

2002 Area F Latin Literature

1. Who of the following authors wrote during the Republic?
a) Horace b) Pliny the Elder c) Apuleius d) Plautus
2. According to Ovid, what was the first age of man?
a) gold b) silver c) bronze d) heroes
3. Julius Caesar is best known for writing what type of literature?
a) epigrams b) commentaries c) mythologies d) plays
4. Which of the following Vergilian works was first published?
a) *Aeneid* b) *Georgics* c) *Bucolics*
5. The banquet scene in *The Satyricon* is hosted by which man?
a) Nero b) Trimalchio c) Augustus d) Pseudolus
6. The typical meter of epic is _____.
a) glyconic b) sapphic strophe c) dactylic hexameter d) hendecasyllables
7. What is the title to Livy's history of Rome?
a) *Epistulae* b) *Ab urbe condita* c) *Carmina* d) *Chronicle*
8. What style of writing did the Romans consider their own creation?
a) history b) comedy c) satire d) philosophy
9. Who was considered the foremost writer of Old Comedy?
a) Plautus b) Terence c) Ovid d) Tacitus
10. Lucan's *Pharsalia* is also called _____.
a) *Bellum Civile* b) *Carmina* c) *De rerum natura* d) *Silvae*
11. The Silver Age of Latin Literature was overseen by which emperor?
a) Augustus b) Tiberius c) Crassus d) Nero
12. St. Augustine was born in what African country?
a) Numidia b) Egypt c) Ethiopia d) Sudan

13. Which author wrote *Amores* and *Fasti*?
a) Sallust b) Ovid c) Tibullus d) Naevius
14. Cicero gave what name to Catullus and his circle of poets?
a) *neoteri* b) *stulti* c) transcendentalists d) *auctores*
15. Who wrote both *Bellum Catilinae* and *Bellum Jugurthae*?
a) Jerome b) Caesar c) Sallust d) Horace
16. Fabius Pictor wrote what type of literature?
a) history b) satire c) comedy d) idylls
17. What 3rd c. B.C. author wrote *Equos Troianus*?
a) Livius Andronicus b) Livy c) Pliny d) Jugurtha
18. Which Ciceronian treatise dealt with one's duties?
a) *de senectute* b) *de officiis* c) *de finibus* d) *de amicitia*
19. What philosophy was the basis for *De Rerum Natura*?
a) stoicism b) epicureanism c) taoism d) cynicism
20. Horace wrote all of the following except _____.
a) Epodes b) *Empedoclea* c) Odes d) *Carmen Saeculare*
21. In what work did Augustus write of his own deeds?
a) *Historiae* b) *De me* c) *Res Gestae* d) *Cur non*
22. Aulus Gellius' *Attic Nights* is now lost.
a) true b) false
23. What famous grammarian was the tutor to Pliny the Younger and probably Tacitus?
a) Fronto b) Propertius c) Marcellus d) Quintilian
24. St. Augustine was the first great Christian author.
a) true b) false
25. In the *corpus Tibullianum*, who is the author of book 3?
a) Horace b) Lygdamus c) Corinna d) Monobobus

26. Who was Cicero's best friend and recipient of numerous letters?
a) Marcus b) Tullius c) Quintus d) Atticus
27. In which book of the *Aeneid* is the tragic story of Dido?
a) 1 b) 2 c) 3 d) 4
28. Vergil was said by some to have delivered a prophesy of Jesus.
a) true b) false
29. Persius wrote what genre of literature?
a) history b) comedy c) satire d) philosophy
30. A first-hand account of Vesuvius' eruption is still extant.
a) true b) false
31. Who was famous for constantly uttering *Carthago delenda est*?
a) Cato b) Augustus c) Scipio d) Naevius
32. Terence wrote all of the following except:
a) *Eunuchus* b) *Hecyra* c) *Nubes* d) *Andria*
33. Who brought an extensive library to Rome after the Macedonian Wars?
a) Scipio b) Varro c) Horace d) Augustus
34. Statius wrote during what historical period?
a) Augustine b) Neronian c) Flavian d) Justinian
35. Who wrote of the pumpkinification (*Apocolocyntosis*) of Claudius?
a) Seneca b) Livy c) Tibullus d) Statius
36. What was the name of Catullus' girlfriend?
a) Corinna b) Lesbia c) Cynthia d) Ethel
37. Propertius wrote love elegies.
a) true b) false
38. Nero was an avid supporter of the arts and literature.
a) true b) false

39. Which author is best known for writing epigrams?
a) Vergil b) Lucan c) Ennius d) Martial
40. What was the last piece that Vergil wrote?
a) *Aeneid* b) *Georgics* c) *Bucolics*
41. What is the name of Statius' poem praising Domitian?
a) *Silvae* b) *Thebaid* c) *De Bello Germanico* d) *Agave*
42. Menippean satire was employed by whom?
a) Petronius b) Vergil c) Ovid d) Cicero
43. Ovid wrote a poem on women's cosmetics.
a) true b) false
44. All of the following are in Maecenas' circle except:
a) Vergil b) Varius c) Horace d) Livy
45. Who speaks for Cicero in his *de Senectute*?
a) Cicero b) Cato the Elder c) Marcus d) Antony
46. All of the following are neoteric poets: Calvus, Cinna, Varro Atacinus, Valerius Cato.
a) true b) false
47. What is the most famous work of St. Jerome?
a) *Vulgata* b) *Attica Noctes* c) *Epistulae* d) *Confessiones*
48. St. Ambrose wrote all of the following: *De Virginibus*, *De Nabuthae*, *De Sacramentis*.
a) true b) false
49. Who wrote extensive biographies on the earliest emperors?
a) Flaccus b) Suetonius c) Contonius d) Naeivus
50. The novel was non-existent in the ancient world.
a) true b) false

TIE BREAKERS

These will only be scored in the event of a tie.

51. Which modern country (and its conquest) did Julius Caesar write of?
a) Ireland b) Portugal c) France d) Austria
52. What Humanist is most responsible for re-compiling Livy's work?
a) Salutati b) Martini c) Petrarch d) Bocaccio
53. The elegiac poet must always live happily ever after.
a) true b) false
54. What emperor commissioned Horace to write on the secular games?
a) Augustus b) Tiberius c) Nero d) Galba
55. At Cumae, Aeneas enters the Underworld under whose guidance?
a) Ascanius b) the Sibyl c) Dido d) Latinus

