Gulf

1. Introduction
 2. Methodology
 3. Results
 4. Discussion
 5. Conclusion

The first section of the report is the introduction, which provides a brief overview of the study's purpose and objectives. This is followed by the methodology section, which describes the research design and data collection methods. The results section presents the findings of the study, and the discussion section interprets these findings in the context of the research objectives. Finally, the conclusion summarizes the key findings and offers suggestions for future research.