

- D. French Alps
27. Which of the following did not hinder the movements of the Helvetians?
 A. the Rhone River B. the Euxine Sea C. the Rhine River
 D. the Jural Mountain Range
28. The tallest and smallest of Rome's mountain or hills was the _____.
 A. Aventine B. Capitoline C. Caelian D. Viminal
29. The city located at the mouth of the river which flows through Rome was _____.
 A. Mediolanum B. Brundisium C. Syracuse D. Ostia
30. Troy was located upon the _____ River.
 A. Po B. Nile C. Scamander D. Danube

Section Three: Then and Now: Give the modern name for each ancient name below.

31. *Hispania* A. Spain B. France C. Switzerland D. Tunisia
32. *Gallia* A. France B. Portugal C. Bulgaria D. Wales
33. *Lutetia* A. Cologne B. Paris C. Geneva D. Berlin
34. *Dacia* A. Bulgaria B. Romania C. Numidia D. Iran
35. *Hibernia* A. Ireland B. England C. Scotland D. Wales
36. *Mediolanum* A. Marseilles B. Milan C. Midlothian D. Barcelona
37. *Colchis* A. Cologne B. Georgia C. Brussels D. Munich
38. *Cyrenaica* A. Libya B. Illyria C. Israel D. Jordan
39. *Provincia* A. the northern coast of England B. the French Riviera
 C. the Italian Riviera D. the southern coast of Spain
40. *Mare Nostrum* A. the Black Sea B. the Red Sea
 C. the Mediterranean Sea D. the Adriatic Sea

Section Four: Monuments and Roads Choose the best response for each item.

41. What monument in Rome depicts a menorah?
 A. the Arch of Titus B. Trajan's Column C. the Temple of Hercules
 D. the Arch of Constantine
42. What monument in Rome features three types of columns?
 A. the Temple of Castor and Pollux B. the Colosseum
 C. the Temple of Vesta D. the Temple of Amor and Roma
43. Which of the following roads led eventually to Brundisium?
 A. Via Flaminia B. Via Salaria C. Via Appia D. Via Sacra
44. What road outside Rome is lined with tombs?
 A. Via Sacra B. Via Appia C. Watling Street D. Via Annia
45. Upon what island was there a giant statue of Apollo known as the Colossus?
 A. Cyprus B. Sicily C. Crete D. Rhodes
46. Where was the first mausoleum?
 A. Alexandria B. Cairo C. Olympia D. Halikarnassos
47. Which of the following was originally about forty-three miles long, was one of eleven structures of its type, and has remains that can still be seen?
 A. the *Cloaca Maxima* B. the *Aqua Appia* C. the *Aqua Claudia*
 D. the *Via Aemilia Scauri*
48. On what continent was the largest and most famous library in the ancient world?
 A. the Indian Subcontinent B. Asia Minor C. Africa D. Europe
49. In what location in Rome was the *rostra*?
 A. in the forum B. on the Aventine Hill C. in the Subura
 D. between the Palatine and Aventine Hills
50. Which of the following is a circular temple in Rome?

- A. the Temple of Vesta B. the Temple of Jupiter Stator
 C. the Temple of Venus and Rome D. the Temple of Juno Moneta

Section Five: Maps: Choose the best response for each item. The maps are printed as the last three pages of this test booklet. The letters on the maps proceed roughly clockwise.

The following items refer to Map A.

51. Which of the following would have been located at letter Q on the map?
 A. the Colosseum B. the *rostra* C. the *Campus Martius*
 D. Hadrian's Tomb
52. Letter A indicates the ____.
 A. Tiber River B. Po River C. Via Flaminia D. Via Salaria
53. Which letter indicates *Collis Viminalis*?
 A. F B. L C. S D. M
54. Letter N indicates the ____.
 A. *arx* B. *comitium* C. *rostra* D. *pons Sublicius*
55. Letter I points out the ____.
 A. route to Brundisium B. *Via Appia* C. both A and B
 D. none of the above
56. Letter P indicates a temple. That temple was located ____.
 A. in the forum B. on the Capitoline Hill C. on the Caelian Hill
 D. none of the above
57. The *Via Ostiensis* is indicated by letter ____.
 A. I B. K C. L D. none of the above
58. Letter J indicates the ____ hill.
 A. Esquiline B. Capitoline C. Janiculum D. Quirinal
59. Which letter indicates the *Via Flaminia*?
 A. B B. R C. I D. H
60. Letter D indicates ____.
 A. an aqueduct B. Hadrian's Wall C. the road to Trajan's Column
 D. the *cloaca maxima*
61. To what letter on the map is the Arch of Titus closest?
 A. M B. Q C. J D. E
62. Letter E points out ____.
 A. the *Circus Maximus* B. the Arch of Constantine
 C. the area of Pompey's Theater D. Nero's *Domus Aurea*
63. Letter F indicates ____.
 A. site of the murder of Remus B. first Roman hill to be settled
 C. *Mons Aventinus* D. the area closest to Tiber Island
64. Which is true of the geographical feature labeled K?
 A. It runs through the forum. B. It is the *Via Sacra*
 C. both A and B D. It is the *Aqua Appia*.
65. Which letter indicates the *Curia*?
 A. O B. P C. E D. N

The following questions refer to Map B.

66. Site F locates ____.
 A. *Lutetia* B. *Gades* C. *Massilia* D. *Mediolanum*
67. What is the name of the area marked E?
 A. *Gallia* B. *Baetica* C. *Magna Graecia* D. *Narbonensis*
68. What two areas do the Pyrenees Mountains divide?

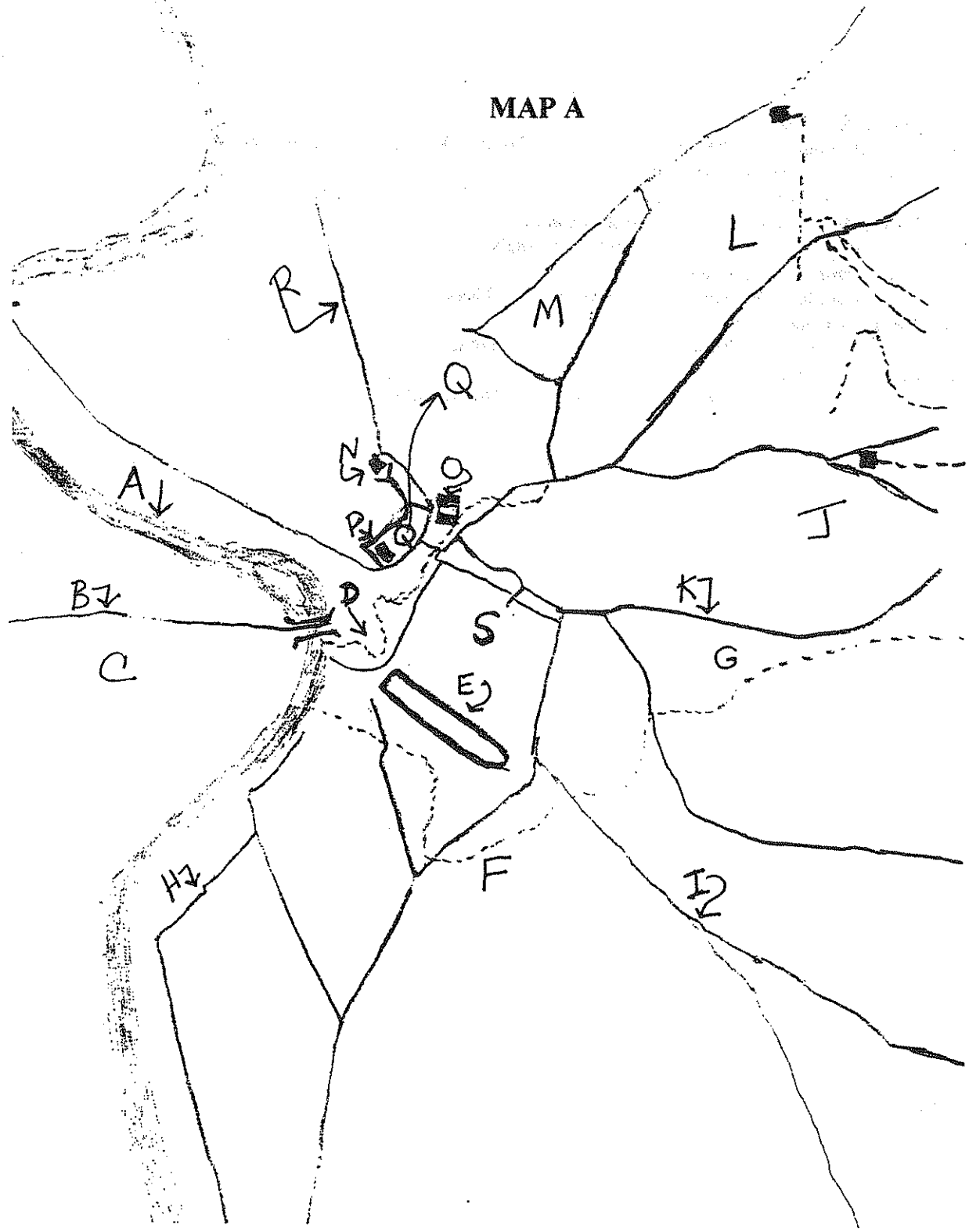
- A. C and D B. D and E C. D and K D. D and I
69. What modern city is at site J?
A. Tarragon B. Cadiz C. Lisbon D. Barcelona
70. In what area was *Aquae Sulis*?
A. A B. B C. D D. C
71. What did the Romans call area A?
A. *Scotia* B. *Hibernia* C. *Helvetia* D. *Carthago*
72. What letter indicates Rome?
A. F B. G C. H D. J
73. What body of water is West of site G?
A. the Adriatic B. the Black Sea C. the Tiber River
D. Lake Geneva
74. Which area is associated with King Ariovistus?
A. D B. C C. K D. H
75. What letter on the map indicates the location closest to Egypt?
A. H B. G C. B D. I
76. Hadrian's Wall was in the territory labeled ____.
A. B B. D C. K D. A
77. The *Matrona* and the *Sequana* flowed through area ____.
A. K B. E C. D D. B
78. The remains of the Flavian Amphitheater are to be found at site ____.
A. J B. A C. F D. G
79. What surrounds area H?
A. the Red Sea B. the Mediterranean Sea C. the Adriatic Sea
D. the Tiber River
80. The Romans called the area in which site J is located ____.
A. *Baetica* B. *Syracusa* C. *Creta* D. *Corsica*

The following items refer to Map C.

81. The *Bosporus* is closest to what site?
A. M B. F C. E D. C
82. Site F indicates ____.
A. Troy B. Sparta C. modern Bulgaria D. modern Romania
83. Site C indicates ____.
A. Cairo B. Byblos C. the site of the Temple of Diana D. Petra
84. Letter H points to ____.
A. an island ruled by King Minos B. an island upon Theseus found the
Labyrinth C. the home of Linear A and Linear B D. all of the above
85. Macedonia was at the site of letter ____.
A. B B. A C. L D. E
86. Which site was closest to the greatest library in the ancient world?
A. D B. I C. C D. F
87. Pylos is indicated on the map by letter ____.
A. F B. J C. G D. I
88. Where is Malta?
A. M B. E C. C D. I
89. Which area is just North of the Aegean Sea?
A. L B. M C. B D. J
90. Which area is just West of the Adriatic Sea?
A. L B. M C. B D. J
91. What city is labeled G?
A. Massilia B. Knossos C. Constantinople D. Tarragona

92. What letter indicates Cyprus?
A. F B. E C. J D. K
93. Which site is home to the Parthenon?
A. K B. J C. E D. A
94. Site F is in or very close to a region called ____.
A. Galatia B. Phrygia C. Illyria D. Numidia
95. Letter B points to ____.
A. Anatolia B. the Black Sea C. the Dardanelles D. none of the above
96. What river does letter A indicate?
A. the Scamander B. the Tiber C. the Danube D. the Marne
97. What is the name of the island closest to point A?
A. Malta B. Cyprus C. Crete D. Sicily
98. Letters J and K are very close to ____.
A. Massilia B. Syria C. Mycenae D. Thebes
99. The item labeled D is in ____.
A. Ethiopia B. Tunisia C. Egypt D. Thrace
100. Letter K indicates ____.
A. Thebes B. Athens C. Rhodes D. Thessalonika

MAP A

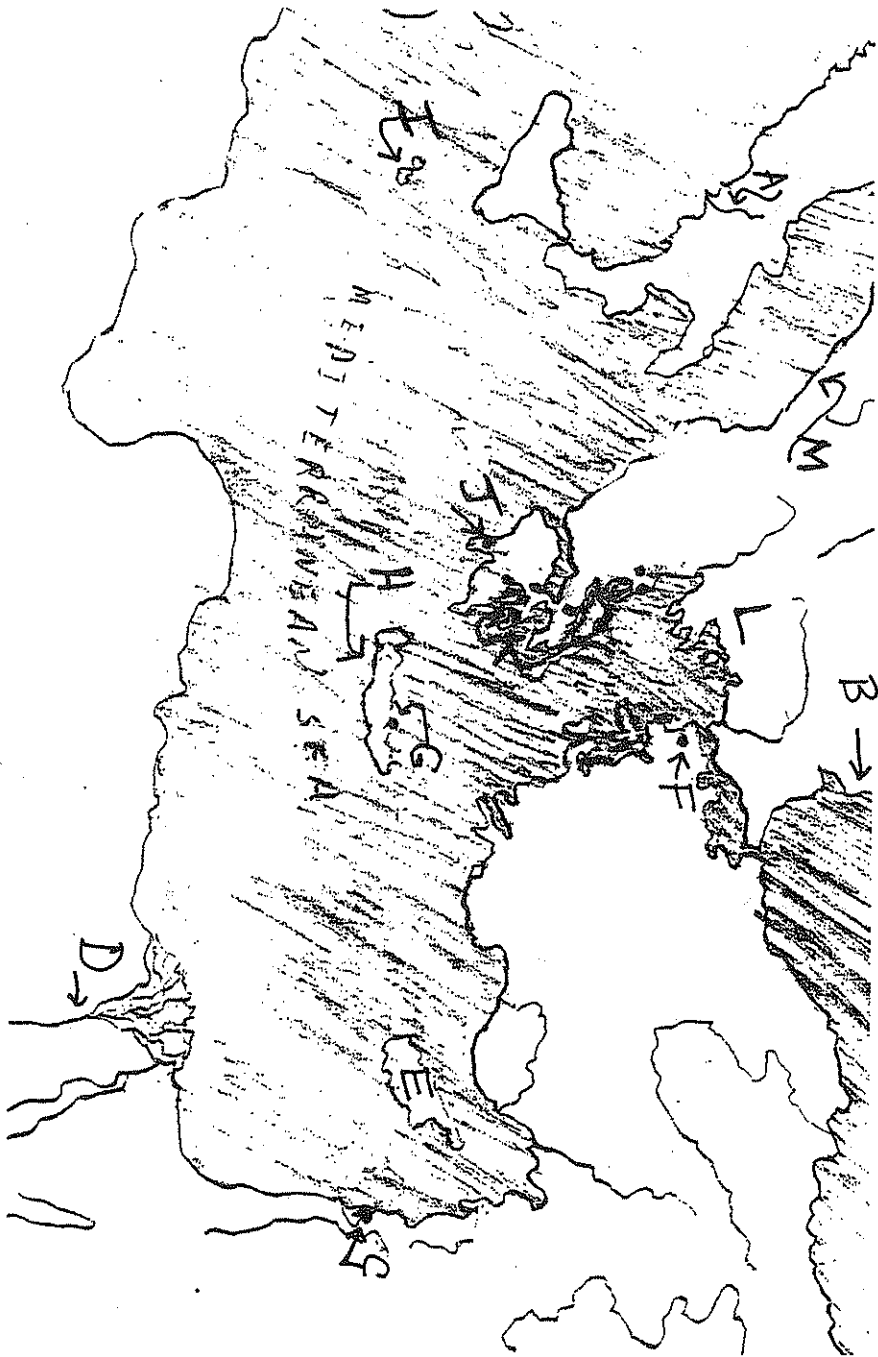


Chris Sanders

MAP B



Chris
Lambert



MAP C

*Chris
Sunder*