

# 1999 TSJCL Latin Literature Exam

Directions: Please choose the best response and mark it on your Scantron answer sheet.

1. What is the name for vellum scraped and then used again?  
a. scroll                      b. papyrus                      c. palimpsest                      d. sudaria
2. What Roman playwright was called a "halved Menander"?  
a. Plautus                      b. Terence                      c. Caecilius Statius                      d. Seneca
3. How many Catilinarian orations did Cicero deliver?  
a. 4                      b. 5                      c. 6                      d. 7
4. Penthisilea was the model for Vergil's ...  
a. Dido                      b. Amata                      c. Lavinia                      d. Camilla
5. Who wrote "homo sum, humani nihil a me alienum puto"?  
a. Terence                      b. Plautus                      c. Cicero                      d. Caesar
6. "Satura tota nostra est" is a quote from ...  
a. Quintilian                      b. Juvenal                      c. Lucilius                      d. Seneca
7. Livy's *Ab Urbe Condita* consists of \_\_\_\_\_ books.  
a. 24                      b. 27                      c. 78                      d. 142
8. Which writer was eldest according to birth date?  
a. Vergil                      b. Lucan                      c. Cicero                      d. Ovid
9. Who wrote *Confessiones* and *De Civitate Dei*?  
a. Jerome                      b. Augustine                      c. Marcus Aurelius                      d. Livius Andronicus
10. *Noctes Atticae* is the work of which author?  
a. Fronto                      b. Ovid                      c. Aulus Gellius                      d. Livius Andronicus
11. *The Metamorphosis* is ...  
a. a book of changes                      b. the story of a man/ donkey                      c. Romanized myths  
d. none of the above
12. Quintilla is the wife of the novus poeta and orator ....  
a. Calvus                      b. Catullus                      c. Cornelius                      d. Cinna
13. This poet served in Brutus' army:  
a. Horace                      b. Juvenal                      c. Tibullus                      d. Vergil
14. Seneca was exiled to ...  
a. Sicily                      b. Tomi                      c. Rhodes                      d. Corsica
15. This author had the cognomen "Arbiter".  
a. Lucan                      b. Petronius                      c. Persius                      d. Juvenal
16. The first subject in Suetonius' *De Vita Caesarum* is ...  
a. Augustus                      b. Vespasian                      c. Nerva                      d. Julius Caesar
17. To whom did Vergil dedicate his fourth eclogue?  
a. Asinius Pollio                      b. Augustus                      c. Maecenas                      d. Cornelius Nepos
18. This author was born in Carthage and said to have come to Rome as a slave.  
a. Terence                      b. Juvenal                      c. Martial                      d. Apuleius

19. In which book of the *Aeneid* does Turnus meet his death?  
a. II                      b. IV                      c. X                      d. XII
20. The familial relationship between Tacitus and Agricola was ...  
a. father and son      b. son- and father-in-law      c. brothers      d. none
21. The reputed author of *Culex* was ...  
a. Ennius                      b. Tacitus                      c. Vergil                      d. Jerome
22. Juvenal, Martial, and Persius are most closely associated with the genre of ...  
a. elegy                      b. epic poetry                      c. satire                      d. history
23. The poet who was exiled to Tomi by Augustus was ...  
a. Seneca                      b. Vergil                      c. Catullus                      d. Ovid
24. The work which was instrumental in getting the author above exiled was ...  
a. *Medea*                      b. *Aeneid*                      c. *Ars Amatoria*                      d. *Amores*
25. Cicero castigated \_\_\_\_\_ in the *Pro Caelio*.  
a. Milo                      b. Clodius                      c. Verres                      d. Marc Antony
26. "Errat, qui finem vesani quaerit amoris:/ verus amor nullum novit habere modum" is a quote from ...  
a. Propertius                      b. Catullus                      c. Petronius                      d. Ovid
27. Lucretius was a follower of which philosophical school?  
a. Academic                      b. Epicurean                      c. Stoic                      d. Cynic
28. Tibullus was a Roman writer most closely associated with ...  
a. history                      b. satire                      c. love elegy                      d. oratory
29. The writer who began a poem "odi et amo ..." was ...  
a. Ovid                      b. Horace                      c. Vergil                      d. Catullus
30. Vitruvius was an Augustan author who wrote chiefly about ...  
a. architecture                      b. poetry                      c. fishing                      d. farming
31. Cicero established his oratorical brilliance with his speeches against ...  
a. Milo                      b. Caelius                      c. Marc Antony                      d. Verres
32. The author who corresponded with Trajan concerning the Christians was ...  
a. Persius                      b. Pliny Minor                      c. Ovid                      d. Cato
33. The rhetorical figure best illustrated in the following quote is ...  
"et pacis ornamenta et subsidia belli requiretis"  
a. anaphora                      b. metaphor                      c. chiasmus                      d. synecdoche
34. Which book of the *Aeneid* contains the quote in question #33 is:  
a. IV                      b. VI                      c. I                      d. II
35. Which Roman poet wrote such works as *Catalepton* and *Moretam*?  
a. Plautus                      b. Vergil                      c. Catullus                      d. Ovid
36. The metrical scheme of the *Amores* is ...  
a. elegaic couplet      b. hendecasyllabic      c. dactylic hexameter      d. sapphic strophe

37. The work and author of the history of the reigns of Tiberius, Caligula, Claudius, and Nero are ...  
 a. Livy, *ab Urbe Condita*    b. Eutropius, *Breviarium ab Urbe Condita*  
 c. Tacitus, *Agricola*    d. Tacitus, *Annales*
38. Catullus' *epithalimia* are songs about ...  
 a. marriage    b. friendship    c. history    d. social customs
39. The literary patron of Horace was ...  
 a. Scipio    b. Nero    c. Vergil    d. Maecenas
40. In his *Odes*, Horace refers to himself as the Roman ...  
 a. Sappho    b. Homer    c. Alcaeus    d. Callimachus
41. Which was the author of the *Phormio*, *Eunuchus*, and *Adelphoe*?  
 a. Seneca    b. Terence    c. Petronius    d. Plautus
42. The author of the *Bellum Jugurthae* was ...  
 a. Sallust    b. Frontinus    c. Hortensius    d. Jerome
43. Statius composed a poem on the death of his friend's ...  
 a. sparrow    b. parrot    c. canary    d. child
44. Which poet composed epodes about his feelings at the time of the Battle of Actium?  
 a. Vergil    b. Catullus    c. Ovid    d. Horace
45. This historian and biographer wrote a universal history in 3 volumes entitled *Chronica*:  
 a. Suetonius    b. Tacitus    c. Sallust    d. Cornelius Nepos
46. The Jewish historian who wrote *Bellum Iudaicum* was ...  
 a. Jerome    b. Josephus    c. Juvenal    d. Augustine
47. Which of these writers began one of his poems describing the four ages of man?  
 a. Ovid    b. Martial    c. Horace    d. Varro
48. Which one of the following did NOT enjoy the patronage of Maecenas?  
 a. Propertius    b. Varius    c. Persius    d. Vergil
49. A nephew of Ennius, he was regarded by Cicero as the greatest of Roman tragedians.  
 a. Pacuvius    b. Accius    c. Caecilius    d. Naevius
50. The Greek author who was the influence for *Somnium Scipionis* was ...  
 a. Homer    b. Plato    c. Euripides    d. Sappho
51. The author of the epic poem *Bellum Civile* was ...  
 a. Julius Caesar    b. Lucan    c. Sallust    d. Livy
52. The Alexandrian poet who had a tremendous influence on the works of Catullus was ...  
 a. Alcaeus    b. Hipponax    c. Callimachus    d. Sappho
53. In what work of Vergil do two shepherds celebrate the deification of Daphis?  
 a. *Ciris*    b. *Eclogues*    c. *Georgics*    d. *Aeneid*
54. This deity is sent to release the spirit of Dido in the *Aeneid*.  
 a. Hebe    b. Iris    c. Venus    d. Mercury
55. What literary device does "nec minimo naso" illustrate?  
 a. zeugma    b. anaphora    c. oxymoron    d. litotes

56. "Quos ego sed motos praestat componere fluctus" illustrates what literary device?  
 a. chiasmus      b. zeugma      c. synechdoche      d. aposiopesis
57. "Saevae memorem Junonis ob iram" illustrates what literary device?  
 a. synechdoche      b. synesis      c. synchysis      d. hysteron-proteron
58. Who is the originator of satire?  
 a. Persius      b. Lucilius      c. Quintilian      d. Cato
59. In what meter is Catullus 51 written?  
 a. dactylic hexameter      b. sapphic strophe      c. elegaic couplet      d. hendecasyllabic
60. In what meter is Catullus 62 written?  
 a. dactylic hexameter      b. sapphic strophe      c. elegaic couplet      d. hendecasyllabic
61. Who wrote "O Tite tute Tati tibi tanta, tyranne, tulisti ...?"  
 a. Livius Andronicus      b. Gnaeus Naevius      c. Ennius      d. Pacuvius
62. Which is not a play by Terence?  
 a. *Hecyra*      b. *Cistellaria*      c. *Adelphoe*      d. *Eunuchus*
63. When looking up information on aqueducts or military strategy, whose work would one consult?  
 a. Strabo      b. Quintilian      c. Vitruvius      d. Frontinus
64. Where was Livy born?  
 a. Sulmo      b. Tusculum      c. Sarsina      d. Patavium
65. Where was Catullus born?  
 a. Verona      b. Rome      c. Mantua      d. Veii
66. Who is the author of *De Raptu Proserpinae* and was the imperial court poet under Honorius?  
 a. Seneca      b. Claudian      c. Tertullian      d. Ennius

For the next 4 questions, match the Latin author to his paramour.

67. Catullus      a. Cynthia  
 68. Propertius      b. Lycoris  
 69. Tibullus      c. Lesbia  
 70. Cornelius Gallus      d. Delia

**TIE-BREAKERS:** The answers to the following questions will be graded and scored only to break ties. Be sure to put your answers in the slots for #96 - 100.

96. In the *Aeneid*, which of these characters dies first?  
 a. Palinurus      b. Mezentius      c. Camilla      d. Pallas
97. Which of these authors did not die at or near Rome?  
 a. Catullus      b. Vergil      c. Caesar      d. Ennius
98. Which of the following is not the subject of a Catullus poem?  
 a. a sparrow      b. a stolen napkin      c. a non-existent dinner      d. garlic
99. A Stoic philosopher who wrote drama was ...  
 a. Seneca      b. Lucan      c. Pliny Major      d. Cato
100. The author of the *Tristia* ...  
 a. was born at Sulmo      b. committed suicide at Nero's command  
 c. catalogued the history of Rome      d. often corresponded with Trajan