

Mythology Test 2003

1.	His mother was the fertility goddess Maia. He was the god worshipped by thieves. He put Argus to sleep with his turtle-shell lyre. Who was this swift-footed messenger of Jupiter? a. Mercury b. Talos c. Iris d. Mars
2.	Nourished from the milk of Amaltheia, he escaped the fate of his brothers and sisters with stone-cold deception from his mother Rhea. Who was this Olympian ruler, and which sister did he wed? a. Mars, Aphrodite b. Heracles, Hebe c. Pluto, Persephone d. Jupiter, Juno
3.	Which of the following did Hercules not rescue from torture or death? a. Prometheus b. Theseus c. Hippolyte d. Alcestis
4.	His wife was stung by a serpent, and she died. He weathered the trials in Hades to find her, and he nearly brought her back to the land of the living. If he had waited only a short while longer to look back! This famous singer of songs was a. Orpheus b. Tityus c. Odysseus d. Aeneas
5.	Which was not true about Penelope? She a. was wife to Odysseus c. was a cousin of Helen b. owned a strange bed d. gave a bow to Philoctetes
6.	Who was the father of Calypso who showed no hospitality to Perseus, since he thought him to be the prophesied son of Zeus who would steal from him in Hesperia? Perseus showed him Medusa's head and turned him into a mountain. Later golden apples were taken from him by Hercules in Hesperia. a. Pelion b. Sarpedon c. Atlas d. Iarbas
7.	Which of the following is not true about Iphigenia? She a. was the eldest daughter of Agamemnon c. helps save Orestes from his madness b. was sacrificed at Aulis by Agamemnon d. stops the winds from taking Greek ships to Troy
8.	She was called the rosy-fingered dawn. Her Greek name was Eos, and her lover was Tithonus. By what other name do we know this Goddess who held back the curtain of night through which Apollo's chariot passed? a. Phosphor b. Amphitrite c. Aurora d. Vesper
9.	Clytie was a. an ignored lover of Apollo and transformed sunflower b. the last daughter of Priam and a transformed honey bee c. a student of Minerva and a transformed owl d. a lover of Jupiter, turned into clinging ivy
10.	Finish the following analogy about the Greek gods. Poseidon : the trident :: Dis : _____. a. the bident b. the Aegis c. asphodel d. the Palladium
11.	As a child he was threatened by Hera's two serpents. In rage as a youth he killed his music teacher Linus. Who was this conqueror of Antaeus? a. Achilles b. Apollo c. Orpheus d. Hercules
12.	Perdix was an inventive nephew of Daedalus, thrown from the Acropolis by his jealous uncle. Athena changed him into a a. hand saw b. owl c. partridge d. fox
13.	Which of the following is not true about Ganymede? a. Aquarius is his heavenly image c. He is a son of Tros

	b. He is a secret lover of Aphrodite d. He was snatched to Olympus by and eagle or whirlwind
14.	He or she was a twin of Ares. Who was this trouble-maker who started the Trojan War with the controversial golden apple? a. Arete b. Thetis c. Vulcan d. Eris
15.	Maia was one of the seven daughters of Triton. Who were these sisters and seven stars in the night sky? a. Hesperides b. Pleiades c. Nerieds d. Dioscouri
16.	She was killed accidentally then was added to Athena's name. He died at Troy in the armor of Achilles. Another died at the hands of Turnus. This friend and Argonaut mysteriously disappeared, and Hercules could not find him. Which friend in the following list is not mentioned above? a. Pallas b. Damon c. Patroclus d. Hylas
17.	Residing in an Iron Tower in Erebus, Tisiphone and Megara pursued and tormented _____ after he killed his own mother. Identify both the pursuer and the pursued from this tragic Greek myth. a. Harpies, Jason b. Sirens, Odysseus c. Furies, Orestes d. Gorgons, Oedipus
18.	Who put Zeus to sleep to help some of the gods and the Greeks in the Trojan War? He was bribed by Hera with a bride, one of the Graces. Who was this who flew to Mt. Ida in the form of a bird? a. Phoenix b. Hermes c. Corvus d. Hypnos
19.	Which is not true about the Palladium? a. It was created in the image of Triton's daughter c. Iulus or Dardanus received it, took it into the city b. It was thrown from Olympus by Zeus d. The Greeks were not able to capture it at Troy
20.	Narcissus saw his own reflection, fell in love with himself and became a flower. Who saw a reflection in a mirror shield, decapitated a Gorgon, and married a princess? a. Hercules b. Perseus c. Theseus d. Bellerophon
21.	Conceived by Aphrodite on the banks of the Samois near Ilium, who was the hero who carried his father and led his young son from the burning city? He suffered with a small fleet to arrive in Latium, marry, and become a forefather of the Roman Empire. a. Adonis b. Iulus c. Romulus d. Aeneas
22.	Each of the following is true about Glaucis, except a. Her father was Pelias, killed by Medea b. She burst into flames at the hands of Medea c. She was also known as Creusa or Glauce, famous for once-worn clothing d. She was the intended Corinthian wife for Jason
23.	Both Agave and Amata worshipped which deity in their different parts of the world? Both suffered madness in their lives, killing themselves or someone else. a. Dionysus b. Hermes c. Hecate d. Artemis
24.	Which of the following is not true about Andromache? a. She loved her husband so much that she gave herself to Scamander b. She was punished for her beautiful mother's bragging c. She gave her dead son's clothes to Ascanius d. She was taken by Pyrrhus, son of dead Achilles after Troy
25.	Which animal or creature was an ally to the Hydra by biting the foot of Hercules? Hera made it into a constellation. a. scorpion b. bear c. dog d. crab
26.	Eurylochus, Achates, Patroclus, and Hylas were best friends or seconds-in-command who died in

	<p>stories with which of the following heroes, respectively?</p> <p>a. Odysseus, Aeneas, Achilles, Hercules b. Theseus, Achilles, Hector, Damon c. Bellerophon, Castor, Achilles, Jason d. Pythias, Jason, Neoptolemus, Hercules</p>
27.	<p>Similar to the Biblical story of Deleilah, _____ was bribed with a golden necklace from King Minos, she _____.</p> <p>a. Pasiphae, took the necklace to buy the white bull b. Scylla, cut the red hair of Nisus as he slept c. Nephele, cut her own brother into little pieces d. Depoina, she ate bread fallen from the heavens</p>
28.	<p>It was a miraculous speaking beam from the oaks of Dodona, fitted into the prow by Athena. This beam could be found in (on) the</p> <p>a. Parthenon b. Argo c. Trojan Horse d. temple at Cumae</p>
29.	<p>Pholus or Cheiron is represented in which constellation?</p> <p>a. Taurus b. Centaurus c. Cancer d. Sagittarius</p>
30.	<p>Possessing the epithets <i>Tritogeneia</i>, <i>Promachus</i>, and <i>Ergane</i>, she demonstrated both “champion” and “worker” as she inspired Epeius to build the Trojan Horse. Who was she?</p> <p>a. Artemis b. Chryseis c. Thetis d. Athena</p>
31.	<p>He gave Odysseus his father’s bow, sided with Hercules in his claim to Iole, and then was ironically flung to his death from the walls of Tiryns by Hercules in a fit of madness?</p> <p>a. Pyrrhus b. Iphitus c. Laomedon d. Nessus</p>
32.	<p>Eurytus, Philoctetes, Acastes, and Odysseus have the common element or characteristic of</p> <p>a. being hated by Poseidon c. wounds that wouldn’t heal b. disguise and deception d. being famous archers</p>
33.	<p>After the Trojan War, Odysseus on his way home to Ithaca, and Aeneas on his search for Latium, crossed paths and shared which sailor and where?</p> <p>a. Eurylochus at Circe’s Island c. Palinurus on an island off Italy b. Achaemenides off the Cyclopes’ island d. Mentos on the island of Ogygia</p>
34.	<p>What happened to the Lapith women at the wedding of Peirithous and Hippodameia?</p> <p>a. killed by a pack of wolves c. beaten by jealous husbands b. stolen by drunken centaurs d. all fifty were married to Peirithous</p>
35.	<p>Antiphates and the Laestrygonians</p> <p>a. battled with the Argonauts over the love of the Lemnian women b. fought Dido and her people for the possession of the walls of Carthage c. migrated west of the Pillars of Hercules, creating, then losing, a legendary Atlantic island d. destroyed the fleet of Odysseus, eating any survivors</p>
36.	<p>This major river god fought Hercules over the love of Deianira. After he turned into a bull, Hercules broke off one of his horns which was later used as the cornucopia by the goddess of plenty. Who was this probable father of the Sirens?</p> <p>a. Achelous b. Ister c. Xanthus d. Cocytus</p>
37.	<p>Adrastus was told by an oracle to “yoke his two daughters to a _____ and _____” who were really _____ and _____?</p>

	<p>a. cow and an oxen, Zeus and Hermes c. lion and a boar, Polyneices and Tydeus b. horse and a goat, Silenus and Pan d. earth and sky, Gaia and Uranus</p>
38.	<p>After Hercules murdered his own children, this Phaeacian king purified him. His father was Poseidon and his mother was Periboea. He was a. Alcinous b. Belus c. Nausithous d. Hippocoon</p>
39.	<p>Young Evadne, scared and confused with the pregnancy of Apollo's child, gave birth to Iamus in a field with the help of the Fates. Evadne abandoned the baby in a thicket where what two creatures fed it honey? a. snakes b. bears c. wolves d. humming birds</p>
40.	<p>Laelaps was a reconciliation gift from Minos to Cephalus and Procris. He (it) was a. a magic golden sceptor c. an orphaned son, to make up for their childless marriage b. a never-failing hunting dog d. a love potion</p>
41.	<p>Why did Medea cut her brother Apsyrtus into pieces? a. Hecate demanded human sacrifice for the golden fleece b. It was a stalling tactic to slow the Colchian navy c. His body parts became the dragon's teeth d. She made a potion to make her father young again</p>
42.	<p>Hospitality was the Phaeacians' Arete. What did King Alcinous offer Odysseus during his stay in Phaeacia? a. lotus b. Nausicaa, his daughter c. a chance to meet Telemachus d. a lion skin</p>
43.	<p>From which river in the underworld did dead souls drink the water to forget their past lives? a. Phlegethon b. Acheron c. Lethe d. Styx</p>
44.	<p>Talus was said to have guarded the island of Crete. How was he killed? a. He was strangled by the Minotaur b. He was tortured and stretched on the bed of Procrustes c. Hit by the boom of the Black Ship, he disappeared to the bottom of the sea d. He bled icor from a single vein in his heel</p>
45.	<p>Zeus appeared disguised to her as a satyr. After shaming her father Nycteus to suicide by giving birth to twin boys, her babies were exposed on the mountain and she was forced into exile. Who was this young mother revengefully pursued by her wicked uncle and aunt, but rescued by her miraculously surviving twins, Amphion and Zethus? a. Antiope b. Eirene c. Phaea d. Thalamae</p>
46.	<p>Who was the only one of the fifty Danaides not to follow their father's instructions and kill and decapitate their husbands in their sleep? a. Merope b. Electra c. Asterope d. Hypermnestra</p>
47.	<p>The gods or dryads found the best way to punish Aristaeus for chasing Eurydice, causing her to be fatally bitten. His punishment was to kill his a. snakes b. bees c. olive trees d. shadows</p>
48.	<p>The Lydian outlaw Syleus and his daughter Xenodice were killed by Hercules near a highway with the outlaw's own a. club b. hoe c. grape vines d. mill stone</p>
49.	<p>Pythia may have chewed laurel or bay leaves, gone into a trance, and uttered Apollo's oracles or prophecies at a. Aulis b. Eleusis c. Delos d. Delphi</p>
50.	<p>Who was the pirate/sea captain who sold Auge abroad for King Aleus, and also sold Aerope abroad for King Catreus? When the Greeks at Troy killed his son, he sought revenge by sailing from one</p>

	Greek city-state to another, seducing the wives of Agamemnon, Idomeneus, and Diomedes. a. Nauplius b. Caphareus c. Calydon d. Telamon
51.	Who was this only daughter of Perseus and Agamemnon and the first widow to remarry? Through both Tyndareus and Aphareus, she was the grandmother of Helen, the Dioscuri, Clytemnestra, Lyceus and Idas. a. Gorgophone b. Smyrna c. Calce d. Erythras
52.	Which nymph and Pleiade loved Qeus and was temporarily transformed by Artemis into a doe? The Cerynitian Hind, the Third Labor of Hercules, had its horns inscribed with the name of Artemis by this nymph for helping in the deceptive transformation. a. Maia b. Taygete c. Electra d. Asterope
53.	Which seer coined the phrase “beware of Greeks bearing Gifts,” but was strangled by serpents sent from Poseidon before the fatal words could be spoken? a. Calchas b. Phineas c. Teiresias d. Laocoon
54.	According to Homer and Pindar, Menelaus, Peleus, and Cadmus were all destined to a. kill pets belonging to gods or goddesses c. have sisters abducted by gods and heroes b. be suitors of Helen d. live forever in Elysium
55.	Which of the following is not true about the Greek Diomedes, son of Tydeus and Deipyle? He a. was part of the Epigoni c. offered aid to Turnus against Aeneas b. wounded Aphrodite at Troy d. exchanged armor with Claucis instead of fighting him
56.	What Phoenician princess escaped from her brother Pygmalion, bought as much land on the Libyan coast as a bull’s hide could cover, and finally, chose Aeneas over Iarbas? What did Aeneas call her? a. Anna b. Creusa c. Elissa d. Lavinia
57.	Called the Moerae by the Greeks, these three daughters of Nyx sided with the gods in the war with the giants and also later allowed Admetus to seek a substitute. Who were these known as the Parcae to the Romans? a. Fates b. Graces c. Dioscuri d. Penates
58.	The father of which Greek hero was killed when his wicked brother forced him to drink a poisoned concoction of bull’s blood? This hero’s mother then cursed the usurper brother-in-law and killed herself with a sword in Iolcus. a. Idomeneus b. Jason c. Memnon d. Bellerophon
59.	Aphrodite placed this infant boy in a chest and gave him to Persephone for safe keeping. After peeking, Persephone discovered how handsome he was and refused to give him up. Who was this youth who spent one third of each year with Aphrodite and one third with Persephone? a. Astyanax b. Thersander c. Narcissus d. Adonis
60.	He returned to Thrace and was dismembered at the hands of raging Ciconian women. His head and lyre were buried by the women of Lesbos. Who was this unfortunate son of Calliope? a. Palinurus b. Orpheus c. Hyginus d. Pentheus
61.	Which of the following should not be listed to Palamedes’s inventive credit? a. dice b. certain letters of the alphabet c. chariots d. discovering truth of draft-dodging Odysseus
62.	Polydorus, the young son of Priam and Hecuba was sent for safe keeping during the Trojan War to his sister Ilione. In Thrace he was murdered for gold by Polymestor, but he let his mother know of his foul murder by speaking to her in the form of a a. red bird b. dream, through the ivory gate c. bleeding bush d. bubbling spring
63.	Which daughter of Cadmus and Harmonia was a lover of Zeus and was deceived by Hera into making a poor choice? After she was fried by lightning, the child in her womb was saved and sewn into the

	thigh of Zeus. This child later rescued her from Hades and took her to Olympus with the name of Thyone. a. Europa b. Semele c. Alcmene d. Anticleia
64.	She stopped the battle between the Argonauts Zetes and Calais, and her sisters the Harpies. Who was this messenger of the gods, and daughter of Thaumus and Electra who mostly acted for Hera? a. Camilla b. Celaeno c. Iris d. Medea
65.	He threw his father-in-law Amythaon into a fiery pit, after cheating Amythaon of the bride-price for his daughter. Then, while in Olympus being purified by Zeus, he tried to seduce Hera. What was the name of this shameless man and what was Zeus's punishment for him? a. Phlegyas – sitting in a chair, pending being crushed by a boulder on a thread b. Isander – eaten by swarming ants c. Tityus – staked and eaten at by vultures d. Ixion – chained to a fiery wheel
66.	Cadmeia, which later was renamed Thebes, had stones for its walls that were put into place by a. the lyre and music of Amphion c. the Sphinx and its magical wings b. Apollo's chariot and horses d. the white bull and its golden cart
67.	Machaon or Podaleirius was a son of Asclepius who a. healed Philoctetes of his terrible wound c. was killed by Achilles for not saving Penthesileia b. brought his father back to life d. created a human from parts of warriors on a battlefield
68.	Finish the following analogy. Romulus : Remus :: Polynices : _____ a. Castor b. Eteocles c. Amphitryon d. Laertes
69.	Who was the reason for Odysseus's trip to the underworld? One reason for this Theban seer's blindness may have been that he saw the goddess Athena naked. a. Phineas b. Teiresias c. Calchas d. Actaeon
70.	Named for "the goat" he suckled, this son of Pelopia upon learning his true identity, killed Atreus, then later Atreus's son Agamemnon. He was murdered himself with Clytemnestra by Orestes. a. Eurystheus b. Capricornus c. Aegisthus d. Numitor
71.	Thyestes and Atreus, the two cursed sons of Pelops, debated the one brother to rule Mycenae. Two tests determined the ruler: first by the one to produce a fleece of gold, and then by the one who could a. harness a bull and sow dragon's teeth c. create a shield from the fleece b. lift a special boulder and begin a city wall d. change the direction of the sun's travel
72.	Which of the following is not true about the Argonaut Euphemus? a. His home was at Taenarum, an entrance to the underworld b. He received a clod of earth from Triton c. He ran swiftly enough across the waves that he never got his feet wet d. He could take whatever shape he liked in battle
73.	If I had had my heart broken by some beautiful young man or woman as the case may be, I could bathe in the river Selemnus. Like the youth whom the goddess Aphrodite granted a gift and made the river, I would a. forget all about he or she who broke my heart c. never feel love again, ever b. remember and appreciate a prior true love d. dry off, and fall in love with the very next I see
74.	After winning a prize for singing at Delphi, who challenged the Muses to a contest at Dorium and lost? They took away his sight and his poetic gift. a. Thamyris b. Philammon c. Thalpius d. Phlegyas

75.	Enyo, Pemphredo, and Deino were gray-haired from birth and had one tooth and one eye between them. Who were these three who aided Perseus? a. Graeae b. Symplegades c. Thespieae d. Erinyes
76.	Each of the following was true about Hecate, except a. She was a Titan honored by Zeus after the god/titan degradation b. She aided Demeter in her search for missing Persephone c. She was a goddess of crossroads and was represented by hellhounds of the night d. With Zeus she was the mother of Leto
77.	Poseidon assumed the form of Enipeus and seduced the unsuspecting Tyro, creating Pelias and Neleus who were later exposed in a field and reared by horse herders. When Poseidon assumed the form of Enipeus, he was a a. river b. horse c. whirlwind d. cloud
78.	Favored by Apollo, who became a cypress tree being allowed to mourn forever, after he killed a favorite stag of Apollo's? a. Thessalus b. Haliartus c. Cyparissus d. Gelanor
79.	Which Lycian monster spawned by Typhaon and Echidna, was created from the genetics of the Hydra, Cerberus, and the hound Orthus? From higher ground, its heads, or front parts, roared, bleated, and hissed. a. Sphinx b. Griffin c. Chimaera d. Scylla
80.	Menodice was a nymph of the spring Pegae where she a. joined with Hermaphroditus and became both male and female b. pulled Hylas into the depths of the spring when she fell in love with him c. tried to save Persephone from the abduction of Hades and was turned into a lily pad d. nursed Bellerophon back to health, then gave him a son
81.	Halitherses was a member of the household of Odysseus in Ithaca. His role was a. steward, who took good care of the wealth and stores b. seer, who predicted the return of Odysseus c. chief goatherd, who betrayed the interests of Odysseus in favor of the suitors d. bard or storyteller, who made Penelope cry
82.	Latona was refused a simple drink of water from the peasants in Lycia, and viciously they muddied the water so that she could not drink. What was their punishment by the goddess incognito? a. She turned the land into a desert c. She caused the water to be forever undrinkable b. She turned the inhabitants into frogs d. She flooded the town, making the inhabitants into fish
83.	In the Trojan War, Thersites a. was a Trojan leader in love with Penthesileia c. was disfigured, ridiculed, beaten by Odysseus b. was killed by Achilles when he took Briseis d. sacrificed himself trying to save Cassandra
84.	Whom did Mopsus defeat at Colophon in a contest of prophecy? This loser died of embarrassment and literally of a broken heart. a. Polyeidus b. Lyrus c. Helenus d. Calchas
85.	Fleeing from Zeus, the very beautiful Nemesis changed shapes to escape his attentions. In what shapes did Zeus and Nemesis change when he caught her, respectively? a. swan, goose b. bull, heifer c. eagle, dove d. hound, fox
86.	Which brigand along the Athenian highway forced victims to wash his feet then suddenly kicked

	<p>them off the cliff to a man-eating giant turtle below? Theseus grabbed him by the legs and sent him flying over the cliff.</p> <p>a. Pityocampes b. Sceiron c. Periphetes d. Procrustes</p>
87.	<p>At the war at Troy, who was infamous for selling the lie of the Trojan Horse to the Trojans? Feigning to be a Greek deserter, he persuaded the Trojans to drag the horse inside the city, and then later he signaled the ships and soldiers back.</p> <p>a. Sinis b. Laocoon c. Timon d. Sinon</p>
88.	<p>What was one of Triptolemus's gifts from Demeter for helping to disclose the truth about the abduction of Kore by Hades?</p> <p>a. She gave Triptolemus a dual-Dragon pulled chariot b. She gave Kore to Triptolemus as his wife for three months each year c. She made Triptolemus the King of the Rains d. She gave Triptolemus a golden plough and a bag of seeds that could never be emptied</p>
89.	<p>Meliboea was a special child because she was</p> <p>a. the only child of Niobes's who was not slaughtered by Artemis and Apollo b. the only daughter of Priam who was not killed or enslaved after the war c. the only child of Athena d. the only one of the Telechines who could bring rain, hail, or snow</p>
90.	<p>Who were the only two to generally survive the great flood sent by Zeus? They floated in a boat for nine days and nights, coming aground on Mt. Parnassus. They repopulated the earth with the bones of mothers.</p> <p>a. Megarus and Sithnid c. Cerambus and Lycoreia b. Epimetheus and Pandora d. Deucalion and Pyrrha</p>
91.	<p>Finish the following analogy.</p> <p>Mt. Ida, in Crete : Mt. Ida, near Troy :: Symplegades, in Bosphorus : _____</p> <p>a. Strophades, near Acarnania c. Sinties, near Lemnos b. Leleges, in the Aegean Islands d. Planctae, near Mt. Aetna</p>
92.	<p>Asteria married Perses but was pursued by Zeus. She leaped or was flung into the sea and became</p> <p>a. a star fish b. a quail c. lightning bug d. lynx</p>
93.	<p>Which of the Muses laughed at Aphrodite for falling in love with Adonis? Aphrodite claimed her revenge on her by making her fall in love with Pierus and bearing the child Hyacinth.</p> <p>a. Clio b. Erato c. Melpomene d. Calliope</p>
94.	<p>Who was the strongest of the giants in the battle between the giants and the gods? Filled with lust for Hera, he tried to rape her and was hit with a thunderbolt from Zeus and was killed with arrows from Hercules.</p> <p>a. Tityus b. Otus c. Porphyrion d. Ephialtes</p>
95.	<p>What is Ladon, the offspring of Typhon and Echidna, and what does he help guard?</p> <p>a. hydra, the Golden Fleece c. six-headed monster, Strait of Messina b. hundred-headed snake, the Apples of the Hesperides d. griffin, gold of Proconnesus</p>
96.	<p>The four sons of Phrixus escaped from Colchis with the Argonauts. Which of the following was not one of these sons?</p> <p>a. Argus b. Phrontis c. Melas d. Athalmas</p>
97.	<p>She was a sister of Circe, the wife of Minos, and the human parent of the Minotaur. Who was this mother of Ariadne?</p> <p>a. Nephele b. Pasiphae c. Aphitrite d. Amata</p>

98.	<p>In life, the wife of Ocnus spent his money as fast as he earned it. In the underworld, he was punished by having</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> coins fall from the sky into his purse with a large hole in its bottom a goat chase him to pull a single thread of his clothes, making his tunic smaller and smaller a donkey eat lengths of straw rope as soon as he wove them gusts of wind blow flour that he continually grinds on a flat stone
99.	<p>Who was a cousin of Orestes and partner-in-crime? This faithful companion, and later brother-in-law, helped Orestes in his vengence on Clytemnestra, attempted murder on Helen, and participation in the murder of Neoptolemus.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Pylades Loxias Ectenes Labdacus
100.	<p>Mythical Mathematics. Begin with the number of heads on Cerberus in the underworld.</p> <p>Multiply this number by the number of sisters of the goddess Vesta</p> <p>Multiply this number by the famous “ <u>(Number)</u> Against Thebes”</p> <p>Subtract from this number the number of daughter(s) of Demeter with Zeus</p> <p>Multiply this number by the number of rivers in the underworld</p> <p>Multiply this number by the number of Dioscuri</p> <p>Add to this number the number of legs on a centaur</p> <p>Subtract from this number the number of gods born to Cronus and Rhea, both swallowed and not</p> <p>Your final calculation should be</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> CCXLIV CCCXCVIII CDVIII DCXVIII