

West Virginia Junior Classical League
Mythology, 1998

Items 71-75 will be scored only to break ties.

1. The mother of Cupid was ____.
A. Juno B. Vesta C. Venus D. Minerva E. Iris
2. The father of Eros was ____.
A. Ares B. Zeus C. Hephaestus D. Poseidon E. Hades
3. What Greek warrior died when he was wounded in the heel?
A. Agamemnon B. Orestes C. Achilles D. Patroclus E. Creon
4. Who helped her husband to achieve his goal by instructing some women to cut up their father?
A. Medea B. Cassandra C. Leander D. Ariadne E. Hecuba
5. The Roman king and father of the gods was ____.
A. Zeus B. Hades C. Mars D. Jupiter E. Neptune
6. Neptune's symbol was ____.
A. a helmet B. a sail boat C. a trident D. a bident E. a sea shell
7. ____ killed his father and married his mother.
A. Jason B. Theseus C. Oedipus D. Hero E. Hector
8. The mother of Hector was ____.
A. Hecuba B. Cassandra C. Andromache D. Hippolyta E. Helena
9. Aeneas was the son of ____.
A. Hecuba and Priam B. Hector and Andromache C. Venus and Mars
D. Venus and Anchises E. Venus and Agamemnon
10. Aeneas' wife was ____.
A. Hecuba B. Helen of Troy C. Andromache D. Creusa E. Glauce
11. The daughter of Creon whom Jason was to marry was ____.
A. Glauce/Creusa B. Ariadne C. Medea D. Iris E. Dido/Elissa
12. The mother of Romulus and Remus was ____.
A. Julia B. Tullia Major C. Venus D. Rhea Silvia E. Cornelia
13. Zeus' bird was the ____.
A. eagle B. hawk C. peacock D. swan E. vulture
14. The girl turned into a white cow was ____.
A. Iris B. Persephone C. Andromache D. Cassandra E. Io
15. Which one of the following was turned into a spider?
A. Arachne B. Philomel C. Procne D. Daphne E. Leander
16. Which of the following was a prophet or prophetess?
A. Helenus B. Cassandra C. Tiresias D. the Cumaean Sibyl E. all of the above
17. The Minotaur was half man and half ____.
A. goat B. bull C. lion D. horse E. monkey
18. The Minotaur lived on the island of ____.
A. Crete B. Cyprus C. Sicily D. Sardinia E. Rhodes

19. The messenger of the Greek gods was ____.
A. Hermes B. Mercury C. Zeus D. Ganymede E. Hades
20. The god known as the "earth shaker" was ____.
A. Zeus B. Poseidon C. Hades D. Apollo E. Ares
21. In the very beginning, there was ____.
A. the sun B. the moon C. night D. day E. chaos
22. The only ugly or deformed deity was ____.
A. Venus B. Vulcan C. Mars D. Jupiter E. Vesta
23. The mother of the god mentioned in #22 above was ____.
A. Ceres B. Juno C. Io D. Danae E. Minerva
24. The first labor of Hercules was ____.
A. to kill the hydra B. to bring Cerberus to the light C. to cleanse the Augean stables
D. to kill the Nemean lion E. to sow dragon's teeth
25. ____ was kidnaped by Zeus in the form of a bull.
A. Europa B. Danae C. Io D. Hera E. Mnemosyne
26. Cassandra was cursed by ____.
A. Zeus B. Hades C. Apollo D. Venus E. Hestia
27. The curse of Cassandra was ____.
A. that she would never be able to bear a child
B. that she would always give accurate prophecy that would never be believed
C. that she would become blind and deaf before her death
D. that she would outlive all her children
E. that she would lose her gifts of prophecy
28. Mars' animal was the ____.
A. goat B. dog C. tiger D. lion E. fox
29. Ganymede replaced ____ as cupbearer of the gods.
A. Hebe B. Aphrodite C. Eros D. Iris E. Hermes
30. In Book Four of the *Aeneid*, who comes down to take a lock of Dido's hair?
A. Mercurius B. Neptunus C. Iris D. Anna E. Demeter
31. The Roman goddess of Grain was ____.
A. Ceres B. Diana C. Demeter D. Hestia E. Proserpina
32. The Roman goddess of fruit was ____.
A. Pales B. Rhea Silvia C. Proserpina D. Ceres E. Pomona
33. Who drove his father's chariot too close to the sun?
A. Icarus B. Daedalus C. Phaeton D. Apollo E. Ascanius
34. Leander swam the Hellespont out of love for ____.
A. Hero B. Dido C. Hera D. Hebe E. Procne
35. Which of the following was a centaur?
A. Charon B. Chiron C. Polyphemus D. Acis E. Attis
36. The River of Forgetfulness in the underworld was the ____.
A. Lethe B. Phlegathon C. Styx D. Scamander E. Proteus
37. Which of the following was a judge in the underworld?
A. Minos B. Priam C. Oedipus D. Tiresias E. Cassandra
38. The mother of Helen of Troy was ____.
A. Latona B. Leto C. Leda D. Io E. Hera

39. Alecto, Tisiphone and Megaera were ____.
- A. the Furies B. born of the blood of Uranus C. attendants of Proserpina
D. those who punished the crimes of those who had escaped public justice
E. all of the above
40. Hera turned Callisto into a ____.
- A. cat B. leopard C. lioness D. bear E. cow
41. Orpheus was a great ____.
- A. musician B. warrior C. athlete D. general E. writer
42. The mother of Orpheus was ____.
- A. Clio B. Terpsichore C. Aglaia D. Calliope E. Demeter
43. Homer called ____ "the fair-ankled daughter of Evenus."
- A. Marpessa B. Camilla C. Helen D. Leda E. Cassandra
44. Daphne was turned into a ____.
- A. sunflower B. river C. oak tree D. mulberry tree E. laurel tree
45. The youngest of the Greek gods was ____.
- A. Dionysus B. Ares C. Poseidon D. Cronos E. Oceanus
46. Whose name means "all gifts"?
- A. Hera's B. Pandora's C. Prometheus' D. Epimetheus' E. Cassandra's
47. There were ____ muses.
- A. five B. three C. seven D. nine E. twelve
48. Who was consumed to ashes because she demanded to see Zeus as Hera saw him?
- A. Danae B. Cybele C. Semele D. Io E. Europa
49. Europa was the ____ of the judges of the underworld.
- A. sister B. aunt C. cousin D. mother E. grandmother
50. According to Ovid, turned into an oak tree and a linden tree were ____.
- A. Acis and Galatea B. Polyphemus and Galatea C. Philemon and Baucis
D. Leander and Hero E. Orpheus and Eurydice
51. Whom does Ovid describe here: "and except that his face was blue, he was ____."?
- A. Acis B. Baucis C. Polyphemus D. Nereus E. Proteus
52. Jupiter imprisoned the giants ____.
- A. on Mt. Aetna B. at Lake Avernus C. in northern Italy D. on Crete
E. near what is now Naples
53. The home of the Gods was ____.
- A. Tartarus B. the Elysian Fields C. Mt. Olympus D. the Atlas Mountains
E. Athens
54. A ____ predicted that Aeneas and his men would eat their tables.
- A. Fury B. Fate C. Harpy D. Maenad E. Dryad
55. Glaucus, a son of Sisyphus, was a deity of the ____.
- A. air B. mountains C. cave of the winds D. sea E. underworld
56. The mother of the Nereids was ____.
- A. Diana B. Leto C. Latona D. Europa E. Doris
57. The life and fortune of ____ depended upon a lock of purple hair.
- A. Nessus B. Hercules C. Atlas D. Acis E. Nisus

58. The daughter of the man in #57 above ____.
- A. betrayed her father to Minos II of Crete
 - B. fell in love with Minos II of Crete
 - C. gave the purple lock of hair to her lover
 - D. was named Scylla
 - E. all of the above
59. The founder of Athens was ____.
- A. Cadmus B. Atreus C. Cecrops D. Erectheus E. Prometheus
60. The gift of Athena to the Athenians was ____.
- A. great wisdom B. the olive tree C. the horse D. a good supply of water
 - E. gold
61. Who named Aphrodite as the fairest?
- A. Paris B. Hector C. Achilles D. Hector E. Hecuba
62. What was her reward for being named the fairest?
- A. a golden crown B. an apple C. a wreath D. a book E. a lyre
63. The goddess of handicrafts and warfare was, among the Romans, ____.
- A. Juno B. Minerva C. Ceres D. Arachne E. Venus
64. Before his birth, the mother of ____ had placed a sword and some shoes under a rock.
- A. Theseus B. Pelops C. Aegeus D. Phaeton E. Hercules
65. Who tied travelers to an iron bed?
- A. Oedipus B. Procrustes C. Milo D. Philemon E. Polyphemus
66. Who said he was no man and soon thereafter blinded a cyclops?
- A. Odysseus B. Aeneas C. Hephaestus D. Acis E. Aetees
67. Who designed the labyrinth?
- A. Icarus B. Minos C. Pasiphae D. Daedalus E. Phaeton
68. Who defied Creon to bury her brother?
- A. Jocasta B. Ismene C. Antigone D. Scylla E. Glauce
69. The grandfather of Peleus was ____.
- A. Jupiter B. Mars C. Neptune D. Bacchus E. Vulcan
70. The mother of Achilles was ____.
- A. Thetis B. Hecuba C. Pandora D. Penelope E. Aphrodite

Tie-Breakers: The following items will be scored only to break ties.

71. The name of Odysseus' dog was ____.
- A. Argos B. Telemachus C. Achates D. Patroclus E. Eurycleia
72. Atlanta was turned into a ____.
- A. lioness B. leopard C. bee D. river E. star
73. Polynices gave the necklace of ____ to Eriphyle.
- A. Jocasta B. Clytie C. Antigone D. Harmonia E. Eris
74. ____ rescued Iphigenia from being sacrificed.
- A. Hera B. Calchas C. Achilles D. Agamemnon E. Diana
75. Ulysses sailed immediately or directly to his homeland ____ from ____.
- A. Ithaca . . . Troy B. Ithaca . . . the island of Calypso C. Troy . . . Phaecia
 - D. Ithaca . . . Phaecia E. Ithaca . . . the island of Circe