

2002 TSJCL LATIN DERIVATIVES TEST

Numbers 96 – 100 will be scored only to break ties.

Section One: Tell which word does not come from the same Latin element.

1. A. degree B. gradual C. degrade D. pedigree
2. A. conspire B. spiral C. spirituality D. perspiration
3. A. onerous B. onus C. onager D. once
4. A. pediatrician B. pioneer C. pedestrian D. pawn
5. A. legislature B. lecture C. illegible D. delegate
6. A. potent B. possible C. disposable D. potency
7. A. regulate B. regal C. reign D. reality
8. A. transfer B. translate C. offer D. ferric
9. A. ablative B. lateral C. oblate D. offertory
10. A. abject B. conjure C. abjure D. jury

Section Two: Tell the meaning of the Latin element or elements from which each is derived.

11. advocacy A. law B. call C. precede D. tell
12. permanent A. thoroughly and remain B. through and remain
C. through and curl D. thoroughly and curl
13. mission A. religion B. send C. tell D. preach
14. transpose A. place B. be able C. play D. write music
15. scrip A. draw B. money C. write D. old

- 16. immortal A. god B. live C. die D. heavenly
- 17. exhaust A. drain B. paint C. breathe D. gas
- 18. dative A. noun B. case C. teach D. give
- 19. disposition A. apart and place B. out of and put
C. in and place D. off and put
- 20. confederacy A. together and fight B. together and travel
C. with and faith D. with and eat

Section Three: Tell the Latin element from which each item derives.

- 21. canine A. canis B. cano C. canto D. cantor
- 22. once A. unus B. onus C. octavus D. onerosus
- 23. conventual A. venio B. ventus C. veho D. vexo
- 24. residual A. sedeo B. sed C. reus D. rhetor
- 25. dysfunctional A. fungor B. fundo C. fallo D. funus
- 26. straw A. stringo B. surgo C. sterno D. status
- 27. royal A. rogo B. rego C. rostra D. rosa
- 28. crucial A. crux B. cruentum C. crudelis D. cruor
- 29. nascent A. nanciscor B. nascor C. nasus D. scindo
- 30. taint A. tingo B. tempus C. talis D. tam

Section Four: Choose the derivative that best completes each sentence. Always consider Latin elements and their meaning when selecting your answer.

- 31. The young man was pale not because of ill health but because of a defect in ____.
A. tincture B. cincture C. pigmentation D. alimentation
- 32. Many members of the ____ party believe that they care more than others about personal freedoms.
A. Democrat B. Republican C. Libertarian D. Socialist
- 33. We were watching from the pier when the submarine totally ____.
A. metamorphosed B. sank C. submerged D. transmogrified

34. We call it an elevator because it, in effect, makes things ____.
- A. rise B. light C. movable D. airy
35. The young boxer was a truly fantastic ____.
- A. pugilist B. technician C. artisan D. student
36. The workman was known for beautiful ____ of iron.
- A. rustication B. fabrication C. painting D. twisting
37. The mad scientist had a twisted mind, and he devised horrible methods for ____ animals.
- A. torturing B. experimenting C. theorizing D. cremating
38. The monkey trainer had been around his animals so long that he had taken on ____ features.
- A. arachnid B. canine C. leonine D. simian
39. Another name for a giraffe is ____.
- A. cameleopard B. equestrian C. bovine D. ovine
40. Although we thought he was not worth his salt, we knew that the man ____.
- A. was a good engineer B. manufactured pyrotechnics
C. was paid a big salary D. needed further training at our expense

Section Five: Give the antonym for each Latin derivative. The antonym will not necessarily be derived from Latin.

41. malignant A. benign B. significant C. malicious
D. inexcusable
42. benefactor A. salesman B. renter C. criminal
D. executioner
43. valetudinarian A. someone in good health B. someone needing glasses
C. invalid D. physician
44. veto A. deny B. reciprocate C. approve
D. write off
45. acceptance A. removal B. accession C. denial
D. accusation
46. acquire A. sell B. buy C. obtain D. lose

Section Seven: Give the meaning of the Latin element UNDERLINED AND IN CAPITAL LETTERS found in each item.

- 61. VENDor A. sell B. buy C. machine D. value
- 62. RETROspect A. look B. backward C. in front of D. forward
- 63. inFLAMMAtory A. fire B. flame C. star D. heat
- 64. ITINerary A. journey B. day C. again D. back
- 65. conCAVE A. high B. hollow C. mountainous D. beware
- 66. THUMB A. mound B. finger C. large D. digit
- 67. GRAVity A. weight B. force C. pay D. hang
- 68. SHRIVE A. forgive B. sin C. write D. cleanse
- 69. imperVIous A. strength B. man C. estate D. way
- 70. SANGUINary A. health B. color C. red D. blood

Numbers 96 – 100 will scored only to break ties.

- 96. Which of the following has a different Latin derivation from the rest?
 A. tumescent B. tomb C. thumb D. tumble
 E. tumor
- 97. What is the Latin word from which we derive *habitation*?
 A. *habere* B. *habitum* C. *habitare* D. *habens*
- 98. What is the synonym of *fragment*?
 A. piece B. broken C. whole D. weakness
 E. strength
- 99. What is the antonym of *convoluted*?
 A. simple B. tangled C. valuable D. distraught
 E. instructive
- 100. What is the meaning of the Latin element UNDERLINED AND IN ALL CAPITALS?
SPECTRe
 A. ghost B. reveal C. appear D. look at
 E. phantom

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