

1994 TSJCL PENTATHLON TEST

DIRECTIONS: Mark the letter of the correct answer on your scantron sheet.

VOCABULARY: Choose the word which does not belong in each list

1. A. flumen B. pontus C. lacus D. caelum E. amnis
2. A. cor B. arma C. pes D. digitus E. caput
3. A. secundus B. idoneus C. benignus D. commodus E. iniquus
4. A. quercus B. pinus C. ulmus D. fiscus E. morum
5. A. amitto B. eligo C. carpo D. avello E. decerpo

DERIVATIVES: Choose the word which does not share the same Latin root

6. A. devotion B. vote C. vow D. devout E. vowel
7. A. venerate B. adventure C. event D. souvenir E. intervene
8. A. lecture B. legible C. negligent D. obligate E. elect
9. A. infer B. translate C. elation D. latent E. odoriferous
10. A. capital B. capitol C. captivate D. decapitate E. captain

GRAMMAR: Choose the correct word to complete each sentence.

11. Milites ad oppidum _____ erant.
A. missi B. missae C. missum D. missa
12. Marcus _____ altior erat.
A. soror B. sororis C. sorore D. sororem
13. Tarquinius _____ expulsus est.
A. Bruto B. a Bruto C. Brutum D. e Bruto
14. Pater dixit virum malum _____.
A. est B. erat C. fuisset D. esse
15. Da _____ librum, Juli.
A. ego B. mei C. mihi D. me
16. Femina _____ Jupiter amat in periculo saepe est.
A. qui B. quae C. qua D. quam
17. Conveniebamus ut pacem _____.
A. petere B. petamus C. peteremus D. petimus
18. Oppidum _____ oppugnandum est.
A. exercitus B. exercitui C. exercitu D. ab exercitu
19. Circus Maximus _____ erat.
A. Roma B. in Roma C. Romae D. Roman
20. _____, Marce, semper utere.
A. caput B. capita C. capite D. capitis

MYTHOLOGY, HISTORY, LIFE, LITERATURE, ETC.: Indicate the answer which correctly completes each statement.

21. Which was not a sister of Jupiter?
A. Venus B. Vesta C. Juno D. Diana
22. The dead were ferried across the Styx by
A. Cronus B. Chiron C. Charon D. Cerberus
23. Golden apples play a part in all of the following except
A. Eris's revenge at a wedding B. The eleventh Herculean labor
C. Jupiter's seduction of Europa D. Race between Hippomenes and Atalanta
24. Aeneas's faithful friend was
A. Ascanius B. Anchises C. Turnus D. Achates
25. Who was the wife whose name became synonymous with fidelity to a husband?
A. Dido B. Penelope C. Clytemnestra D. Medea
26. Icarus was to Daedalus as Iphicles was to
A. Heracles B. Amphitryon C. Jupiter D. Eurytheus
27. Clotho, Lachesis, and Atropos are members of a group called the
A. Fates B. Furies C. Graces D. Muses
28. Which Olympian was distinguished in Roman legend as the father of Romulus and Remus?
A. Apollo B. Jupiter C. Bacchus D. Mars
29. What is the traditional date for the founding of Rome?
A. 509 B.C. B. 573 B.C. C. 753 B.C. D. 27 B.C.
30. Who was the last of the seven kings of Rome?
A. Romulus B. Numa Pompilius C. Tarquinius Superbus D. Ancus Marcius
31. All of the following were enemies of Rome except
A. Hannibal B. Scipio Africanus C. Pyrrhus D. Mithradates

12

32. "Veni, vidi, vici" was said by Julius Caesar when he
 A. left Gaul after seven years B. defeated Pompey and his sons
 C. defeated Pharnaces, king of Pontus D. was made dictator for life
33. To sail to Greece, a Roman would travel south on the Via Appia to
 A. Cumae B. Ostia C. Brundisium D. Syracuse
34. Mt. Etna, the mythical workshop of Vulcan, is situated in
 A. Italy B. Greece C. Crete D. Sicily
35. All of the following are famous ruins found within the Roman Forum except
 A. Temple of Vesta B. Pantheon C. Temple of Castor and Pollux
 D. Arch of Titus
36. What would a Roman most likely be doing in the "cubiculum"?
 A. eating B. sleeping C. reading D. shopping
37. All of the following are parts of a Roman's defensive armor except
 A. galea B. lorica C. scutum D. caligae
38. With what genre is the author Livy associated?
 A. poetry B. history C. letters D. plays
39. Which of the following does not appear on a one-dollar bill?
 A. Iustitia omnibus B. Annuit coeptis
 C. E pluribus unum D. Novus ordo seclorum
40. What is the meaning of the commonly used Latin abbreviation e.g.?
 A. that is B. for example C. and others D. as above

READING COMPREHENSION: Read the selection and answer the questions based on the reading.

Dictator contra Veios missus est Furius Camillus, qui primum eos acie vicit, mox etiam civitatem diu obsidens cepit, antiquissimam Italiae atque ditissimam. Sed commota est ei invidia, quod praedam male divisisset, damnatusque ob eam causam et expulsus civitate. deinde Galli Senones ad urbem venerunt et victos Romanos apud flumen Alliam secuti etiam urbem occupaverunt. Neque quicquam defendi potuit nisi Capitolium; quod cum diu obsedissent et iam Romani fame laborarent, Camillus, qui in vicina civitate exsulabat, supervenit et Gallos gravissime vicit. Postea tamen, accepto auro ne Capitolium obsiderent, Galli recesserunt; sed Camillus eos secutus ita cecidit ut et aurum, quod his datum erat, et omnia, quae ceperant, militaria signa revocaret. Ita triumphans urbem ingressus est et appellatus secundus Romulus, quasi et ipse patriae conditor.

(acies - battle line; praeda - loot; obsideo - besiege; conditor - founder)

41. The first sentence refers to
 A. a battle and a siege B. only a battle C. only a siege
 D. neither a battle or siege, only a desperate escape.
42. Who or what was very old and very rich?
 A. Camillus B. the Veii nation C. Italy D. the dictator
43. Camillus was sent into exile for his actions
 A. before the conflict B. during the conflict
 C. after the conflict D. all of the above
44. While Camillus was in exile, who attacked whom?
 A. Gauls attacked Romans B. Gauls attacked Veii
 C. Victorious Romans attacked Gauls D. Allia attacked the city
45. Which of the following best describes the Capitoline as mentioned in line 7?
 A. place of worship B. high point of Rome
 C. place of great slaughter D. last hope of survival
46. In lines 7-9, the Romans are pictured as
 A. famous B. serious C. hard working D. starving
47. Gold was
 A. seized by the Gauls B. discovered on the Capitoline
 C. given as a bribe to the Gauls D. given as a bribe to Camillus
48. By the end of the passage who had the gold?
 A. Veii B. Gauls C. Camillus D. Romulus
49. Where is Camillus at the end of the passage?
 A. in exile B. being honored in the city C. founding his own new country
 with recovered gold D. buried, having died
50. This passage would best be titled
 A. Money is the Root of All Evil B. Once a Hero, Always a Hero
 C. Oh, How the Mighty Have Fallen D. Honor Regained