

1996 Roman History Test

- 1) The Chalcolithic Age is also known as the
 - A. Copper Age
 - B. Bronze Age
 - C. Tin Age
 - D. Iron Age

- 2) The Bronze Age culture which practiced underground burial, was semi-nomadic and pastoral, and lacked the metal working skill of the other main Italian Bronze Age Culture was the
 - A. terra marna
 - B. Apennine
 - C. Ausonian
 - D. palafitte

- 3) Which statement is not true of Villanovan culture?
 - A. It showed much influence from trade with Mycenae.
 - B. Villanovans cremated their dead and buried the ashes in urns, often shaped like huts.
 - C. It was an Iron Age culture.
 - D. It had two centers, one around Bologna and one in Tuscany and Northern Latium.

- 4) Herodotus wrote that the Etruscans were of what origin?
 - A. Lydian
 - B. Phoenician
 - C. Egyptian
 - D. Mycenaean

- 5) Mastarna is another name for
 - A. Remus
 - B. Servius Tullius
 - C. Ancus Martius
 - D. Romulus

- 6) The Janiculum Hill was brought into Rome by
 - A. Ancus Martius
 - B. Tullus Hostilius
 - C. Servius Tullius
 - D. Tarquinius Priscus

- 7) Which of these is not associated by legend with Numa?
 - A. Reform of the calendar.
 - B. Establishment of the Vestal Virgins.
 - C. Building the Temple of Diana on the Aventine.
 - D. Establishment of the flamines and pontifices.

- 8) Lucretia was the wife of
 - A. Lucius Junius Brutus
 - B. Sextus Tarquinius
 - C. Collatinus
 - D. Servius Tullius

- 16) This gens was almost wiped out at the Cremera by the army of Veii.
A. Julii
B. Fabii
C. Metelli
D. Aemilii
- 17) At the Allia river the Romans were defeated by the
A. Gauls
B. Etruscans
C. Sabines
D. Volscians
- 18) The lex Poetelia was a major change in Roman law dealing with this issue.
A. Voting rights
B. Debt relief
C. Constitutional reform
D. Provincial government
- 19) In 315 B.C. the Samnites inflicted a crushing defeat on the Romans at
A. Mount Algidus
B. Caudine Forks
C. Sentinum
D. Lautulae
- 20) The Romans were drawn into conflict with the Samnites over
A. Lucania
B. Apulia
C. Campania
D. Picenum
- 21) Intermarriage between plebians and patricians was made legal by the
A. lex Licinia
B. the Twelve Tables
C. lex Canuleia
D. lex Ovinia
- 22) Which battle was not fought between Pyrrhus and the Romans.
A. Camerinum
B. Asculum
C. Beneventum
D. Heraclea

- 31) The decisive battle of the Third Macedonian War was
- A. Cynoscephalae
 - B. Phillipi
 - C. Pydna
 - D. Orchomenus
- 32) Lucius Mummius was the Roman commander at the destruction of
- A. Carthage
 - B. Numantia
 - C. Corinth
 - D. Masada
- 33) Cato the Elder and Tiberius Gracchus the Elder distinguished themselves as honest and fair governors here.
- A. Macedonia
 - B. Asia
 - C. Spain
 - D. Sicily
- 34) Viriathus led this people in a revolt against Rome.
- A. Lusitanians
 - B. Aquatinians
 - C. Senonians
 - D. Numidians
- 35) The Roman commander at Cannae was
- A. Gaius Flaminius
 - B. Sempronius Longus
 - C. Terentius Varro
 - D. Gnaeus Scipio
- 36) The general who frustrated Hannibal by refusing formal battle and attempting to wear him down was
- A. Marcus Marcellus
 - B. Quintus Fabius
 - C. Claudius Nero
 - D. L. Aemilius Paullus
- 37) The only major Italian city to defect from Rome to Hannibal was
- A. Tarentum
 - B. Naples
 - C. Capua
 - D. Brundisium
- 38) Which statement is not true of the battle of the Metaurus River?
- A. It was Marcellus' last victory.
 - B. It was fought in the year 207 B.C.
 - C. It was the site of Hasdrubal's death.
 - D. It was the end of Hannibal's last hope of winning the war in Italy.

- 47) Which was not part of Gaius Gracchus' reforms?
- A. Replacing equestrians with senators on juries that heard cases of misconduct by provincial governors.
 - B. Relocate much of the urban populus to a series of new colonies in Italy and abroad.
 - C. Fix the price of corn just below cost to aid the urban poor.
 - D. Full citizenship for some Italians now, with the long-range idea to enfranchise most Italians.
- 48) The murder of this Roman led to the outbreak of the Social War.
- A. Saturninus
 - B. Livius Drusus the Younger
 - C. Scipio Aemilianus
 - D. Glaucia
- 49) The Social War was effectively ended by this law which extended citizenship to those who put down their arms.
- A. lex Julia
 - B. lex Cornelia
 - C. lex Pompeia
 - D. lex Vatinia
- 50) Sulla defeated Mithradates' general, Archelaus, twice in Greece at Chaeroneia and at
- A. Pydna
 - B. Thermopylae
 - C. Orchomenus
 - D. Phillipi
- 51) Sulla's victory at the Colline Gate was made possible by the efforts of this officer on his staff.
- A. Caesar
 - B. Crassus
 - C. Pompey
 - D. Lucullus
- 52) The capital of the Italian Confederation was what city?
- A. Beneventum
 - B. Corfinium
 - C. Fregellae
 - D. Capua
- 53) Which was not part of Sulla's constitutional reform?
- A. He abolished the tribunes' right of veto.
 - B. He made it an act of treason for a provincial governor to make war outside his province without approval from Rome.
 - C. He removed Equestrians from the juries for the quaestios, replacing them with members of the Senate.
 - D. He reformed the rules of the cursus honorum.

- 61) In which year was Caesar not consul?
A. 59 B.C.
B. 47 B.C.
C. 46 B.C.
D. 45 B.C.
- 62) Caesar defeated Juba and the forces loyal to Pompey at
A. Thapsus
B. Munda
C. Ilerda
D. Utica
- 63) The Veneti were defeated by this legatus of Caesar.
A. Publius Crassus
B. Decimus Brutus
C. Titus Labienus
D. Marcus Antonius
- 64) Octavian was one of the leaders of the army that forced Antonius to give up his seige of
A. Cremona
B. Pavia
C. Mutina
D. Ravenna
- 65) Agrippa defeats the fleets of Antonius and Cleopatra at Actium in
A. 31 B.C.
B. 27 B.C.
C. 36 B.C.
D. 29 B.C.
- 66) Maecenas concluded a treaty between Antonius and Octavian at this city.
A. Syracuse
B. Brundisium
C. Perusia
D. Tarsus
- 67) In 52 B.C. Caesar was almost disasterously defeated at this city.
A. Bibracte
B. Gergovia
C. Avaricum
D. Uxellodunum
- 68) In his constitutional settlement of 23 B.C., Augustus based his authority on all of the following except
A. a maius imperium over the army.
B. his tribunican powers.
C. the right to nominate candidates for offices.
D. his role as Pontifex Maximus.

- 77) The revolt of the Jews under Simon Bar- Cochbar occurred in the reign of
A. Hadrian
B. Nero
C. Domitian
D. Trajan
- 78) Marcus Aurelius' great Eastern general and eventual rival was
A. Lucius Verus
B. Suetonius Paullus
C. Cn. Domitius Corbulo
D. Avidius Cassius
- 79) Decebalus was the king of
A. Arabia Petraea
B. Mauretania
C. Armenia
D. Dacia
- 80) Odaenathus defeats Quietus, the son of Macrinus, for this Emperor
A. Philip the Arab
B. Gallienus
C. Septimus Severus
D. Aurelian
- 81) The Imperium Galliarum was established by C. Latinus Postumus and destroyed by
A. Aurelian
B. Claudius Gothicus
C. Gallienus
D. Gordian
- 82) ' Manu ad ferrum ' was the nickname of
A) Maximinius
B. Tiberius
C. Sulla
D. Aurelian
- 83) Diocletian built a magnificent palace for his retirement at
A. Ravenna
B. Split
C. Gallienus
D. Aurelian
- 84) Lucius Verus, who co- ruled with Marcus Aurelius, dies in
A. A.D. 169
B. A.D. 161
C. A.D. 180
D. A.D. 151

- 92) The Emperor Orestes was murdered by
A. Furius Timesitheus
B. Vortigern
C. Alaric
D. Odoacer
- 93) Constantine executed his oldest son
A. Diocles
B. Crispus
C. Iovius
D. Constans
- 94) The wife of Constantine was
A. Fausta
B. Monica
C. Julia
D. Bernice
- 95) The Council of Nicaea was called in A.D. 325 to deal with the schism in the Church.
A. Monophysitism
B. Manichaeism
C. Arianism
D. Donatism
- 96) The Great Persecution of the Christians that began in A.D. 303 was ended by a decree of this Emperor.
A. Maxentius
B. Galerius
C. Diocletian
D. Constantine
- 97) This Emperor permanently added the Babylonian deity, Sol Invictus, to the official Roman Pantheon.
A. Aurelian
B. Julian
C. Septimus Severus
D. Elagabalus
- 98) In A.D. 455 Rome was sacked by
A. Odoacer
B. Atilla
C. Alaric
D. Gaiseric
- 99) When the Empire was effectively partitioned in A.D. 395, which statement was true?
A. Valens received the Eastern provinces.
B. Honorius received the Western provinces.
C. Valentinian received the Eastern provinces.
D. Valerian received the Western provinces.