

NATIONAL JUNIOR CLASSICAL LEAGUEGREEK DERIVATIVES2001

Part 1: Tell the meaning of the Greek element from which each English word is derived or partially derived.

- | | | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|-------------|----------------|---------------------|
| 1. scheme | A. have | B. live | C. plan | D. think |
| 2. paralysis | A. walk | B. dissolve | C. pain | D. shrink |
| 3. idolatry | A. god | B. idol | C. worship | D. hired servant |
| 4. crisis | A. decide | B. judge | C. distinguish | D. all of the above |
| 5. pancreas | A. food | B. sugar | C. flesh | D. organ |
| 6. bigamous | A. woman | B. wife | C. marriage | D. crime |
| 7. ephemeral | A. sun | B. time | C. brief | D. day |
| 8. harpy | A. snatch | B. bird | C. monster | D. fly |
| 9. period | A. road | B. sentence | C. mark | D. punctuate |
| 10. parliament | A. speak | B. govern | C. throw | D. flow |
| 11. axiom | A. math | B. science | C. theorize | D. worthy |
| 12. allegory | A. story | B. fantasy | C. tell | D. another |
| 13. eremite | A. forest | B. studious | C. lonely | D. removed |
| 14. epic | A. song | B. verse | C. long | D. word |
| 15. sycophant | A. show | B. fawn | C. long for | D. approve of |
| 16. oxygen | A. sharp | B. clear | C. vital | D. gaseous |
| 17. paprika | A. red | B. pepper | C. herb | D. mint |
| 18. pore | A. pass through | B. hole | C. perforate | D. skin |
| 19. petal | A. spread out | B. leaf | C. elongate | D. round |
| 20. stomate | A. digest | B. mouth | C. bell shaped | D. fat |

Part 2: Tell the meaning of each Greek element.

- | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| 21. <i>pauo</i> | A. to bring to an end | B. to make few |
| | C. to redden | D. to feel |
| 22. <i>kolaphos</i> | A. blow or stroke | B. break or cut |
| | C. grow | D. none of the above |
| 23. <i>gram-</i> | A. write | B. draw |
| | C. both "A" and "B" | D. none of the above |
| 24. <i>lepo</i> | A. disease | B. tear |
| | C. peel | D. burn |
| 25. <i>konos</i> | A. time | B. measure |
| | C. cone | D. reed |
| 26. <i>petra</i> | A. bishop | B. city |
| | C. rock | D. oil |

70. Because they fit together so well, the twins often spoke and acted in perfect ____.
- A. synchronization B. harmony C. disrepute D. hecatombs
71. We heard a sweet ____ coming from the church.
- A. song B. organ C. melody D. lassitude
72. The great novel about World War II had a ____ theme.
- A. pacific B. polemic C. epic D. theological
73. The general was very talented in preparing good military ____.
- A. strategies B. campaigns C. vehicles D. maneuvers
74. The king's favorite herb for seasoning chicken was ____.
- A. rosemary B. oregano C. cilantro D. basil
75. The girl's father considered her tattoo to be a ____ in the eyes of most members of his society.
- A. disgrace B. stigma C. cynosure D. strophe
76. The squirrel's most significant feature is its ____.
- A. eyes B. nose C. tail D. feet
77. Because he loved his fellow man, Andrew Carnegie became a great ____.
- A. misanthrope B. philanthropist C. librarian D. magnate
78. The children found a kitten with one foot missing, so they named it ____.
- A. "Trigger" B. "Triger" C. "Tripod" D. "Tres"
79. The inventor knew that he would first have to make a ____ before he could market his invention.
- A. protoplasm B. prototype C. pseudonym D. polity
80. Because he was in a pitiable situation, Oliver Twist had to live in a ____.
- A. slum B. monastery C. alms house D. orphanage

Part 6: Tell what each word means, refers to, or is associated with.

81. elenctic A. ivory B. flowering C. cross examination
D. capital punishment
82. emetic A. eating B. dying C. vomiting
D. starving
83. elephant A. tooth B. trunk C. ivory
D. size
84. chrysolite A. light B. collection C. gold D. star
85. amethyst A. wine colored B. herbal C. magic D. sea foam
86. apathy A. great concern B. sympathy C. indifference D. value
87. anonymous A. nameless B. formless C. irregular D. faceless
88. hymeneal A. death B. misery C. marriage D. faith
89. hygiene A. health B. life C. height D. breath
90. castor oil A. petroleum B. beaver C. bean D. lion
91. monk *one who lives in* A. a community B. a convent
C. solitude D. poverty
92. nomad *one who* A. raises sheep B. travels C. lives in a tent
D. has strange religious practices

93. apostle *one who has been* A. converted B. sent out
C. baptized D. chosen
94. electricity *originally associated with* A. amber B. water C. light
D. all of the above E. none of the above
95. stentorian A. loud B. aged C. clever D. peaceful
96. syncopated A. irregular B. chopped off C. lengthened D. beaten
97. eulogy *a speech characterized by* A. deceit B. criticism C. praise
D. truth E. none of the above
98. vial A. evil B. hatred C. love D. medicinal
E. none of the above
99. maniac *one who is* A. enraged B. insomniac C. ill D. fearful
100. narcotic *that which brings about* A. sleep B. peace C. numbness
D. addiction E. none of the above

